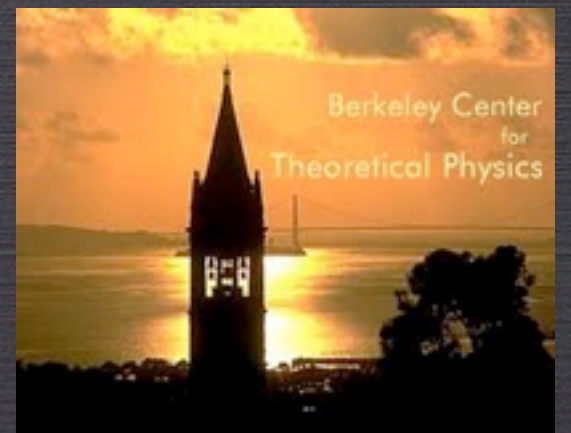
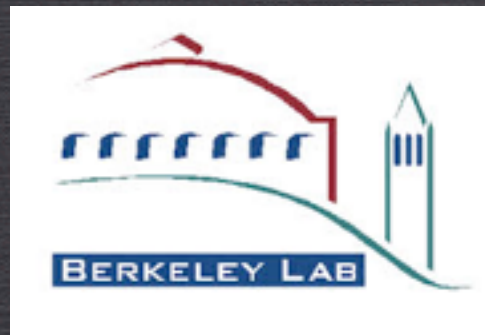


# COSMIC CLUES FOR DARK MATTER

DIRECT, INDIRECT AND LHC DETECTION UPDATE

KATHRYN M. ZUREK

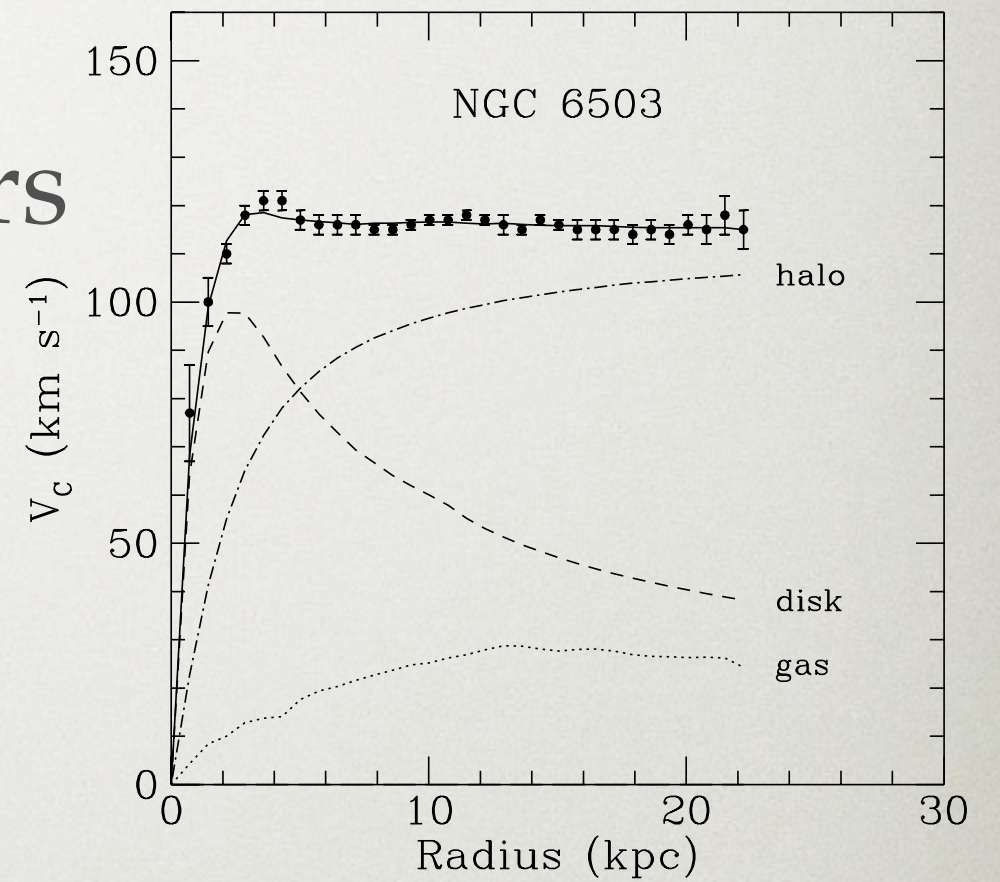
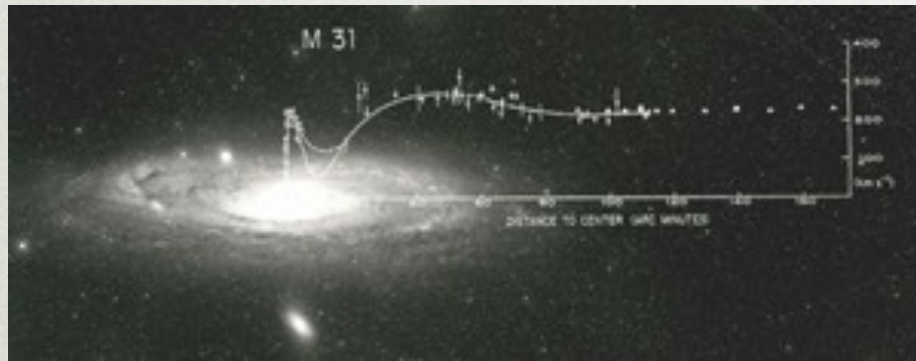




# EVIDENCE FOR DM OVERWHELMING

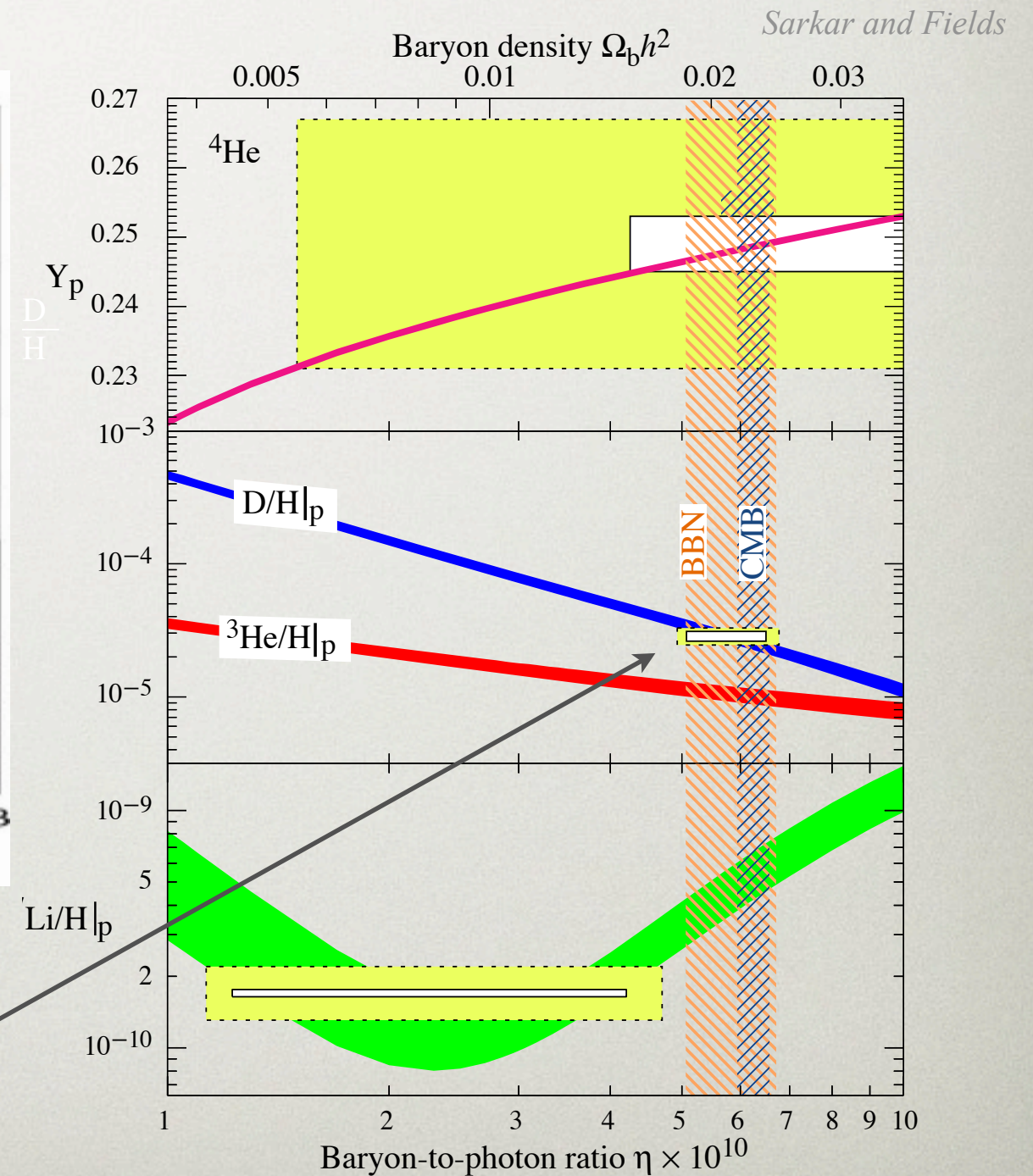
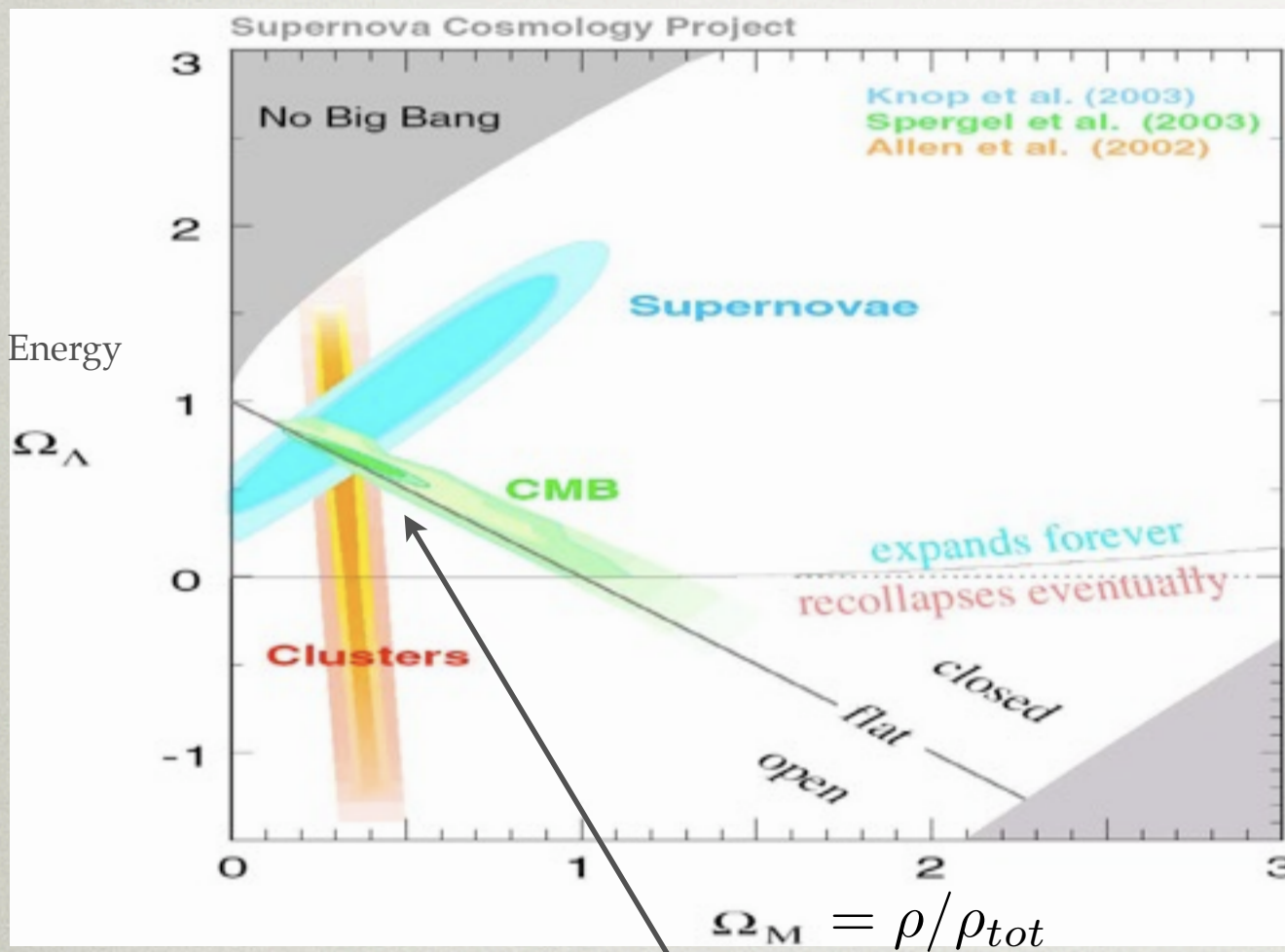
*Begeman, Broels and Sanders (1991)*

- Hunt dates over 75 years





# ADVENT OF PRECISION COSMOLOGY

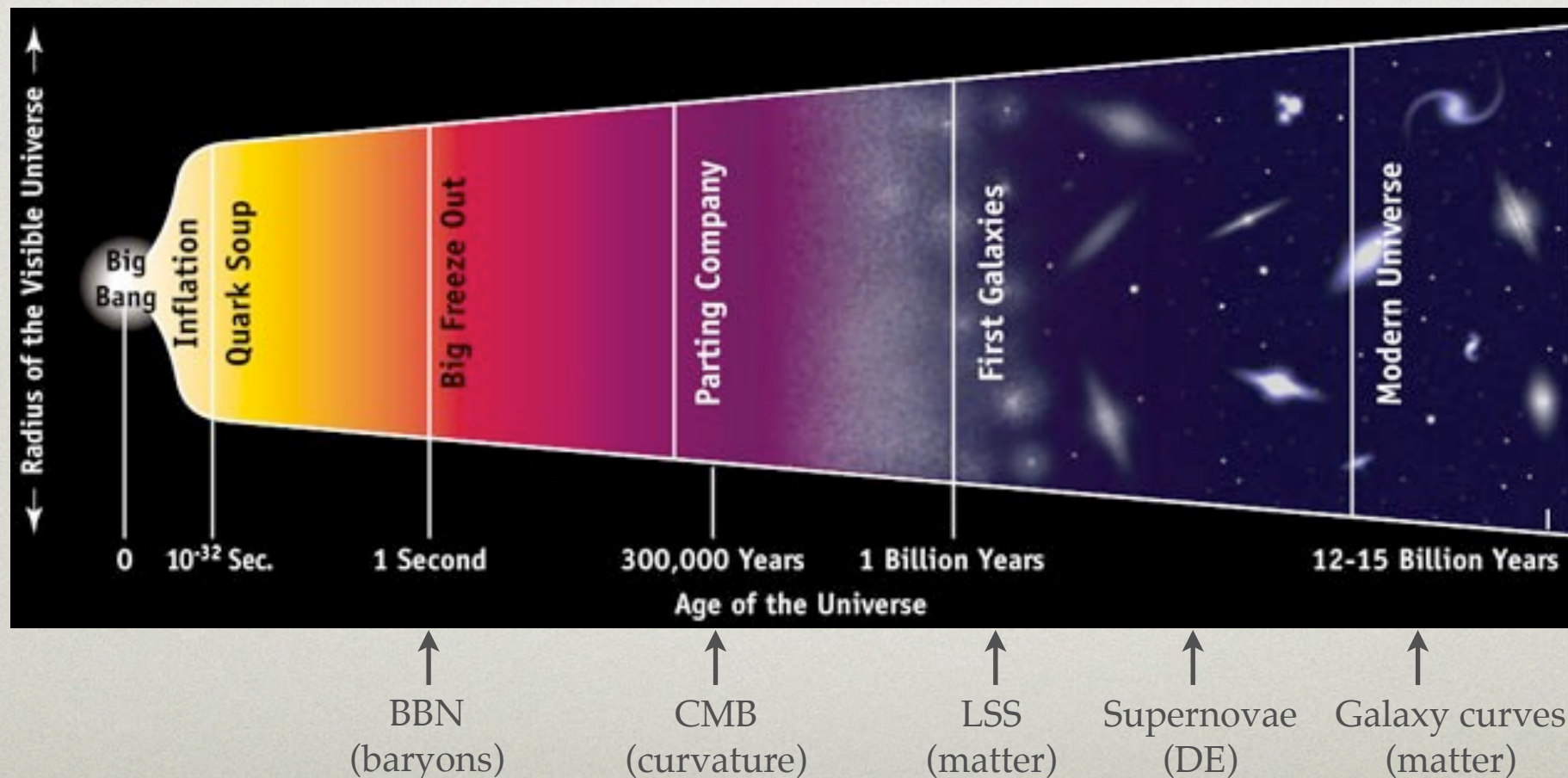
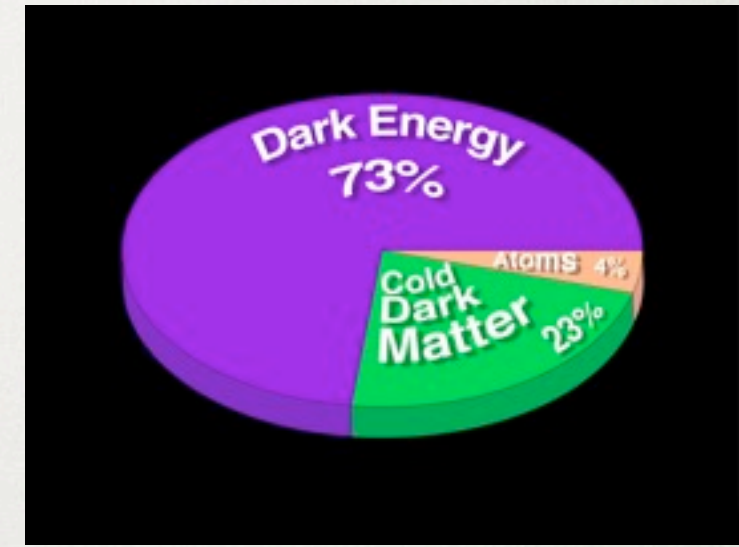
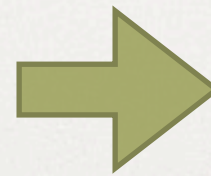


Concordance!



# EVIDENCE FOR DM OVERWHELMING

All evidence points  
toward

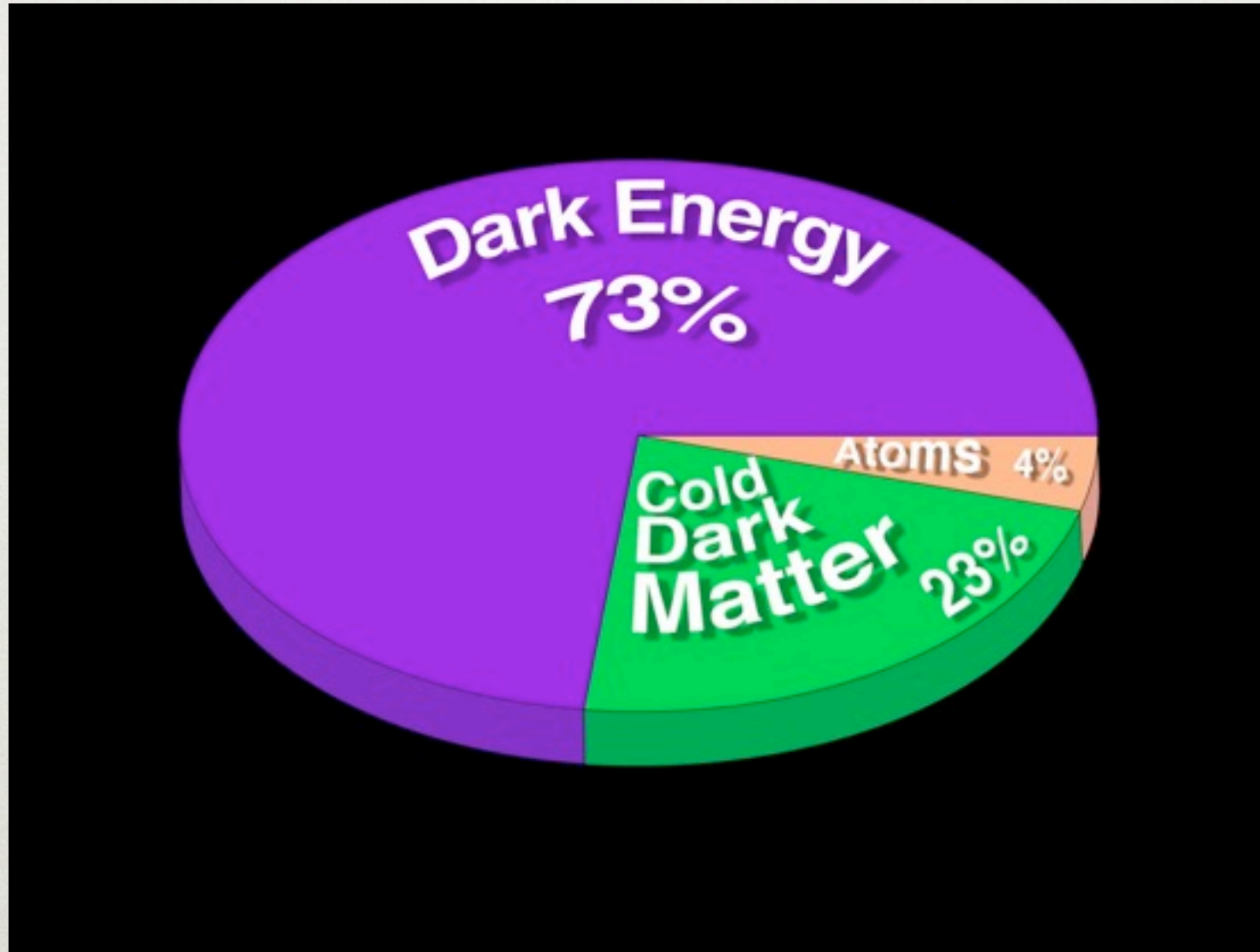




# NEW PHYSICS

---

Dynamical  
Selection?

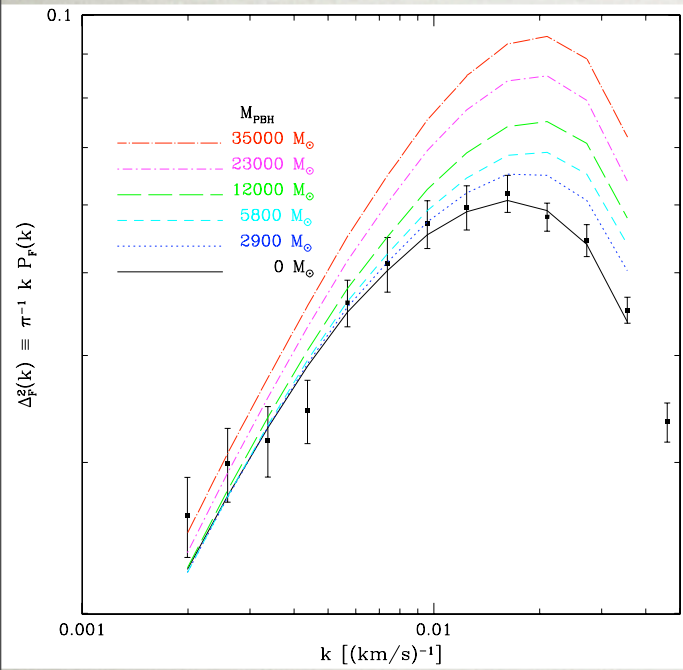


New Dynamics  
in Particles,  
Definitely BSM



# WHAT DO WE KNOW ABOUT THE DARK MATTER?

DM clumpiness



Afshordi, McDonald, Spergel

BBN

Not Free Baryons

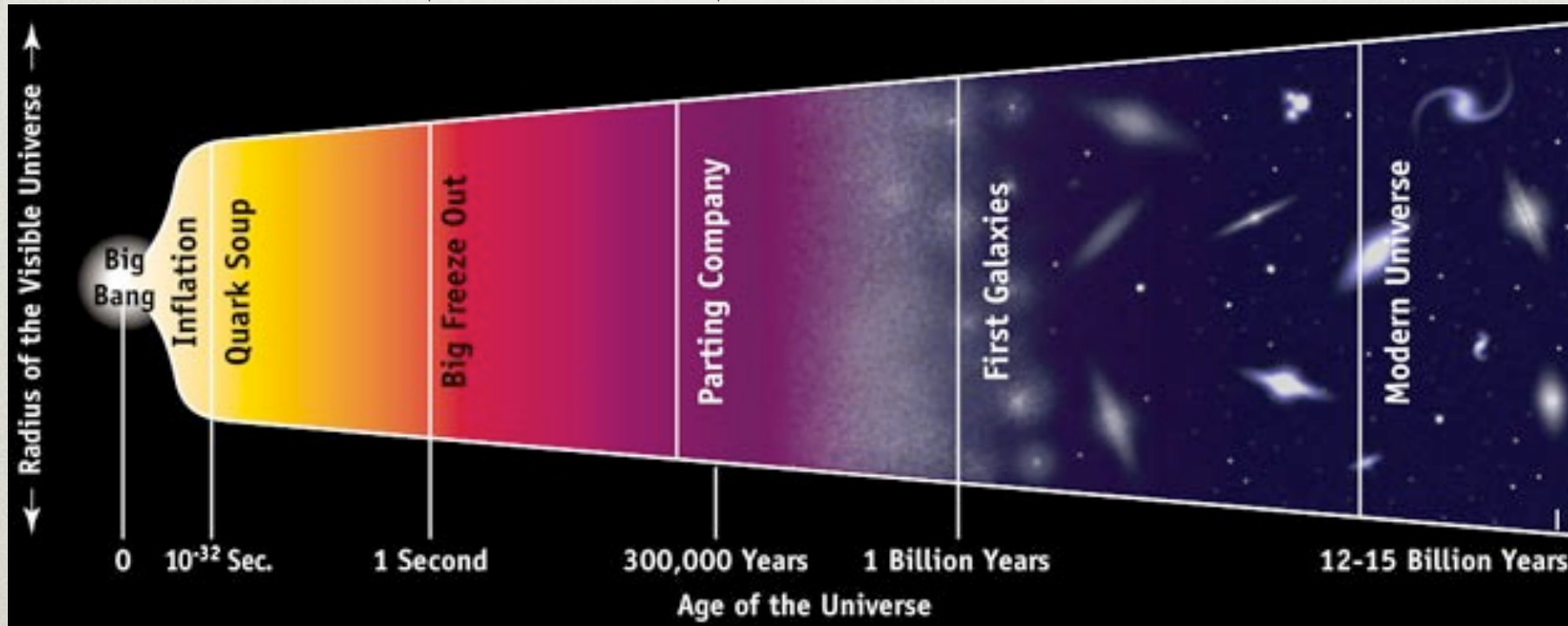


CMB



MACHO searches + Lya

Not Bound Baryons



BBN  
(baryons)

CMB  
(curvature)

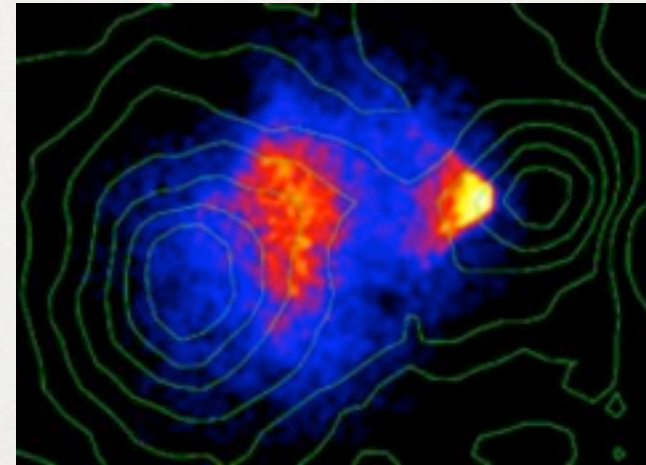
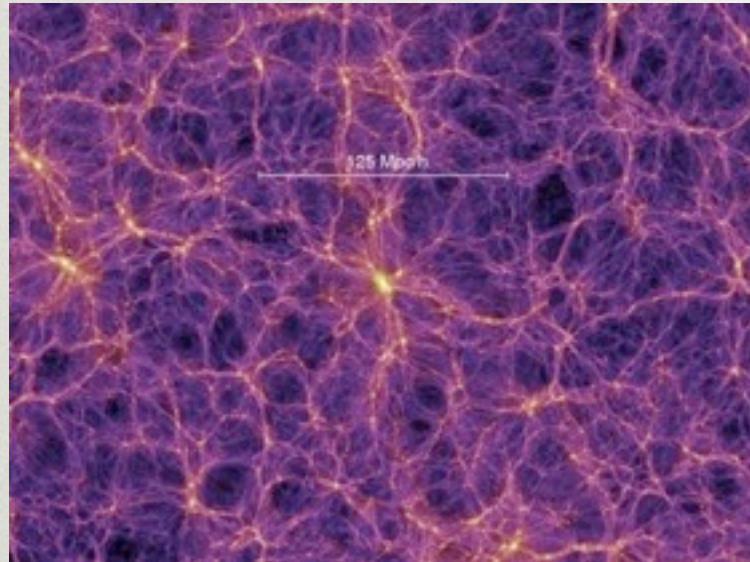
Supernovae  
(DE)

LSS  
(matter)

Galaxy curves  
(matter)

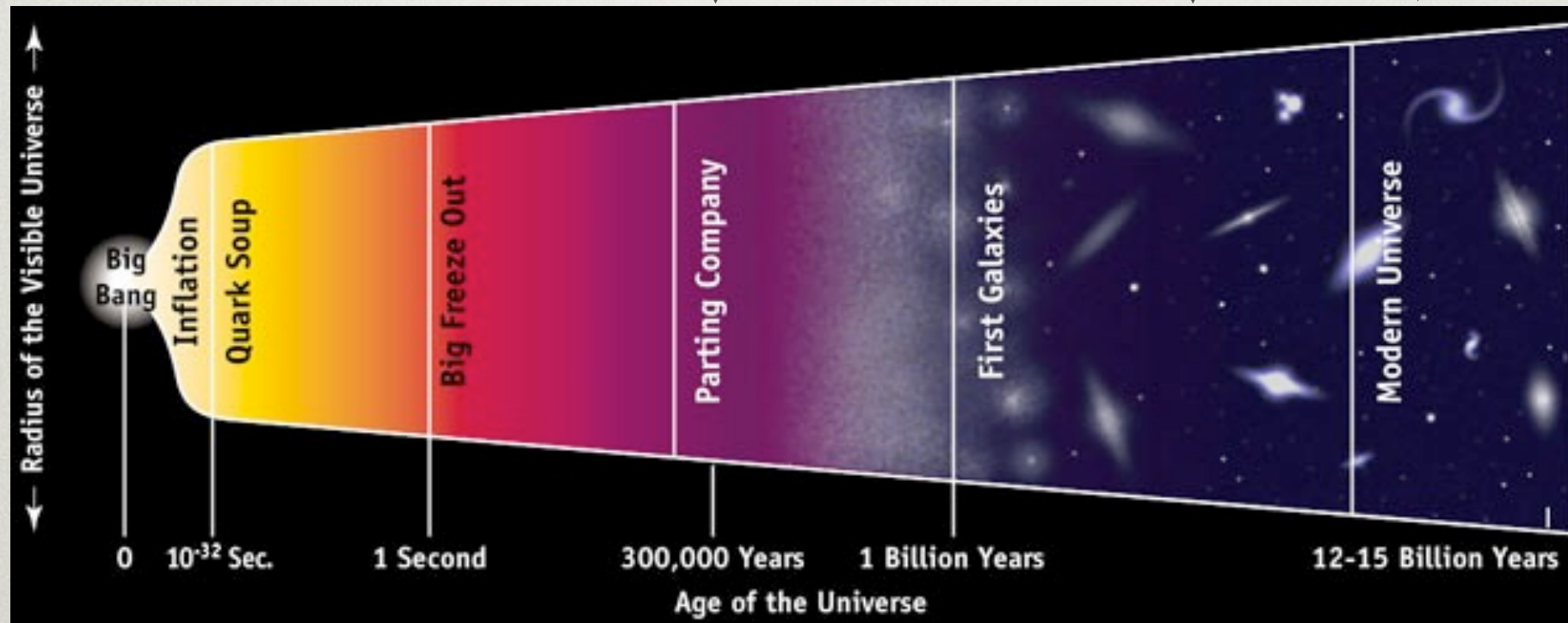


# WHAT DO WE KNOW ABOUT THE DARK MATTER?



X-ray: NASA/CXC/CfA/ [M.Markevitch](#) et al.;  
 Lensing Map: NASA/STScI; ESO WFI; Magellan/U.Arizona/ [D.Clowe et al.](#)  
 Optical: NASA/STScI; Magellan/U.Arizona/D.Clowe et al

LSS+Bullet Cluster  
 Not Modified Gravity



↑  
 BBN  
 (baryons)

↑  
 CMB  
 (curvature)

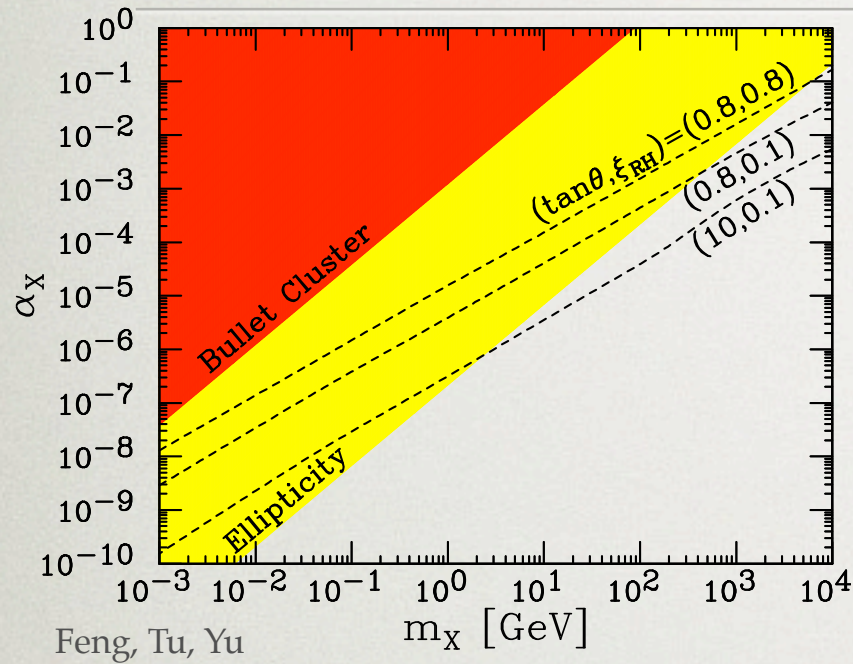
↑  
 Supernovae  
 (DE)

↑  
 LSS  
 (matter)

↑  
 Galaxy curves  
 (matter)

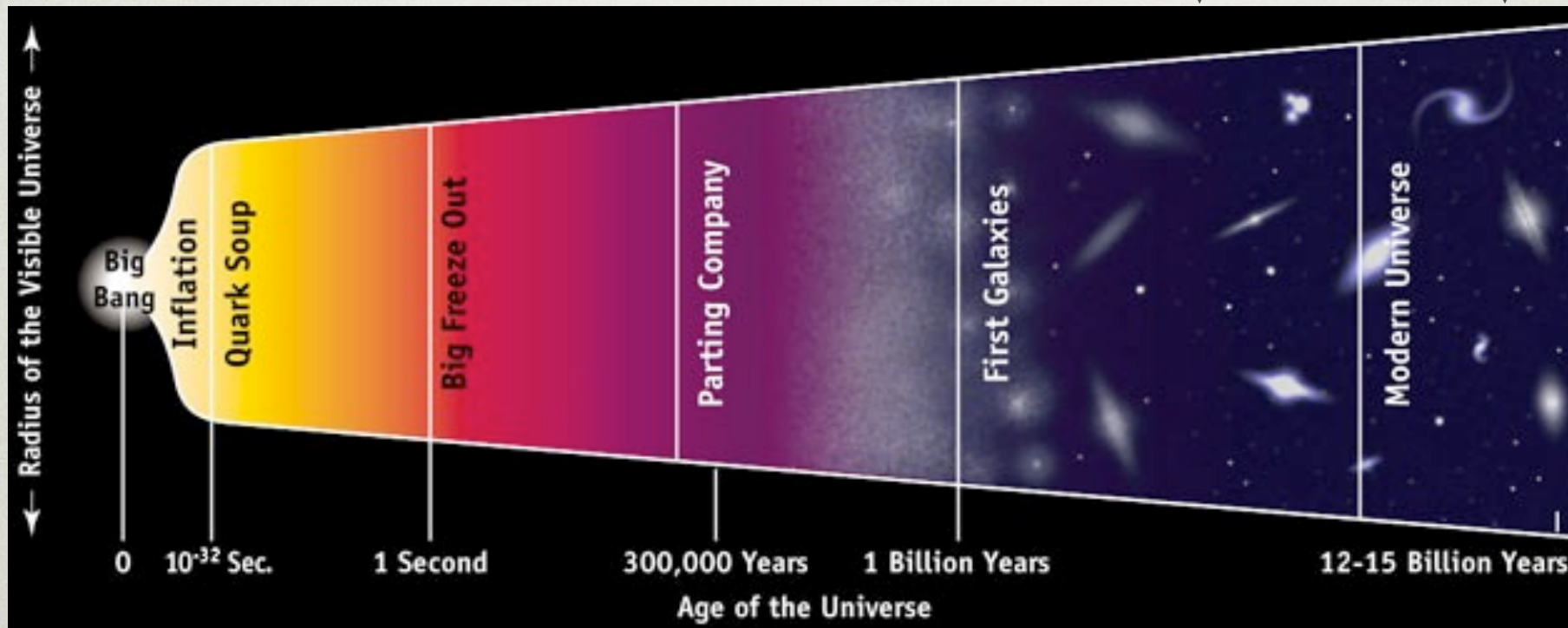


# WHAT DO WE KNOW ABOUT THE DARK MATTER?



Halo Shapes  
Weakly Self-interacting

Direct Probes  
Weakly Interacting with Us



BBN  
(baryons)

CMB  
(curvature)

Supernovae  
(DE)

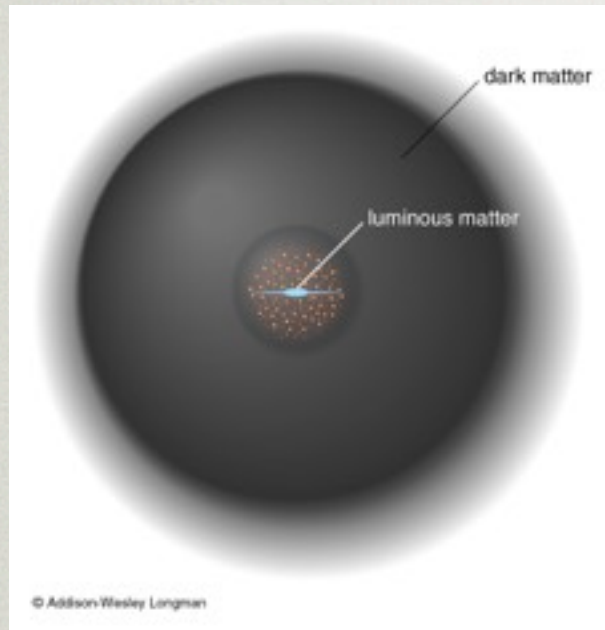
LSS  
(matter)

Galaxy curves  
(matter)

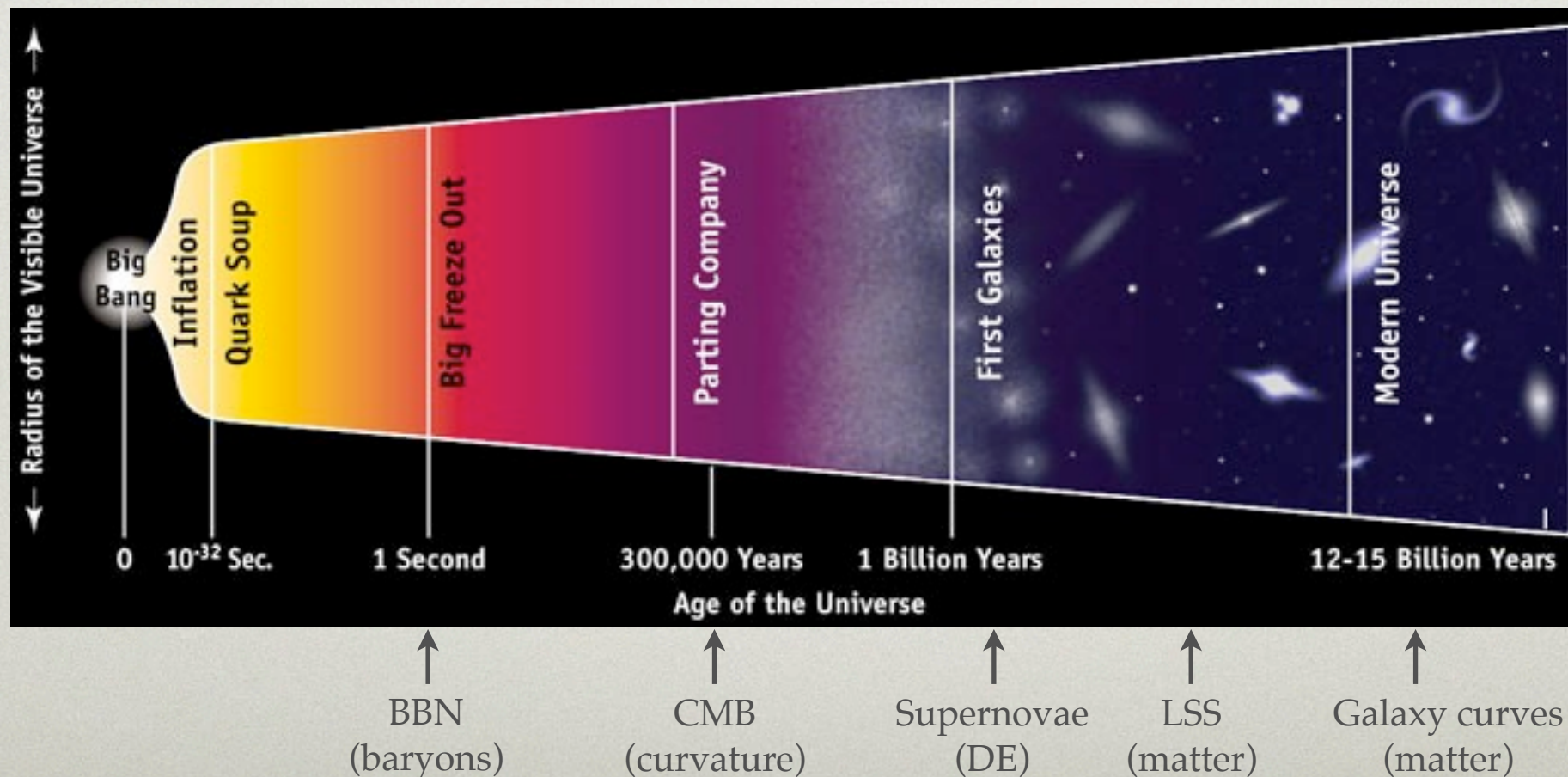
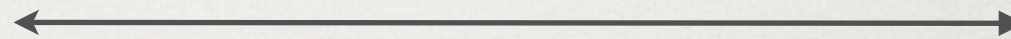


# HOW DARK IS DARK MATTER?

McDermott, Yu, KZ  
1011.2907



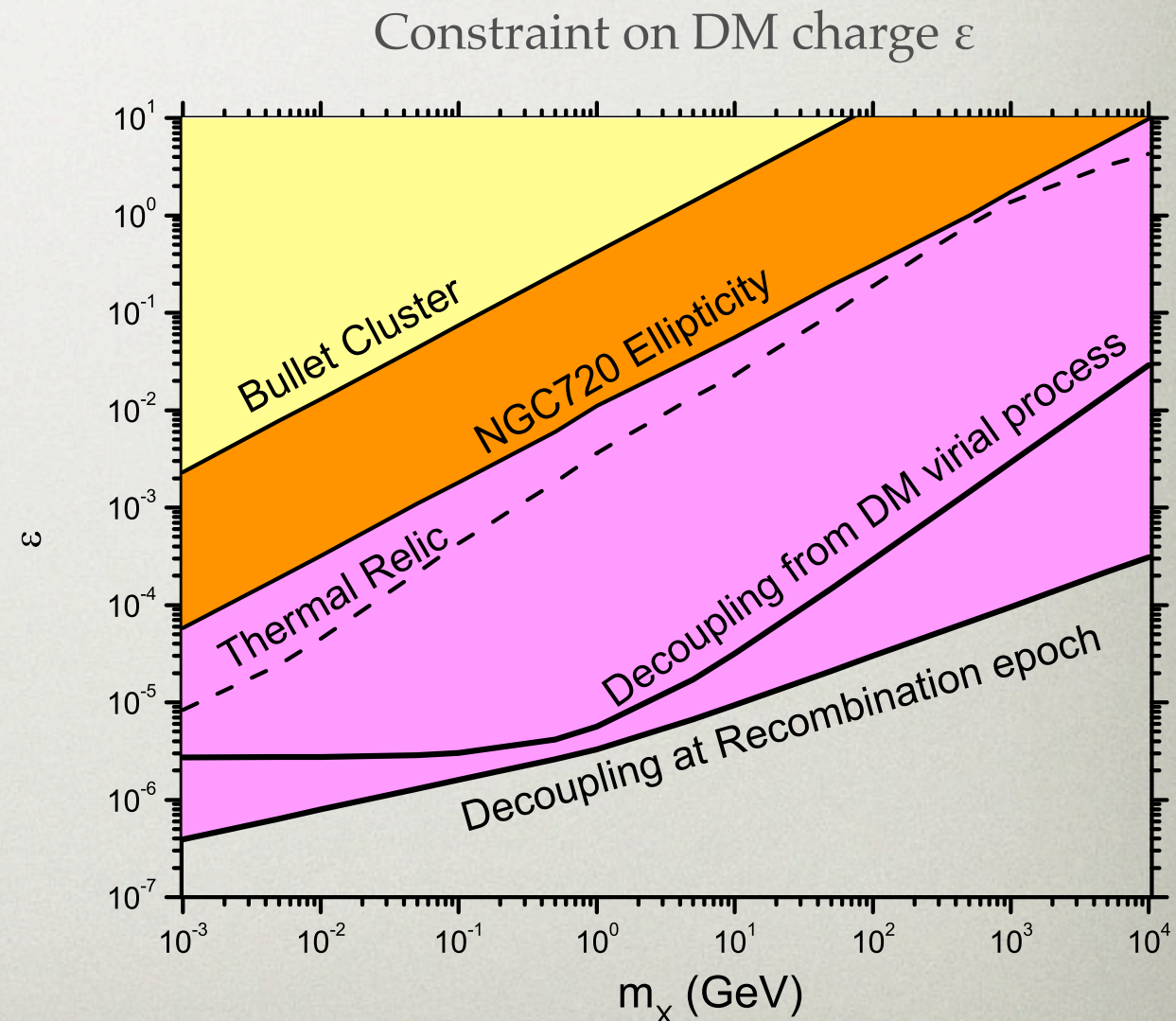
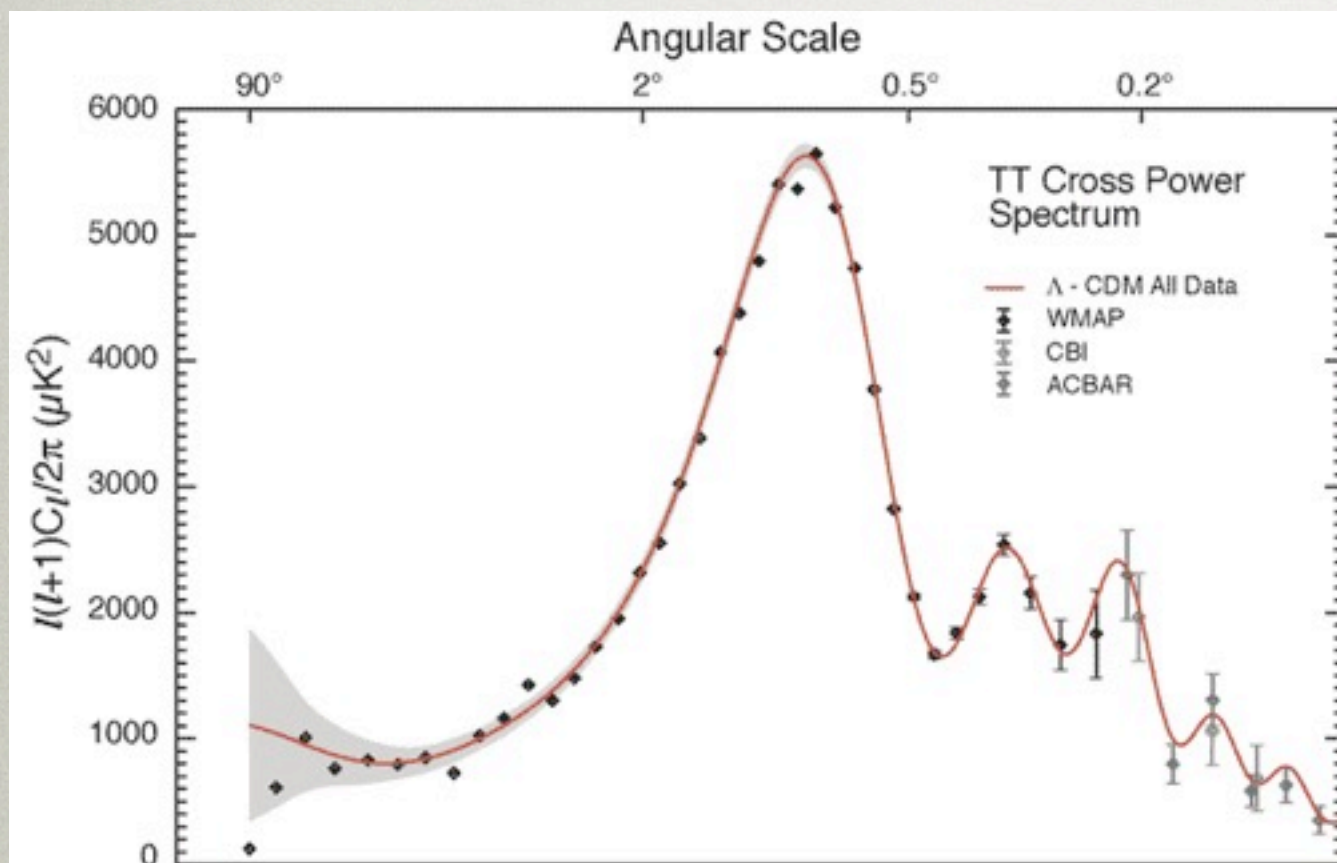
Consider All Epochs!





# HOW DARK IS DARK MATTER?

- Which probe is the most constraining?



$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto \frac{1}{v^4}!$$

McDermott, Yu, KZ  
1011.2907



# SUPER-WEAKLY INTERACTING

$$M_{pl} \sim 10^{19} \text{ GeV}$$

Gravitational Interactions

Energy

$$M_p \sim 1 \text{ GeV}$$

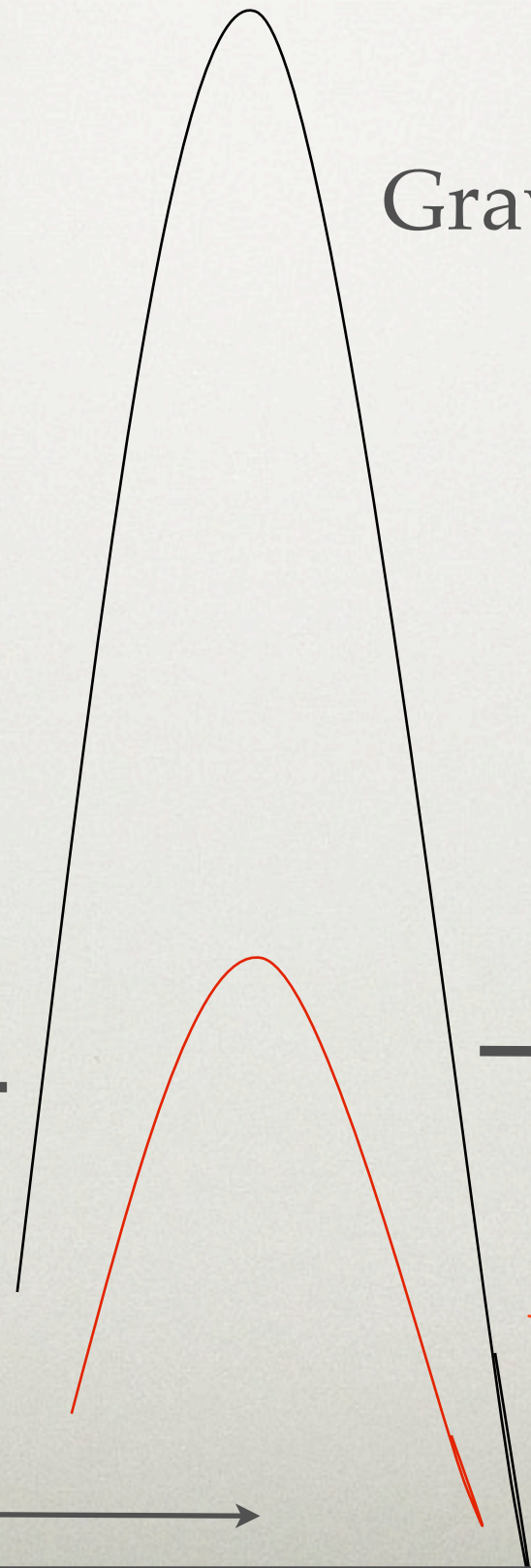
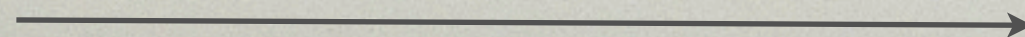
Standard Model

?

Dark Matter

Weak Interactions

Inaccessibility

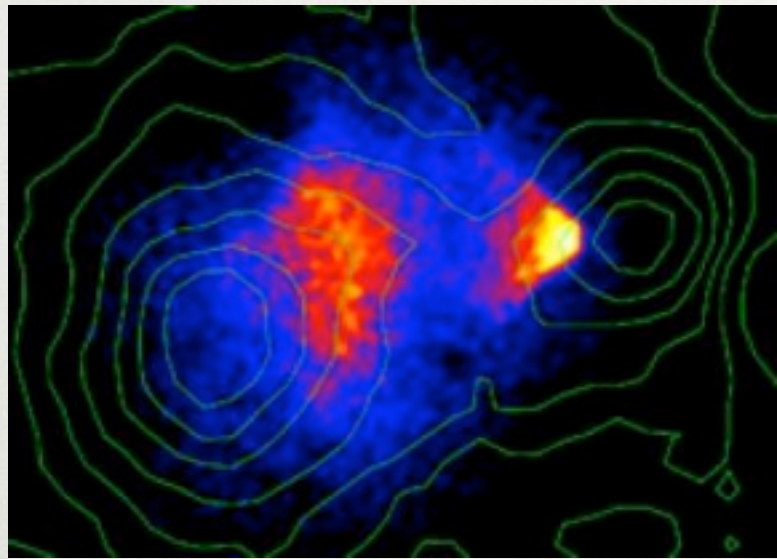




# SUPER-WEAKLY INTERACTING

---

- Gravitational Coherence ....

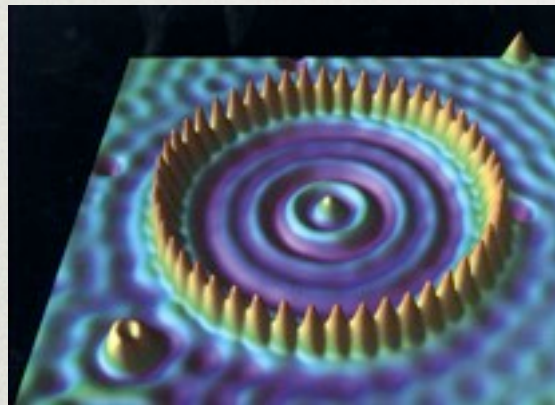
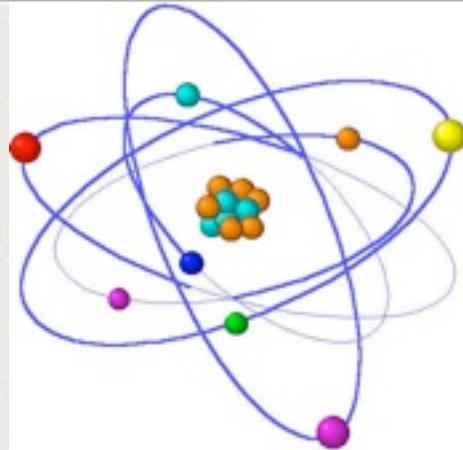
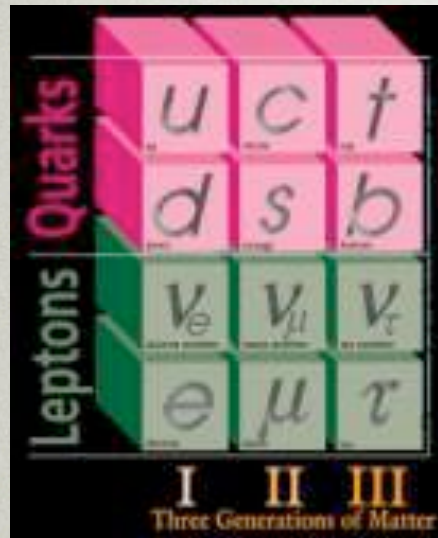


... on cosmological scales!

- Helps us learn about aggregate properties of dark matter
- Particle properties much harder
- Fundamental premise: DM has interactions other than gravitational



# PARTICLE PHYSICS PROVIDES SOME IDEAS



$$M_p \sim 1 \text{ GeV}$$

Standard Model

Sub-weak Interactions

Weak Interactions

- Fundamental premise: DM has interactions other than gravitational

?

Dark Matter

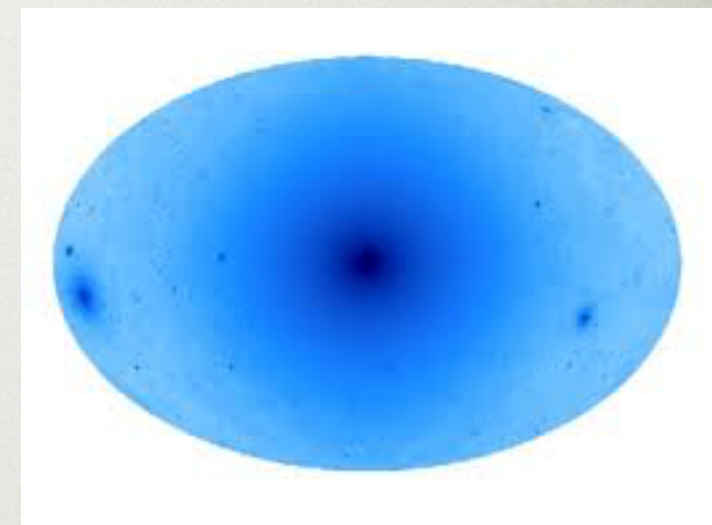


# DARK MATTER HUNTER'S TOOL KIT

## Astrophysical and Cosmological

History of Universe  
 Structure formation  
 Relic abundance  
 Stellar Evolution (sun; supernovae; white dwarves; neutron stars)  
 BBN  
 CMB Neff; DM interactions

## Indirect Detection



PAMELA (charged particles)  
 COMPTEL, EGRET, Fermi (gammas)  
 AMS (charged particles)  
 HESS (gammas)  
 ACT (future, gammas)  
 HEAO-1, INTEGRAL ... (x-ray)  
 IceCube / DeepCore / PINGU (neutrinos)

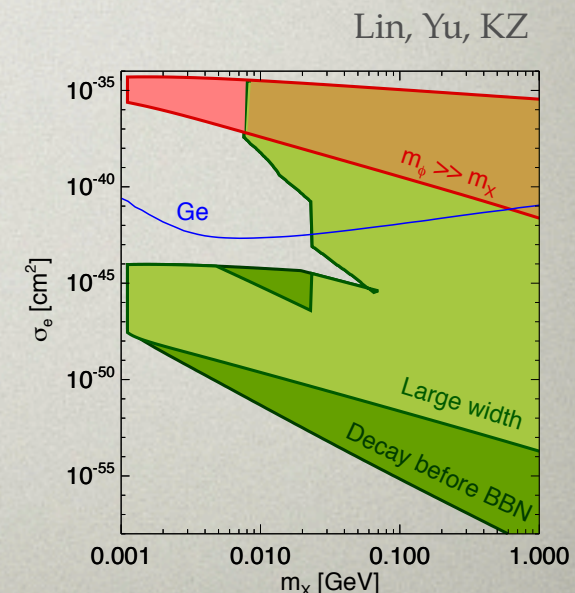
## Direct Detection



## Terrestrial

LHC  
 Intensity -- low energy, weak couplings --  
 B-factories (Belle, BaBar), beam dumps  
 (APEX, DarkLight, Heavy Photon Search)

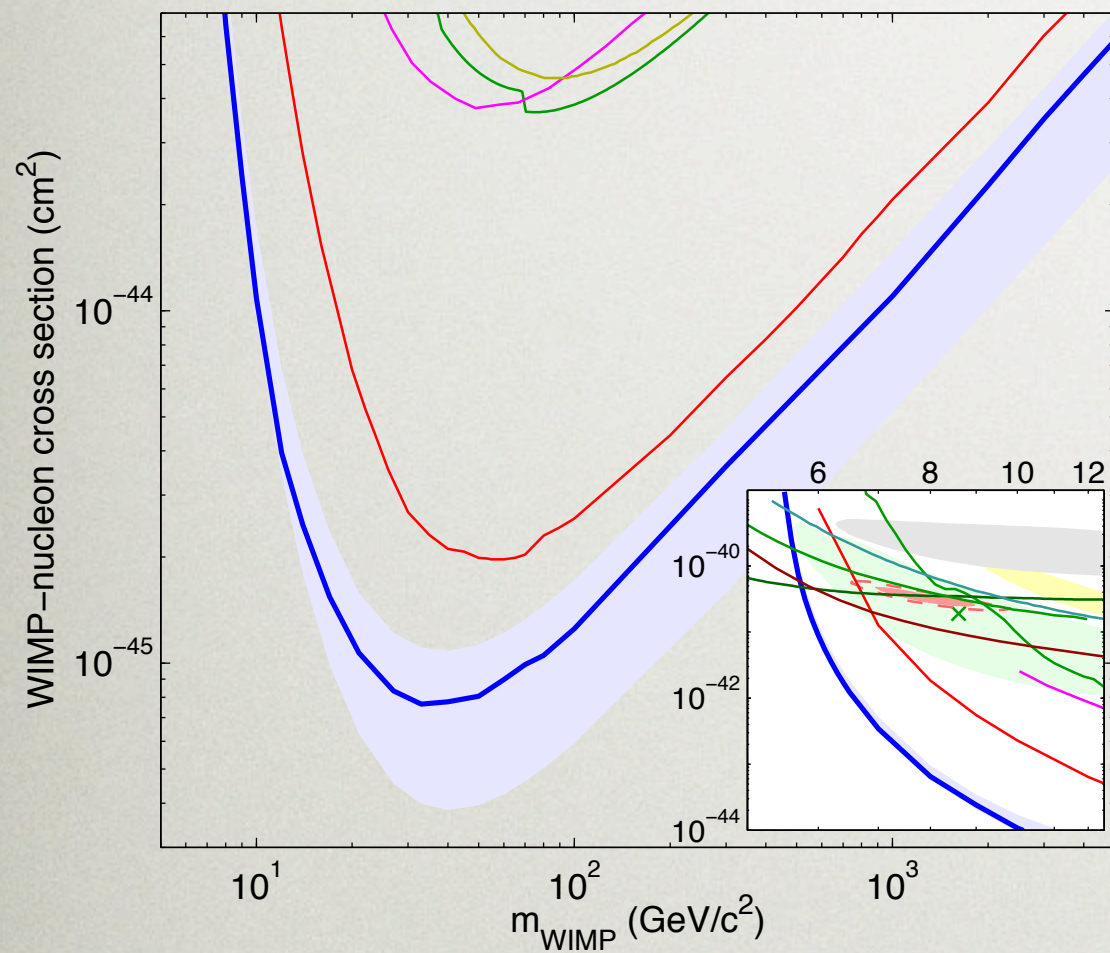
More exotic?



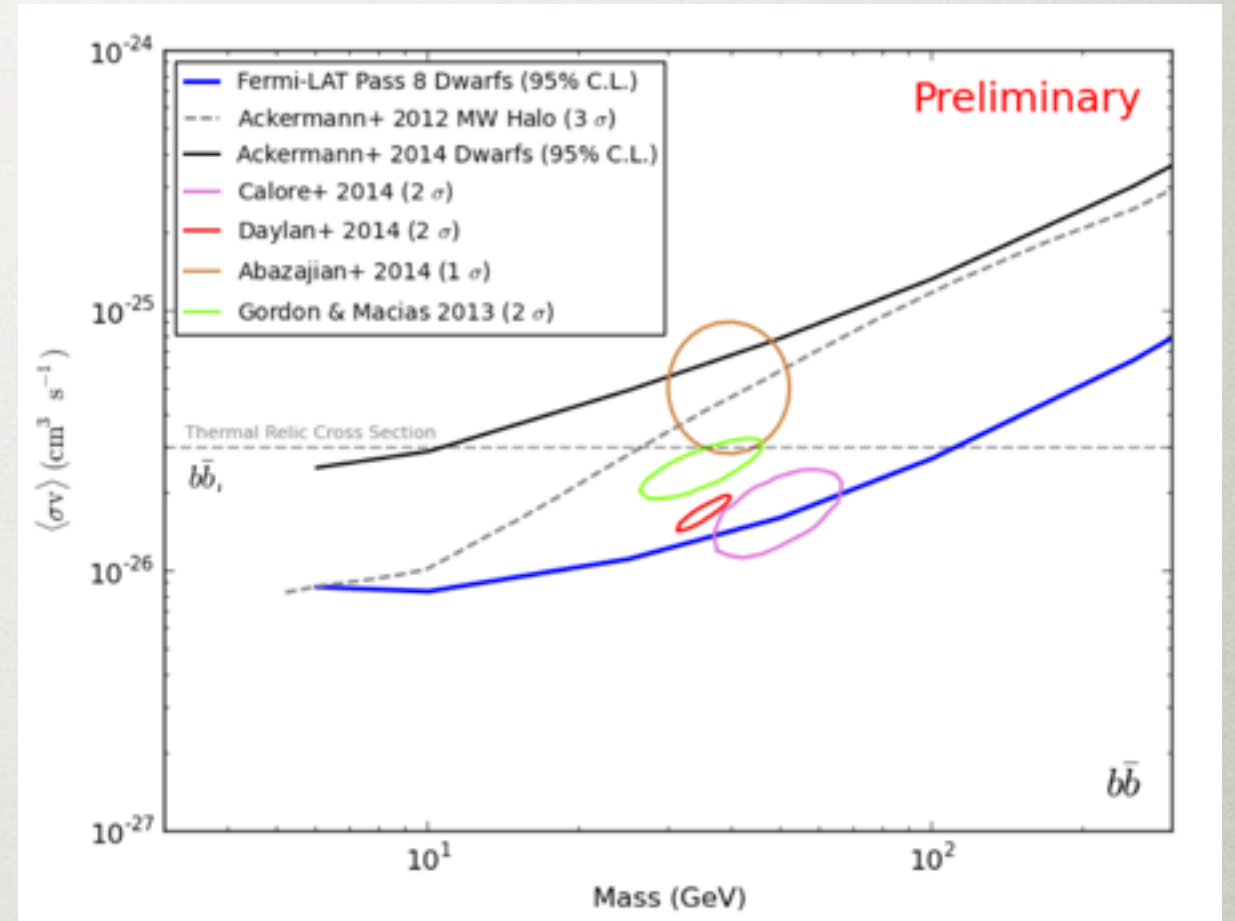


# VIABILITY ASSUMES RATES

Fermi Symposium 2014



LUX collaboration 2013



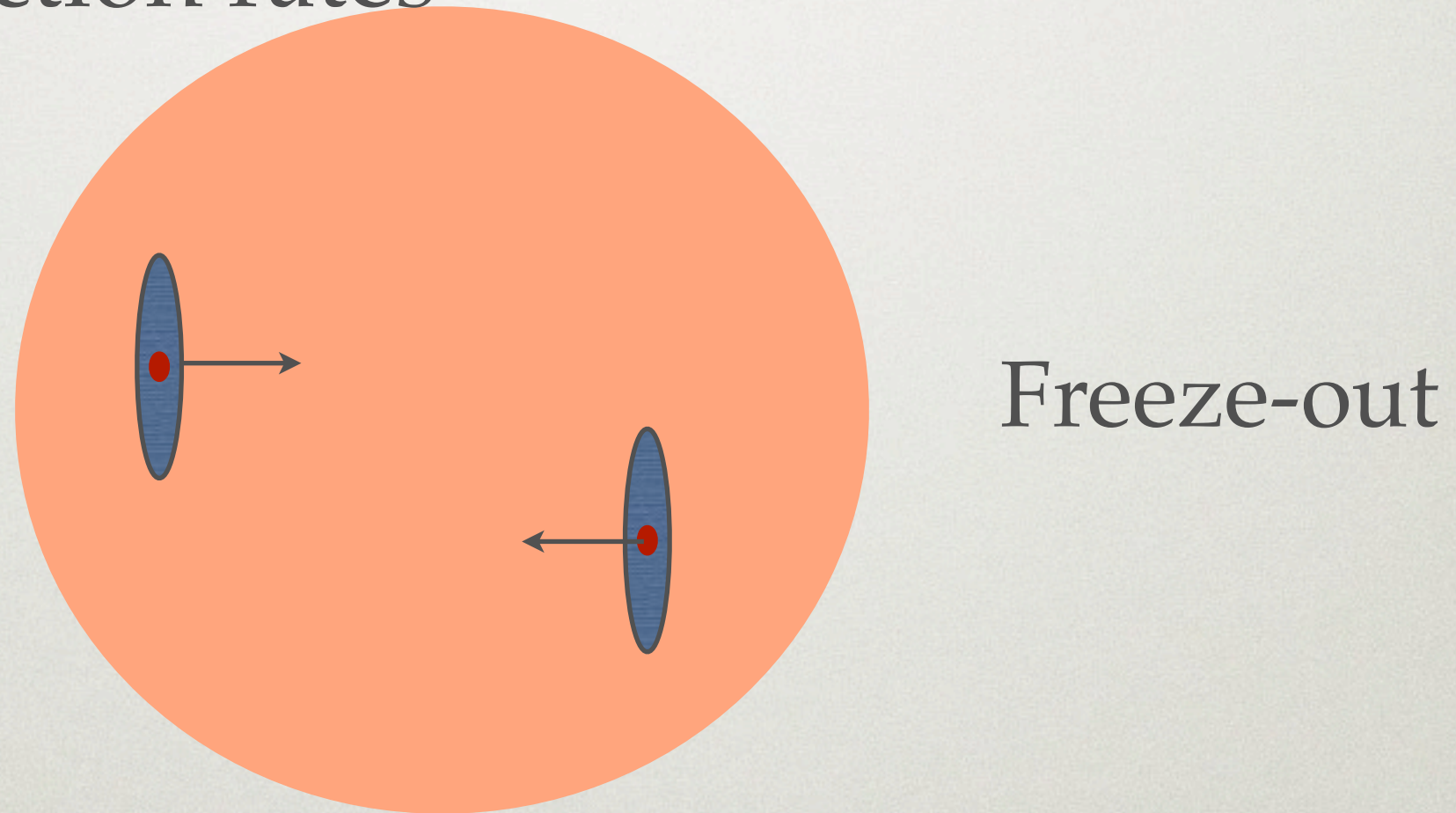
$$\sigma v \sim 3 \times 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s} \sim \frac{1}{(20 \text{ TeV})^2}$$



# WHY THE (SUB-)WEAK SCALE IS COMPELLING

---

- Abundance of new stable states set by interaction rates

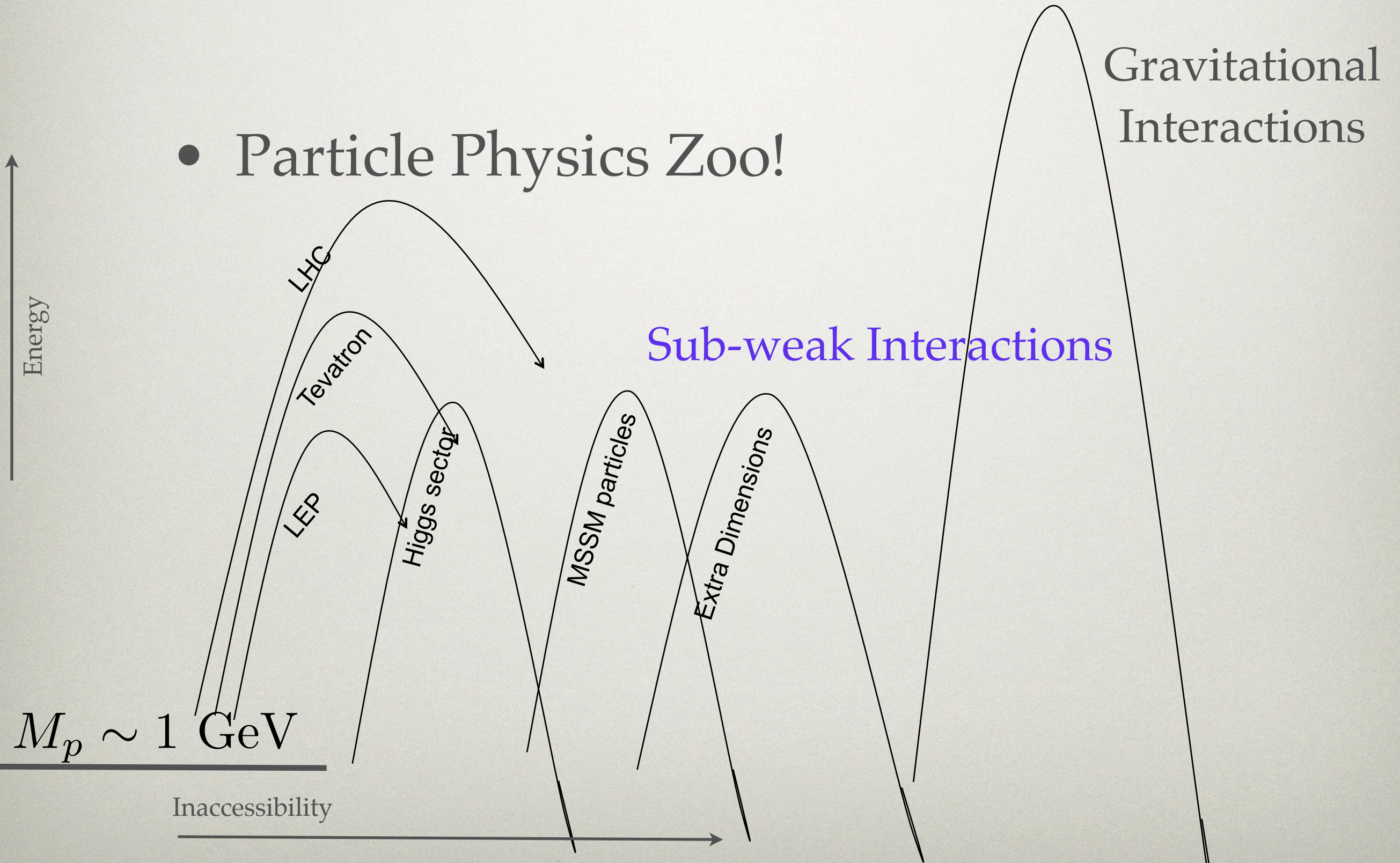


$$\Gamma = \overset{\text{Measured by CMB + LSS}}{n} \sigma v = H \quad \implies \quad \sigma \sim \frac{1}{(20 \text{ TeV})^2}$$



# PARTICLE PHYSICS PROVIDES SOME IDEAS

- Particle Physics Zoo!

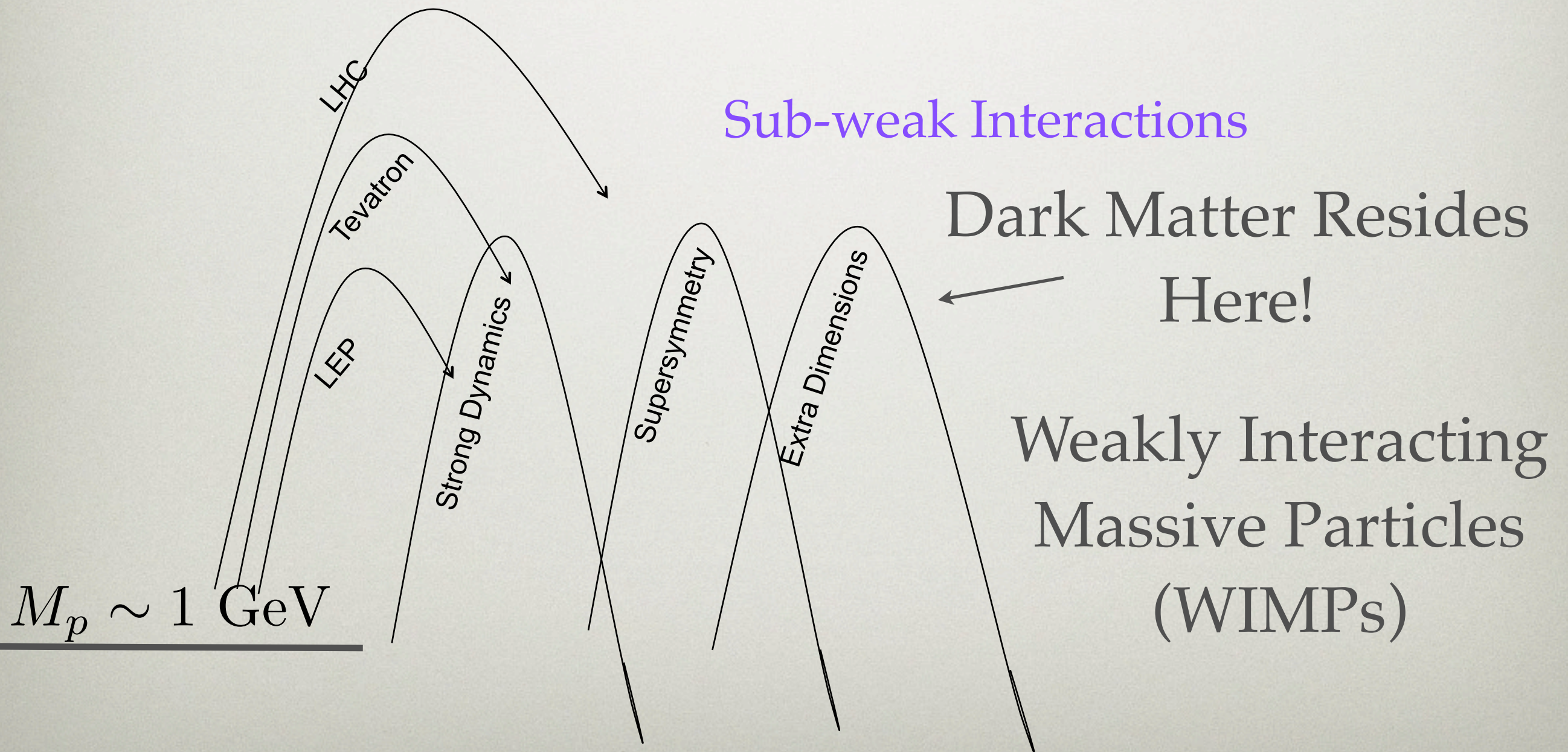




# PARTICLE PHYSICS PROVIDES SOME IDEAS

---

- Particle Physics Zoo!

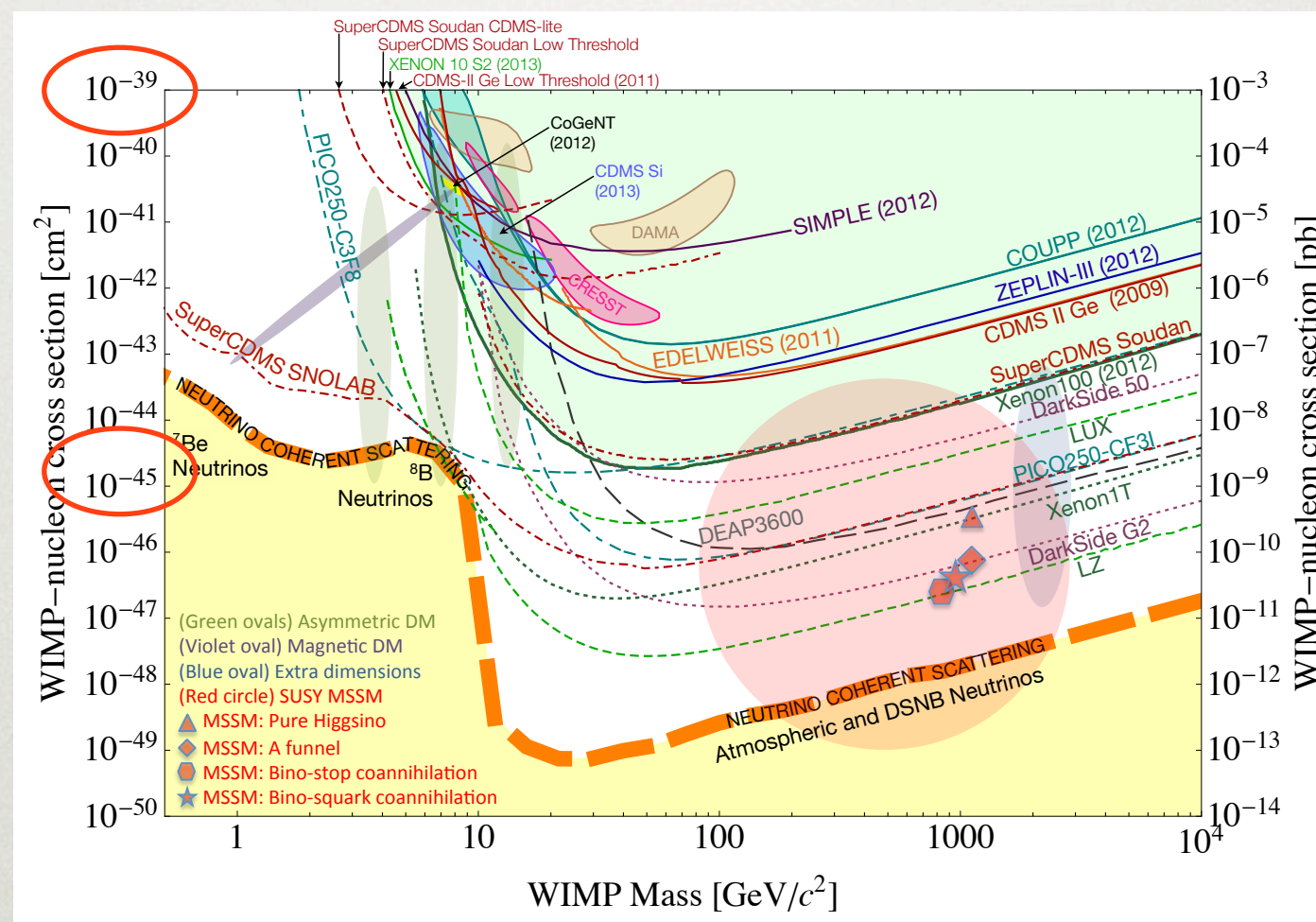




# SUB-WEAKLY INTERACTING MASSIVE PARTICLES

Scattering through the Z boson: ruled out

$$\sigma_n \sim 10^{-39} \text{ cm}^2$$



Next important benchmark:  
Scattering through the Higgs

$$\sigma_n \sim 10^{-45-46} \text{ cm}^2$$



# IDEA FOCUS: SUPERSYMMETRY

---

- Provides sharp predictions
- Must be neutral.
- Options sneutrino, bino, wino, higgsino

$$\tilde{\nu} \quad \tilde{B}, \tilde{W}_3, \tilde{H}$$

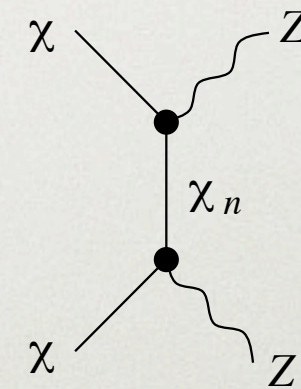
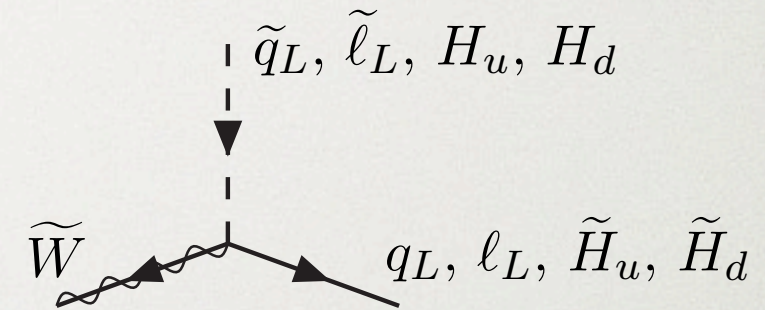
- Sneutrino scatters through Z
- Neutralino scattering through Z spin-dependent or velocity suppressed



# ARE THERE WAYS AROUND FOR THE NEUTRALINO?

---

- Make the Neutralino a pure state -- coupling to Higgs vanishes
- However, Wino and Higgsino pure states can be probed by indirect detection



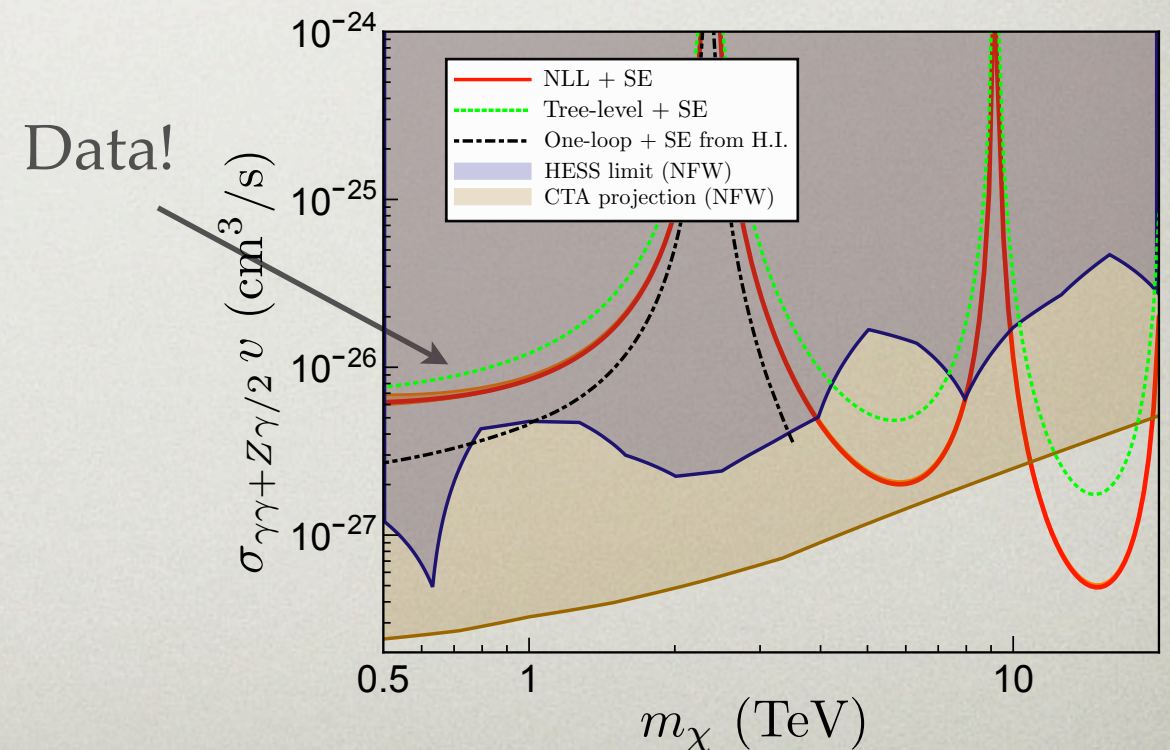
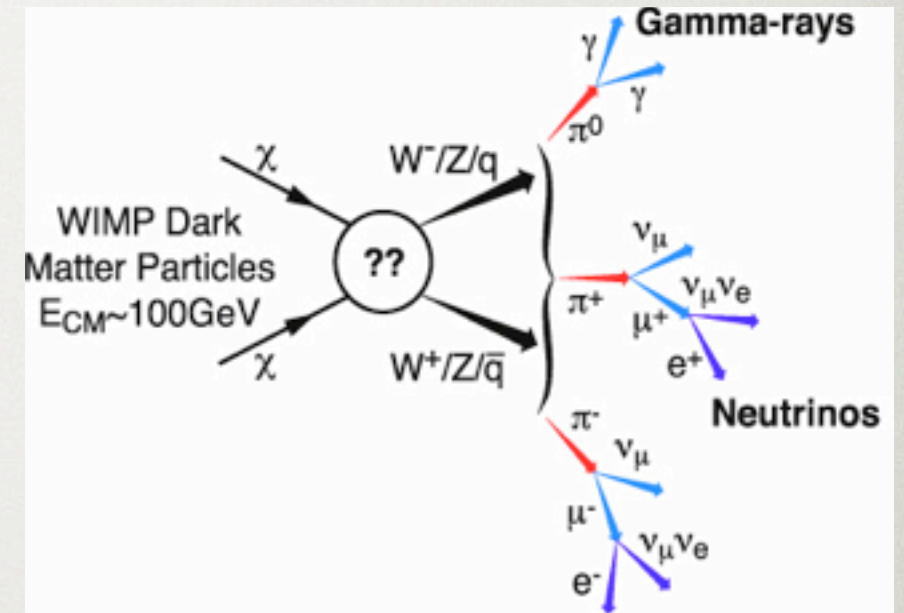
Large!

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle \sim \left( \frac{2 \text{ TeV}}{m_\chi} \right)^2 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3 / \text{ s}$$



# ARE THERE WAYS AROUND FOR THE NEUTRALINO?

- Make the Neutralino a pure state -- coupling to Higgs vanishes
- However, Wino and Higgsino pure states can be probed by indirect detection



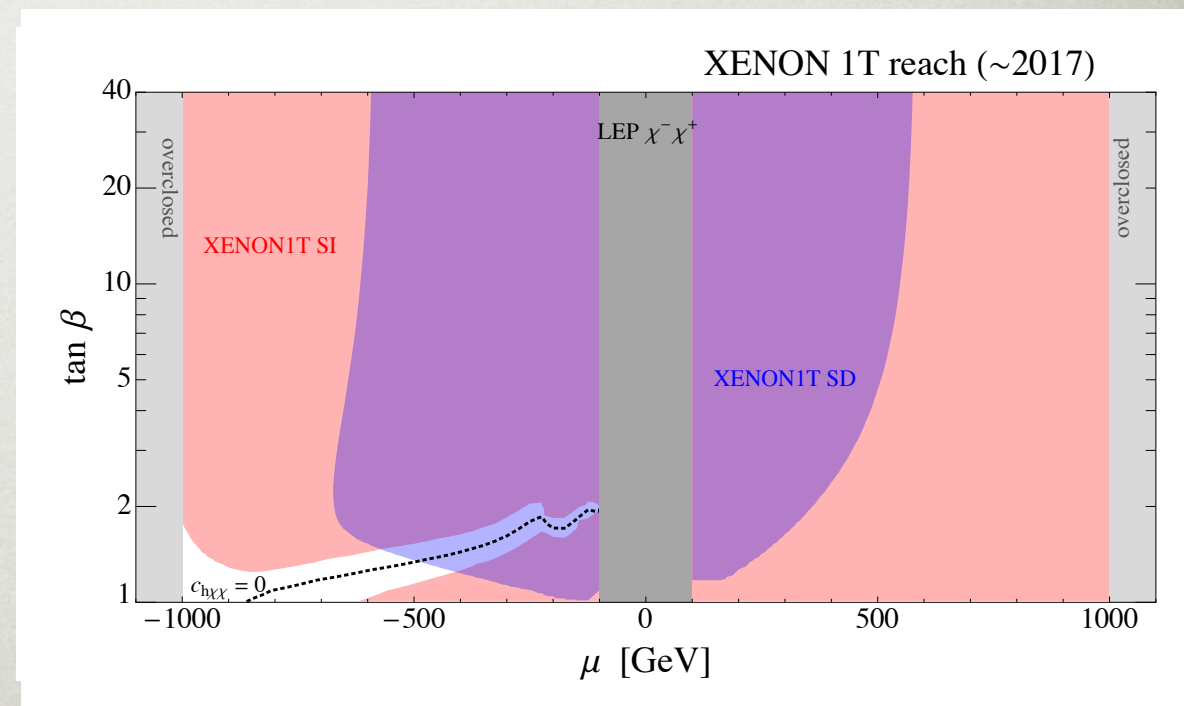


# ARE THERE WAYS AROUND FOR THE NEUTRALINO?

- Tune away the coupling to the Higgs
- Smaller cross-sections correspond to more tuning in the neutralino components

$m_\chi$	condition
$M_1$	$M_1 + \mu \sin 2\beta = 0$
$M_2$	$M_2 + \mu \sin 2\beta = 0$
$-\mu$	$\tan \beta = 1$
$M_2$	$M_1 = M_2$

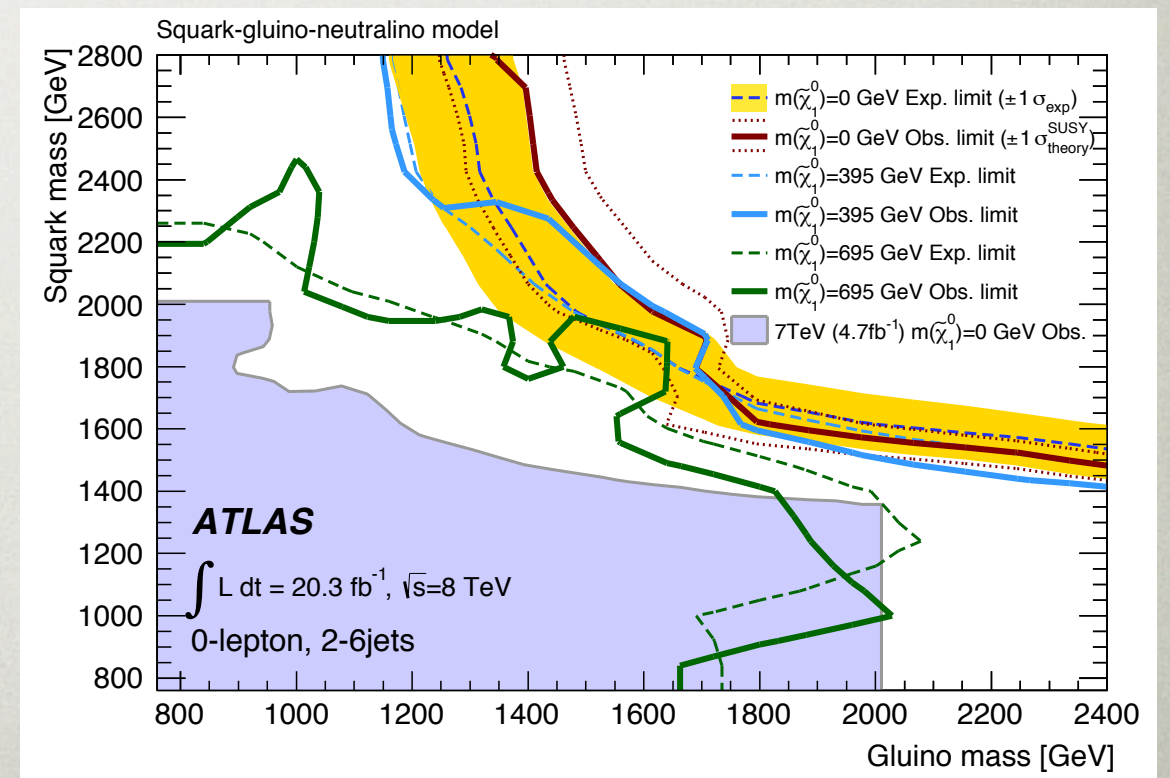
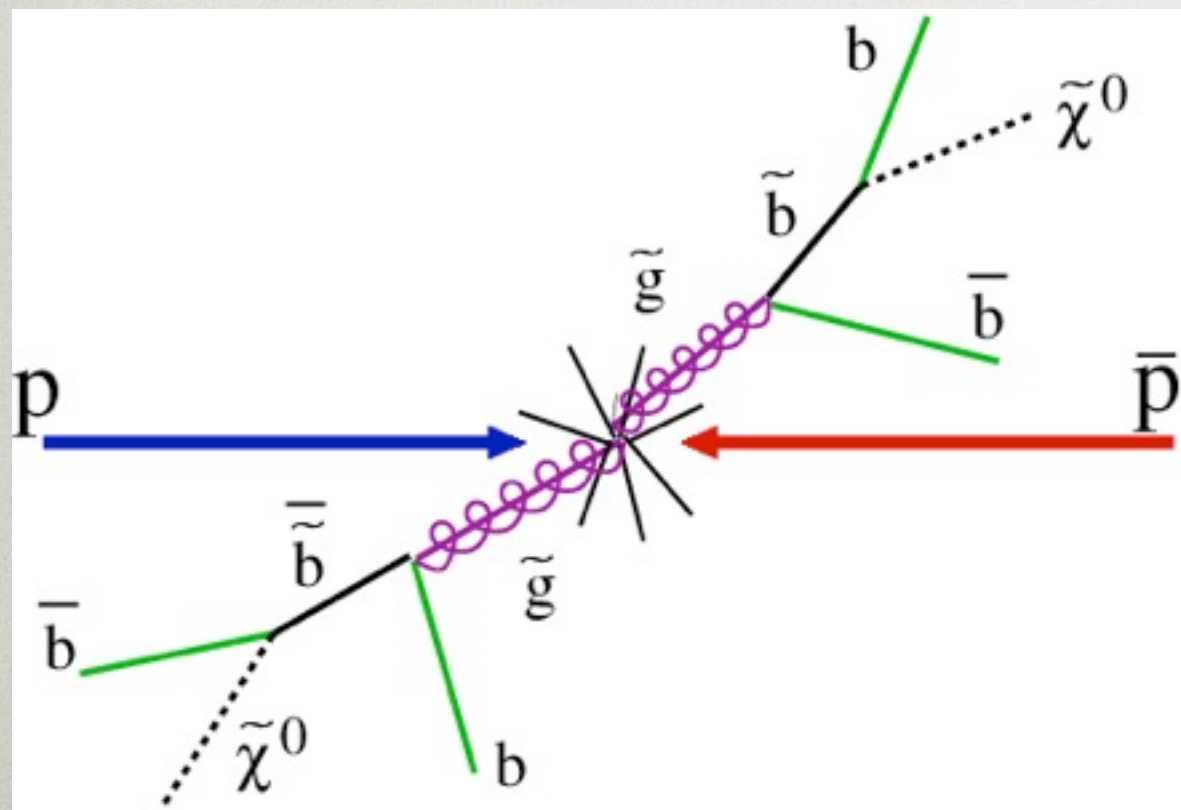
Cheung, Hall, Pinner, Ruderman





# WHERE DOES THE LHC COME IN?

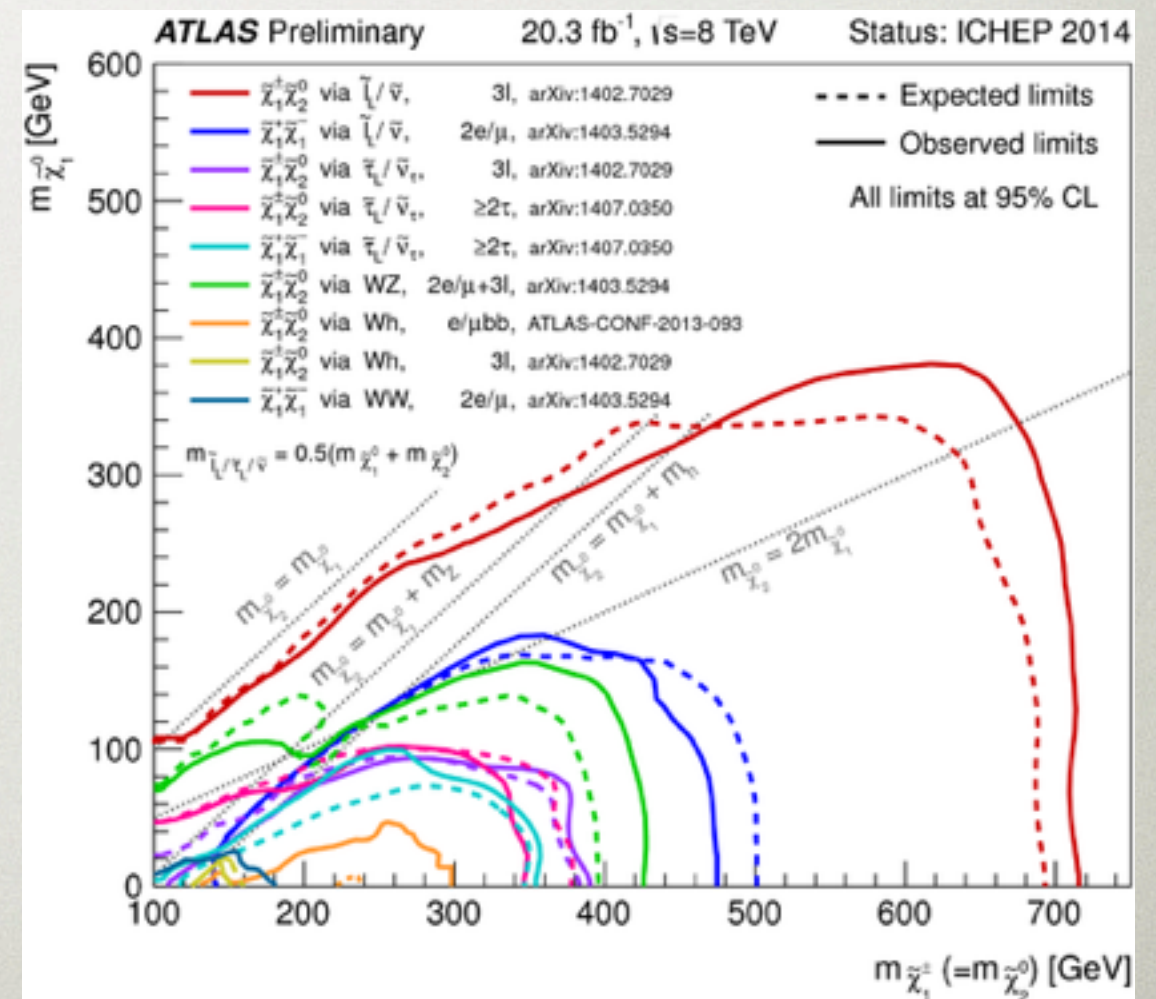
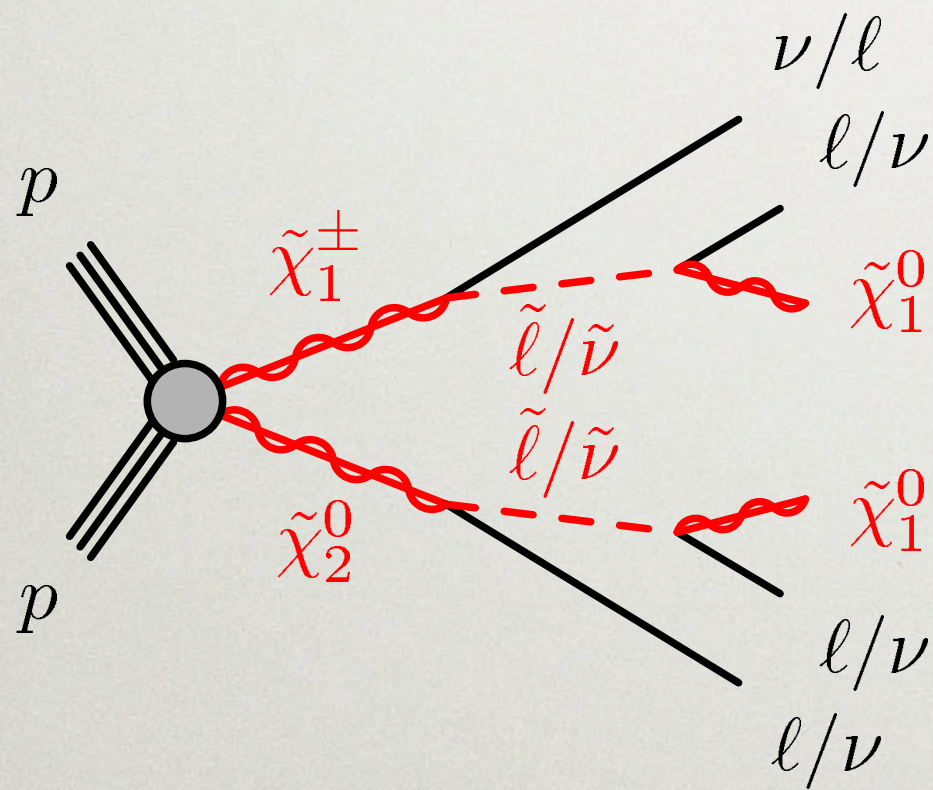
- LHC provides strongest constraints when there are new colored states in addition to the dark matter





# WHERE DOES THE LHC COME IN?

- Constraints are much weaker when it is dark matter being directly produced





# WHEN SHOULD WE START LOOKING ELSEWHERE?

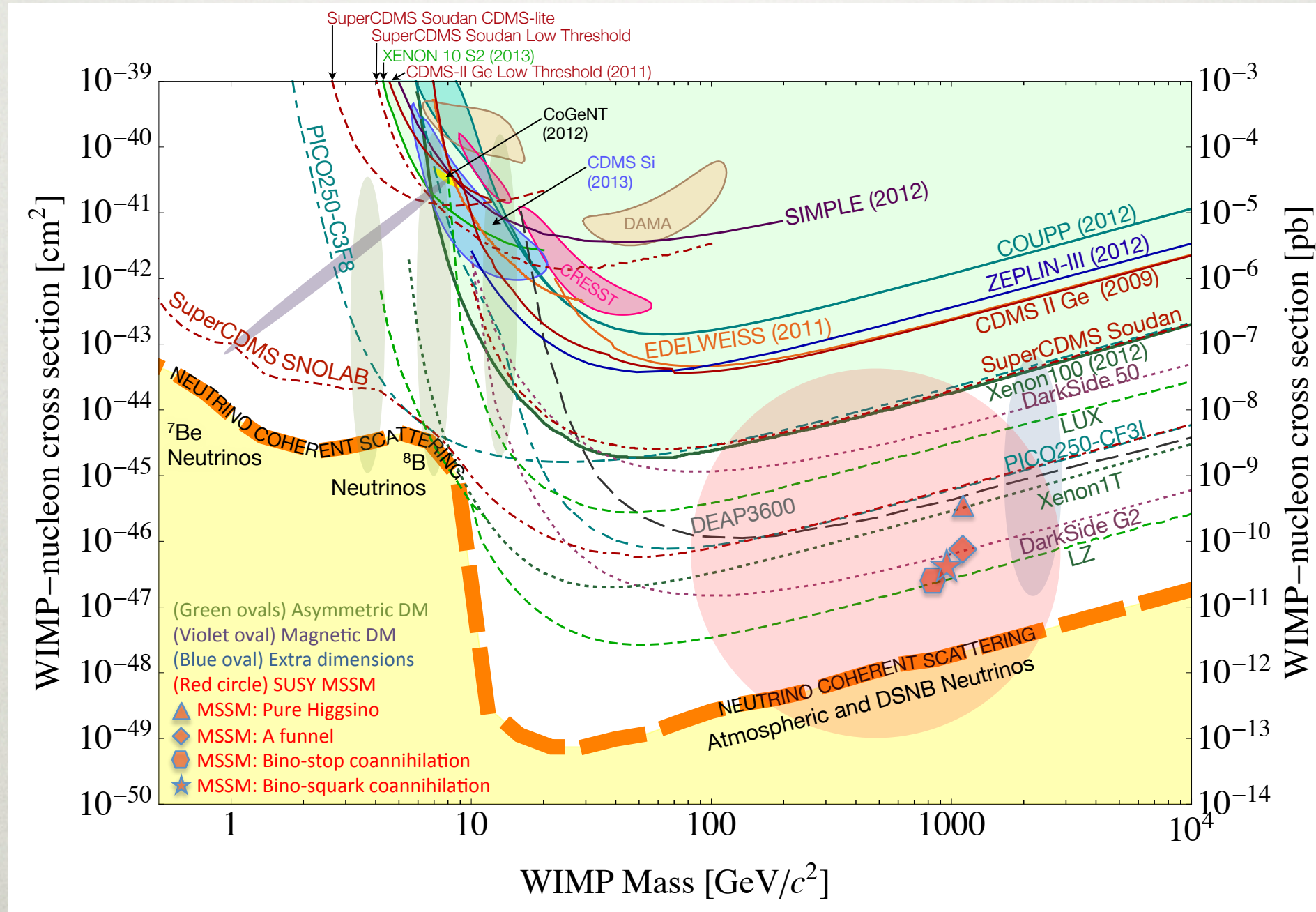
---

- Cannot kill neutralino DM, but paradigm does become increasingly tuned
- Somewhat below Higgs pole -- Neutrino background?
- Well-motivated candidates that are much less costly to probe
- Light WIMPs



# TERRA INCOGNITA

CF1 Snowmass report, 1310.8327





# THE LAMPPPOST PROBLEM

---

- Great ideas! But are we too restricted by them?



CoGeNT  
CDMS  
DAMA

PAMELA

Fermi positron

Fermi line

- How can we be ready for anything?



# HIDDEN VALLEYS

---

Sub-weak Interactions  
~~(DM here.)~~

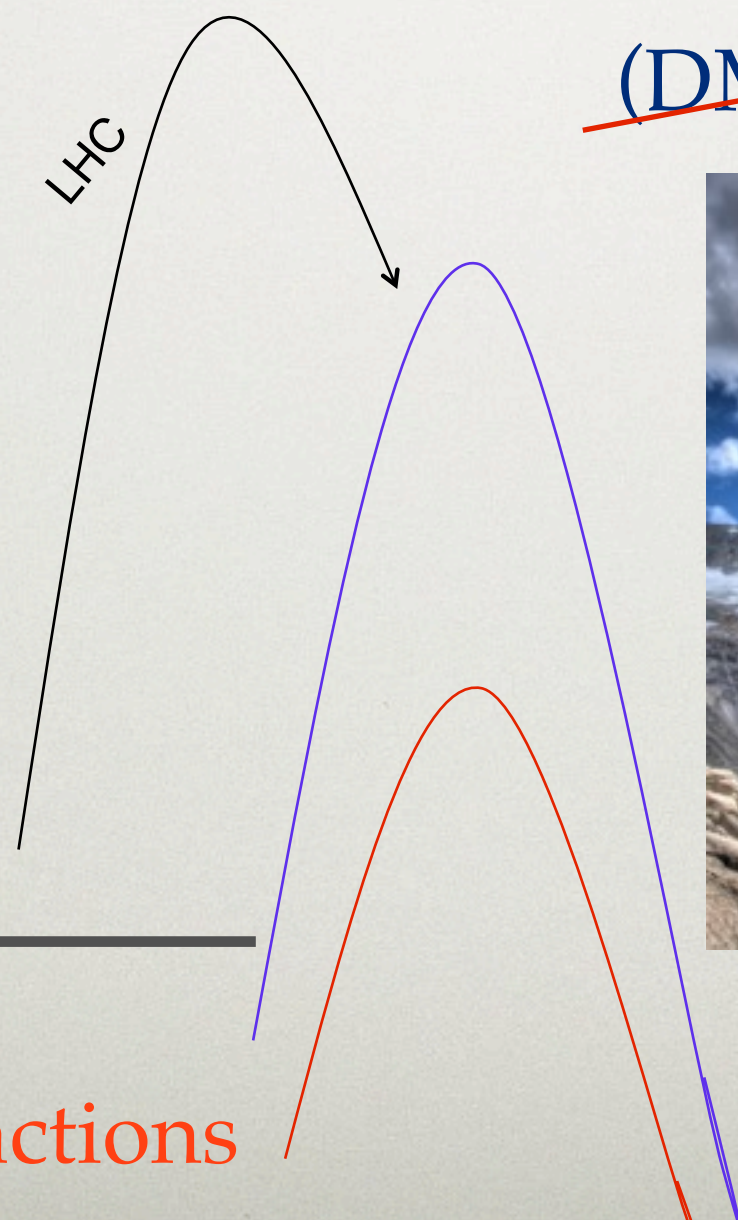
Torres del Paine



Standard Model

Weak Interactions

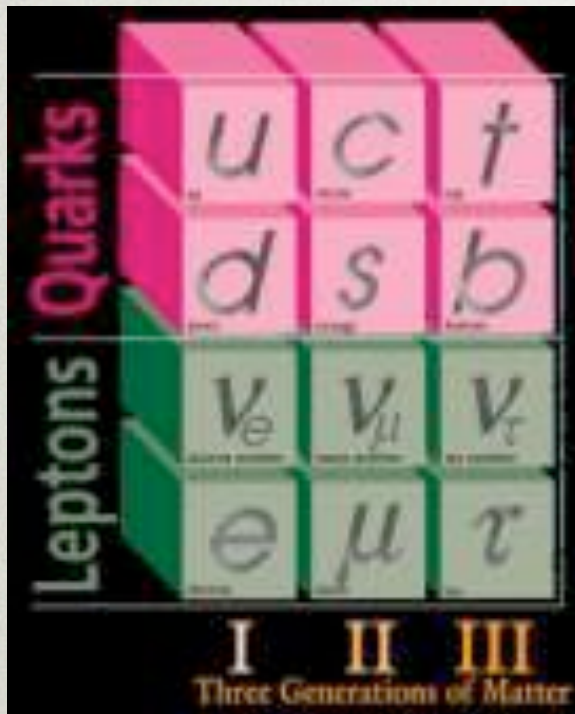
Dark World





# HIDDEN DARK WORLDS

Our thinking has shifted



From a single, stable weakly interacting particle ....  
(WIMP, axion)

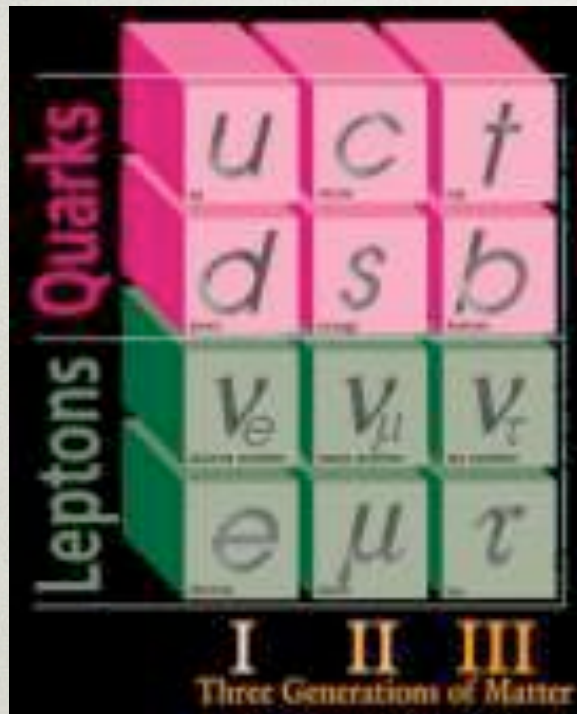
$M_p \sim 1 \text{ GeV}$   
Standard Model

...to a hidden world  
with multiple states,  
new interactions



# HIDDEN DARK WORLDS

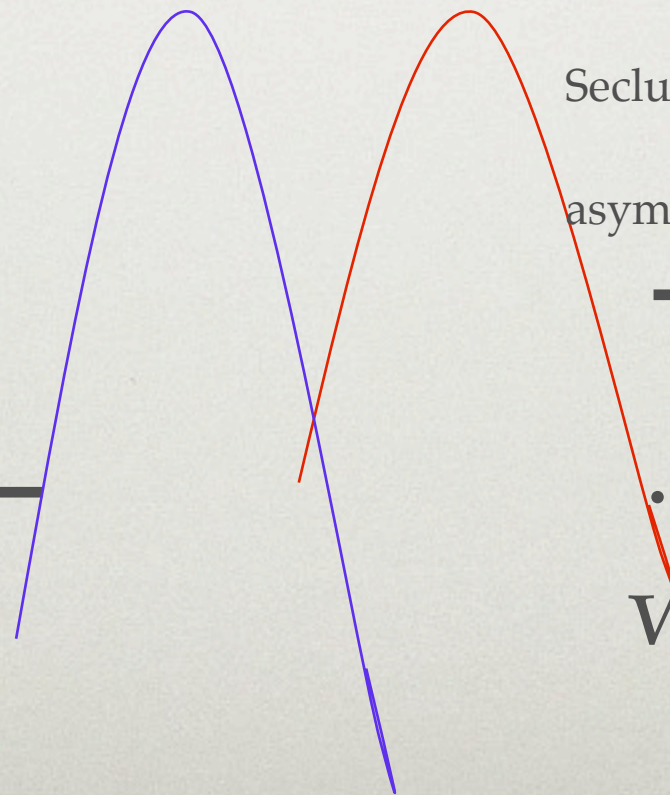
Our thinking has shifted



From a single, stable weakly interacting particle ....  
(WIMP, axion)

Models: Supersymmetric light DM sectors, Secluded WIMPs, WIMPless DM, Asymmetric DM ...  
Production: freeze-in, freeze-out and decay, asymmetric abundance, non-thermal mechanisms ....

$M_p \sim 1 \text{ GeV}$   
Standard Model



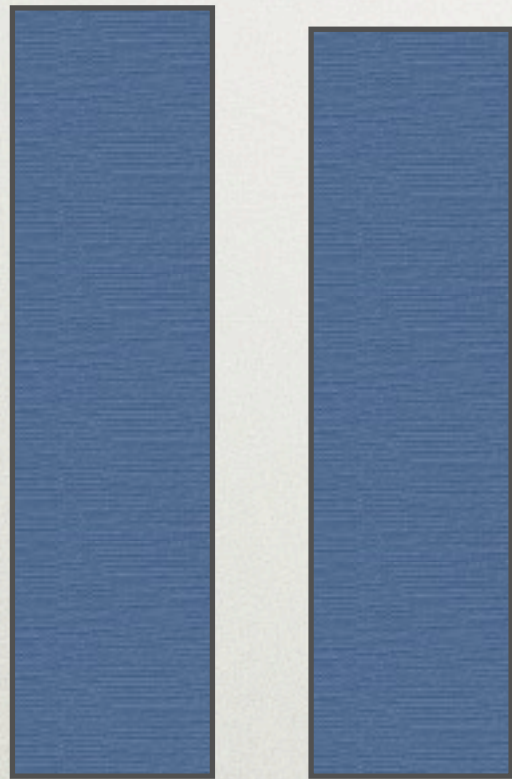
...to a hidden world with multiple states, new interactions



# CHEMICAL POTENTIAL DARK MATTER

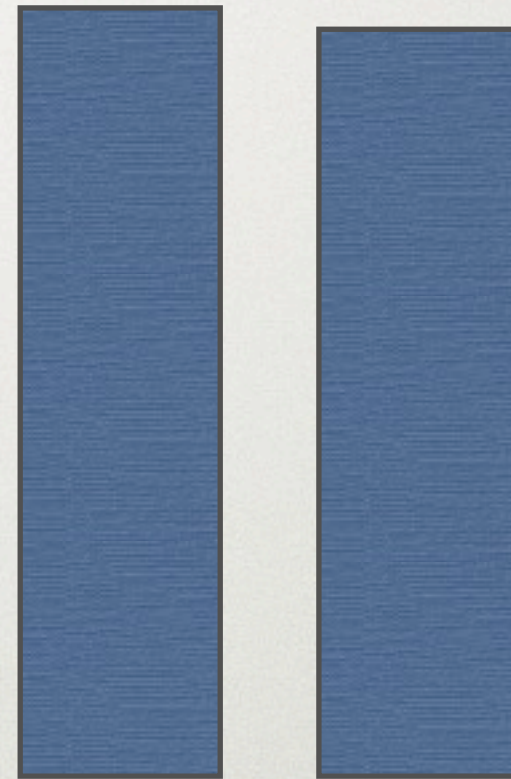
---

Matter Anti-matter



Visible

Matter Anti-Matter

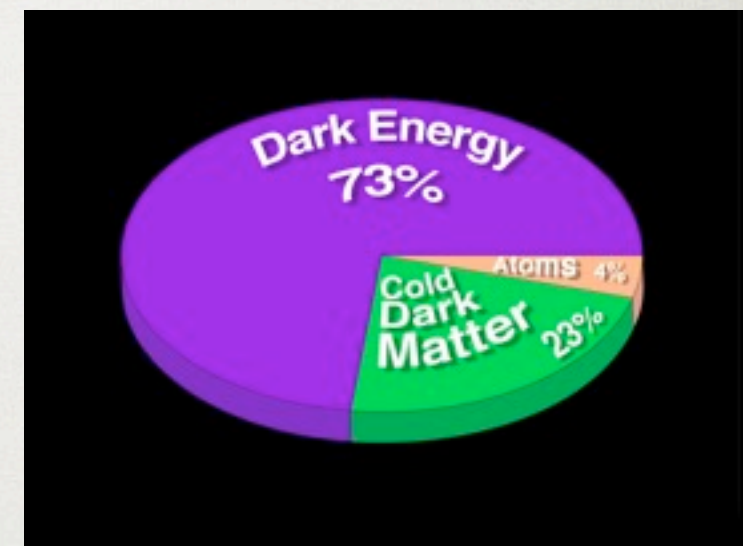


Dark



# BARYON AND DM NUMBER RELATED?

- Standard picture: freeze-out of annihilation; baryon and DM number unrelated
- Accidental, or dynamically related?



Experimentally,  $\Omega_{DM} \approx 5\Omega_b$

Mechanism  $n_{DM} \approx n_b$



$m_{DM} \approx 5m_p$

Nussinov,  
Hall, Gelmini,  
Barr, Chivukula, Farhi,  
D.B. Kaplan



# WHAT DOES AN ADM MODEL DO?

---

KZ 1308.0338

1. *Share* an asymmetry between the visible and dark sectors
2. *Decouple* transfer mechanism to separately freeze-in the asymmetries in both sectors
3. *Annihilate* the symmetric abundance

$$n_X - n_{\bar{X}} \sim n_b - n_{\bar{b}}$$



$$m_X \sim 5m_p \simeq 5 \text{ GeV}$$



# 1. SHARING

---

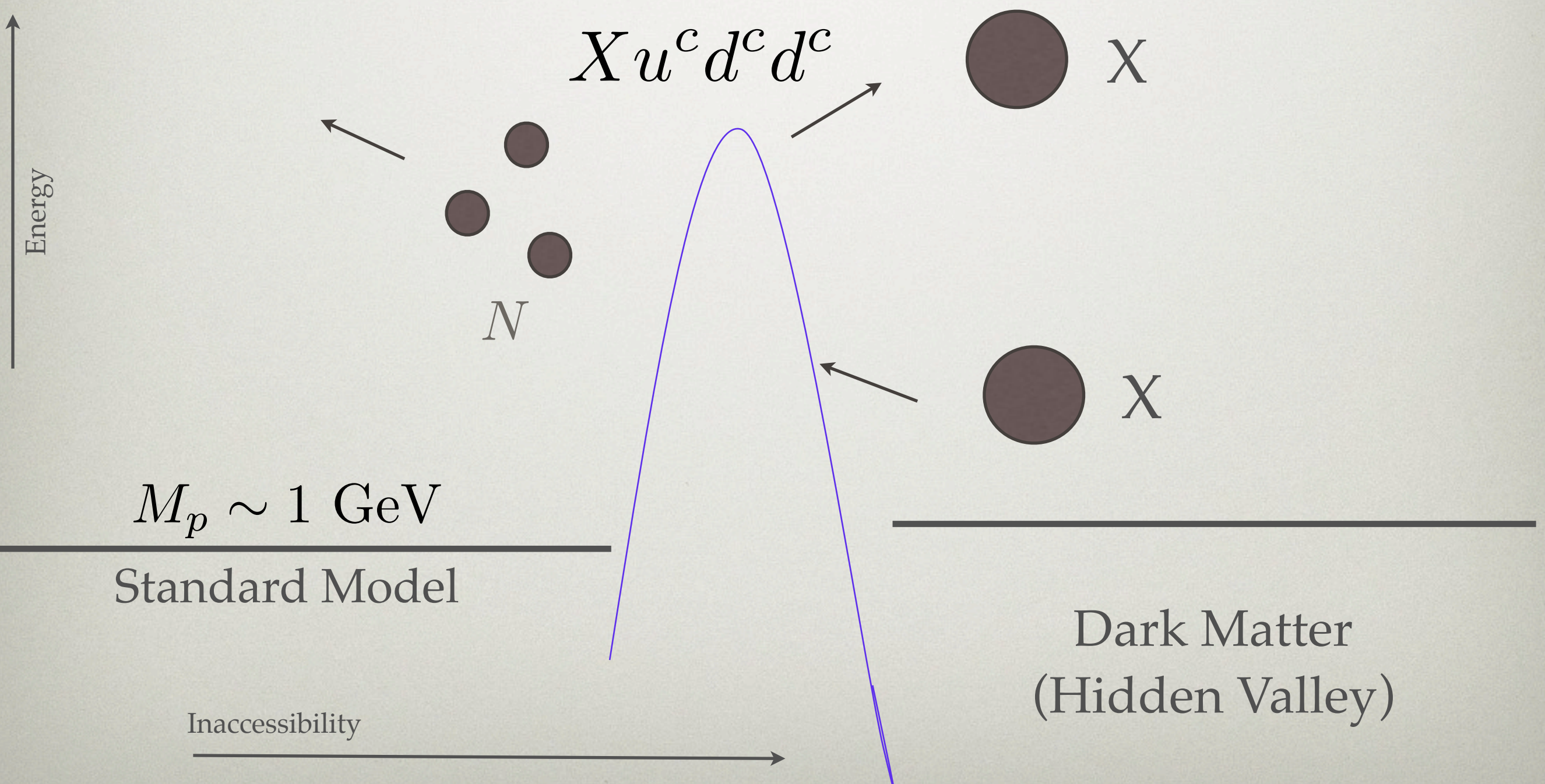
- Really 3 basic mechanisms
  1. Sphalerons (often EW)
  2. Higher dimension operators (HDO)
  3. Decay (different dynamics than HDO but same Lagrangian)



# 2. DECOUPLING

“Integrate out” heavy state  
Higher dimension operators:

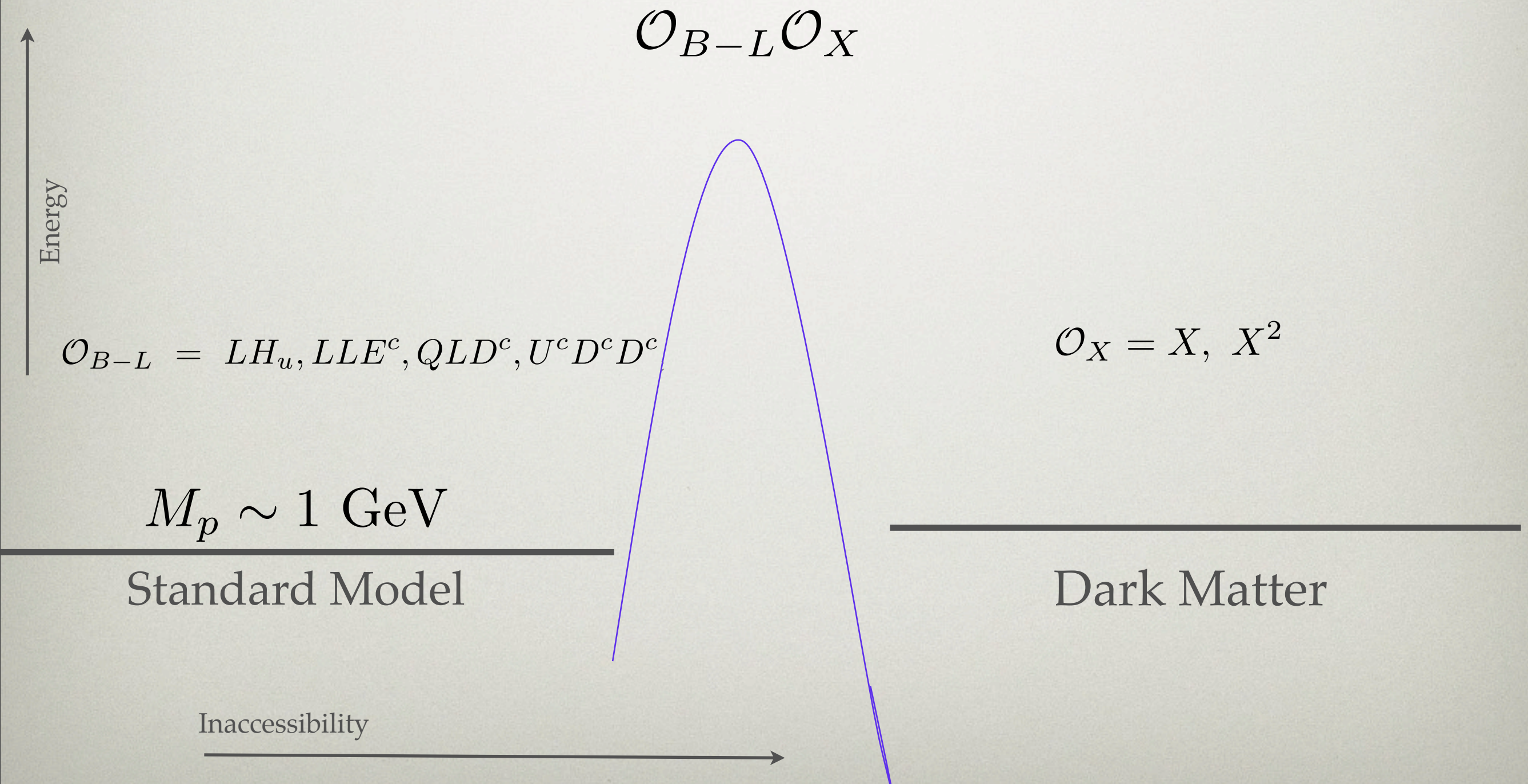
Luty, Kaplan, KZ  
0901.4117





# 2. DECOUPLING

Luty, Kaplan, KZ  
0901.4117

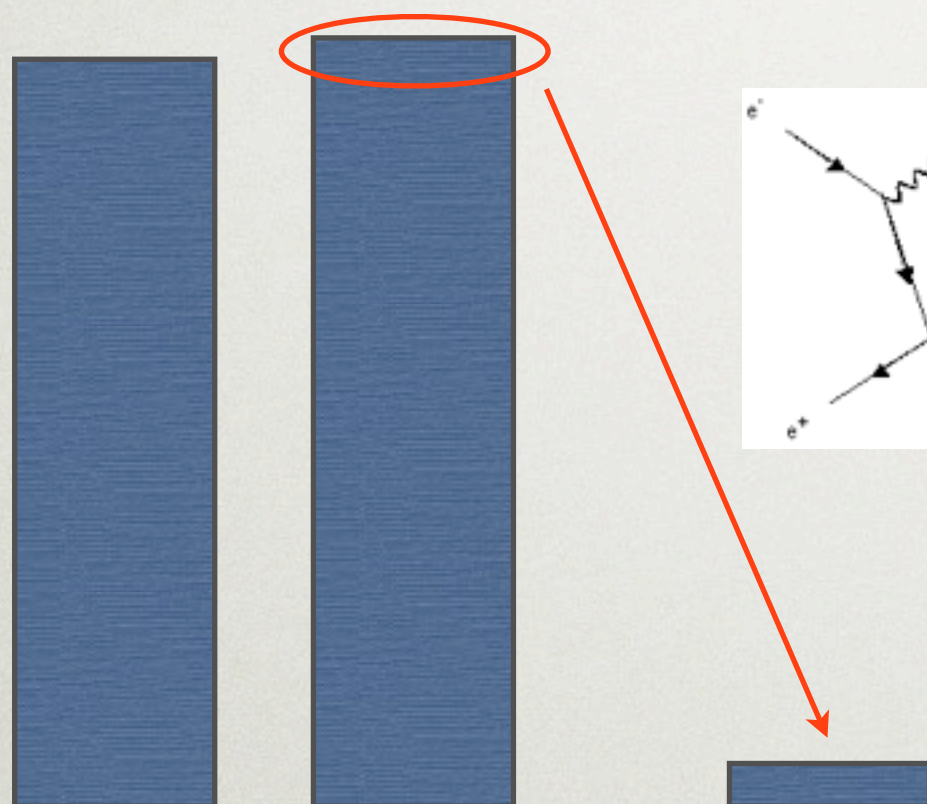




# 3. ANNIHILATION

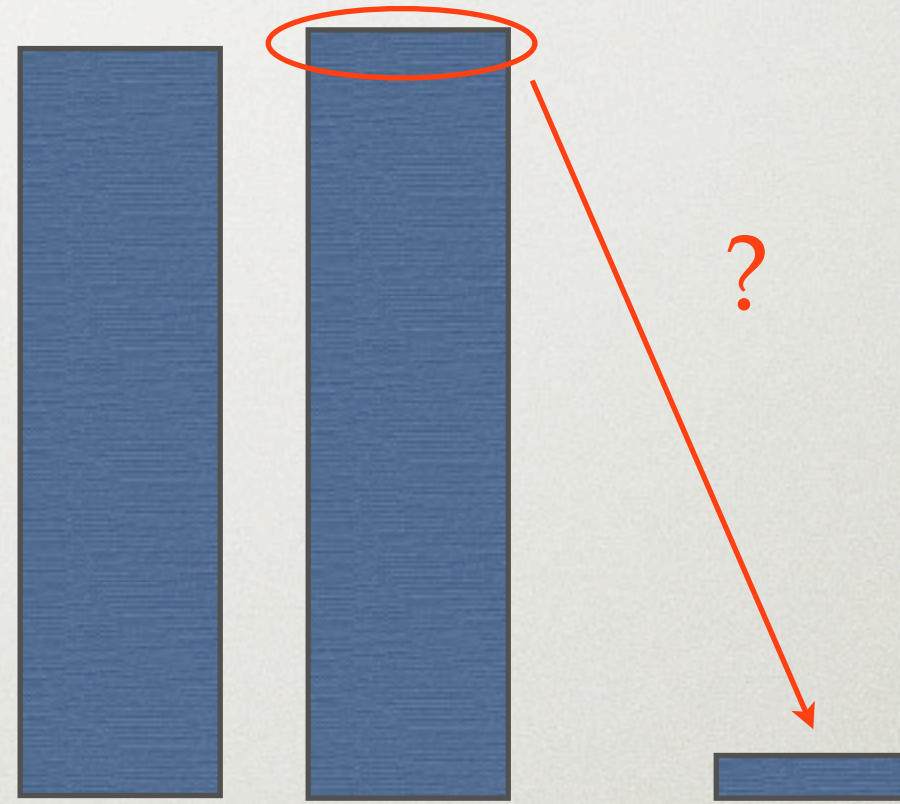
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Anti-matter Matter



Visible

Matter Anti-Matter



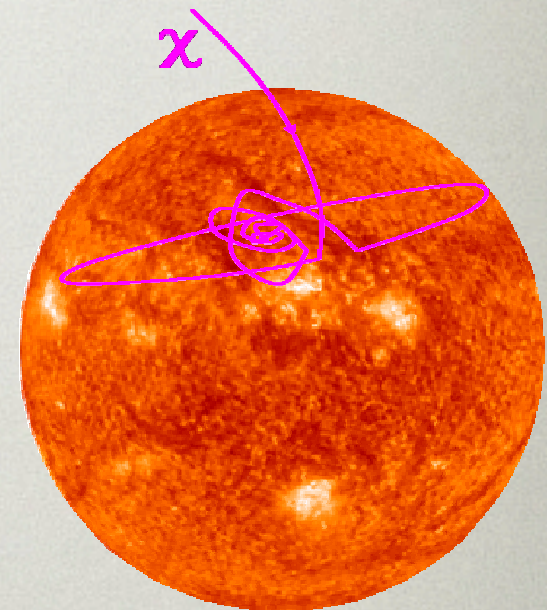
Dark



# ASTROPHYSICAL IMPLICATIONS

---

- DM does not annihilate
- It can accumulate in the center of stars
- Notable case: neutron stars
- Elastically scatter, come to rest in core
- High density!





# ADM, BLACK HOLE AND NEUTRON STARS

---

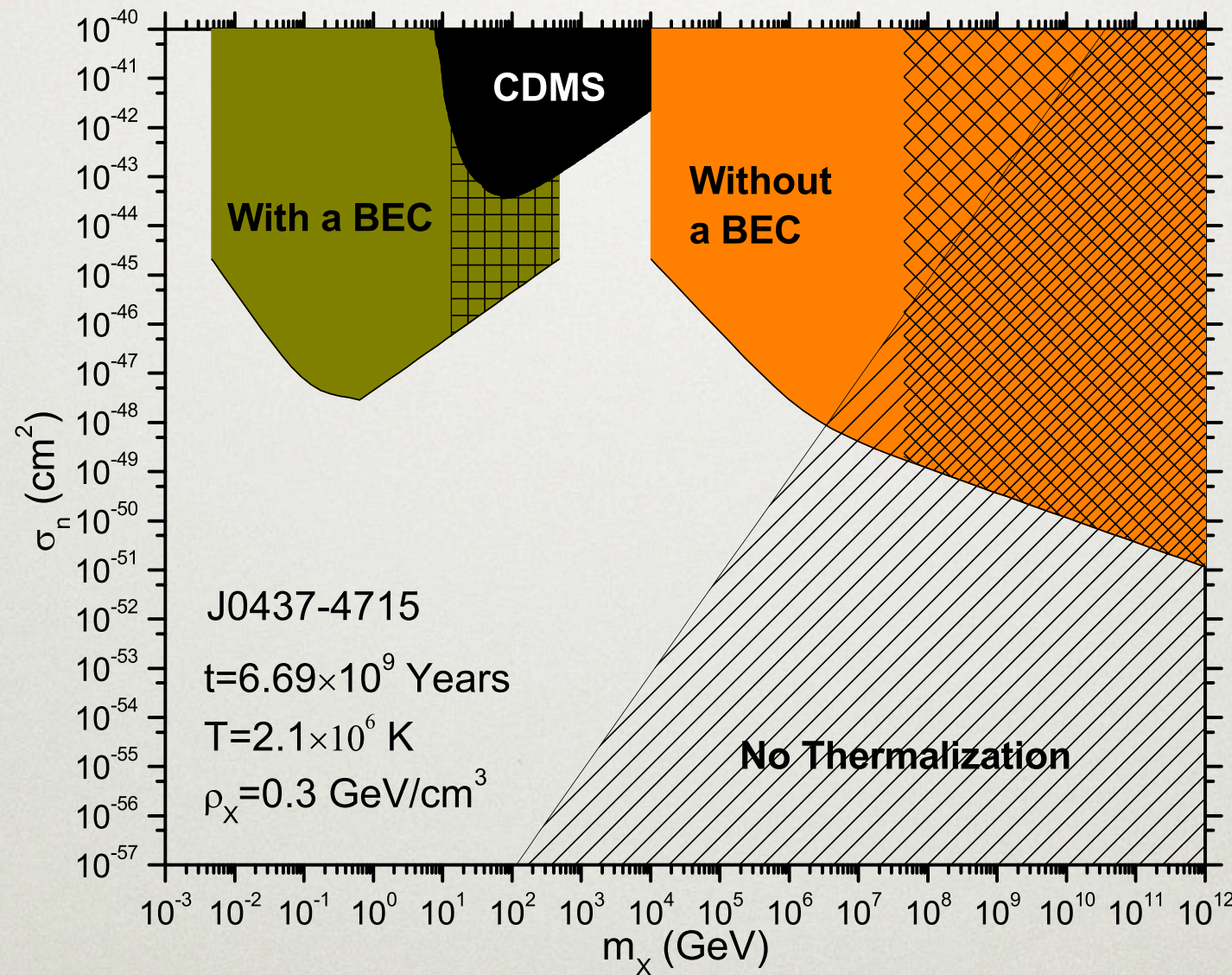
McDermott, Yu, KZ 1103.5472

- Spin-0 ADM can lead to BH formation:
  - DM continues to accumulate until there are enough that they self-gravitate
  - OR, they first form Bose-Einstein condensate and then self-gravitate
  - Once they self-gravitate, they can collapse to form a BH!



# ADM, BLACK HOLE AND NEUTRON STARS

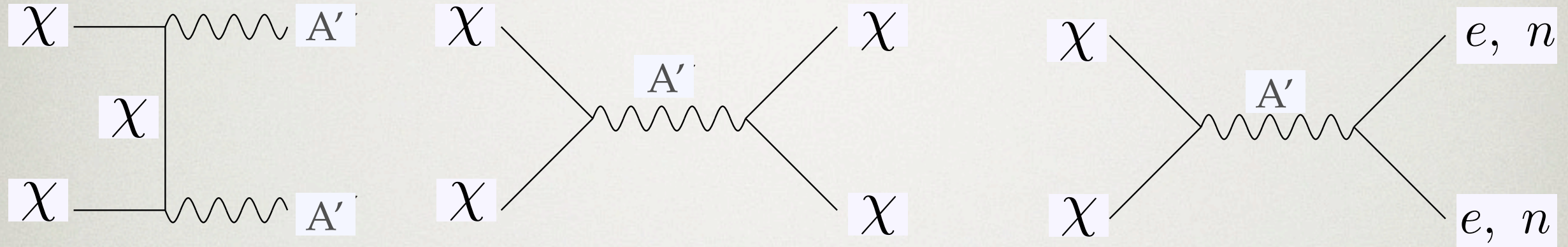
McDermott, Yu, KZ 1103.5472





# DARK FORCES AND DM INTERACTIONS

---



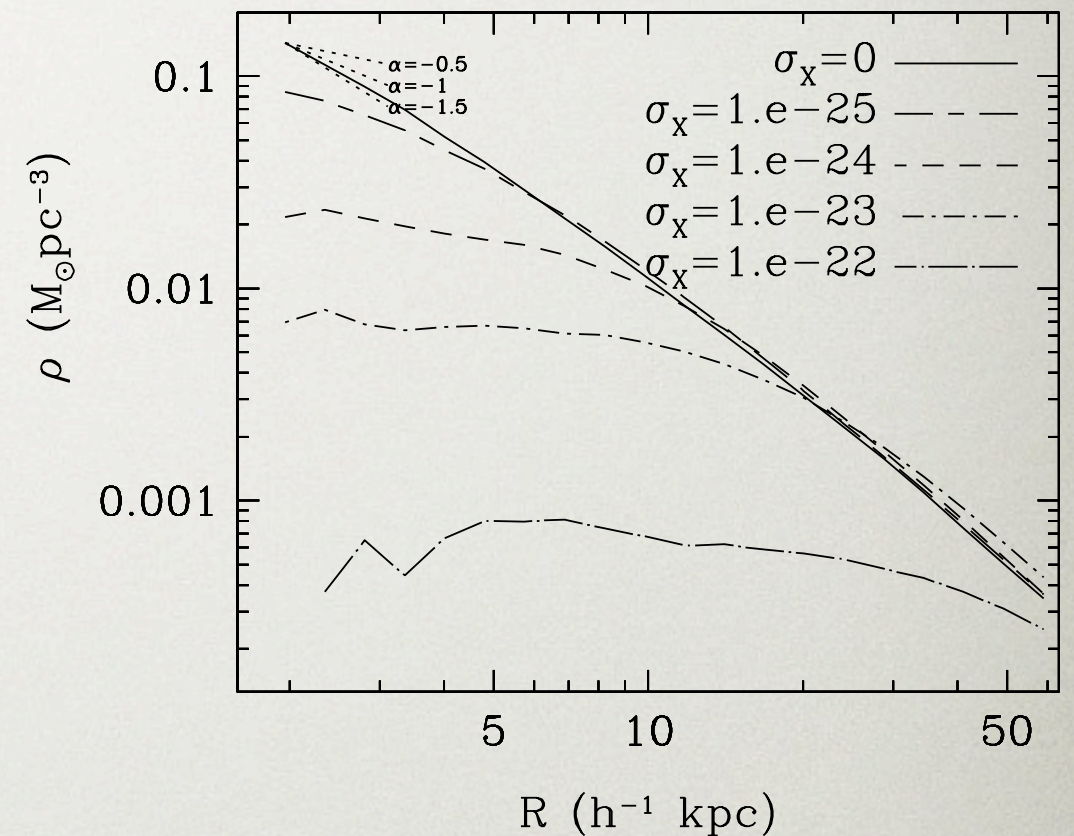
- Dark Forces Very Important for Asymmetric Dark Matter!
- May also be important for structure of DM halos
- May be important for DM direct detection and collider searches



# DM INTERACTIONS AND DM HALOS

- Dark matter self-interactions randomize momenta and isotropize halos
- Lead to lower density dark matter halo cores
- Dark matter halos (including baryon poor dwarf galaxies) seem to have cores rather than cusps (still controversy as to cause)

Dave, Spergel, Steinhardt, Wandelt



$$\sigma_T \approx 5 \times 10^{-23} \text{ cm}^2 \left( \frac{\alpha_X}{0.01} \right)^2 \left( \frac{m_X}{10 \text{ GeV}} \right)^2 \left( \frac{10 \text{ MeV}}{m_\phi} \right)^4$$



# IMPLIES DARK FORCES!

---

- Very **big** scattering cross-sections

$$\sigma/m_X \sim 0.1 \text{ cm}^2/\text{g} \simeq 0.2 \times 10^{-24} \text{ cm}^2/\text{GeV} \quad (\sigma_{weak} \sim 10^{-39} \text{ cm}^2)$$

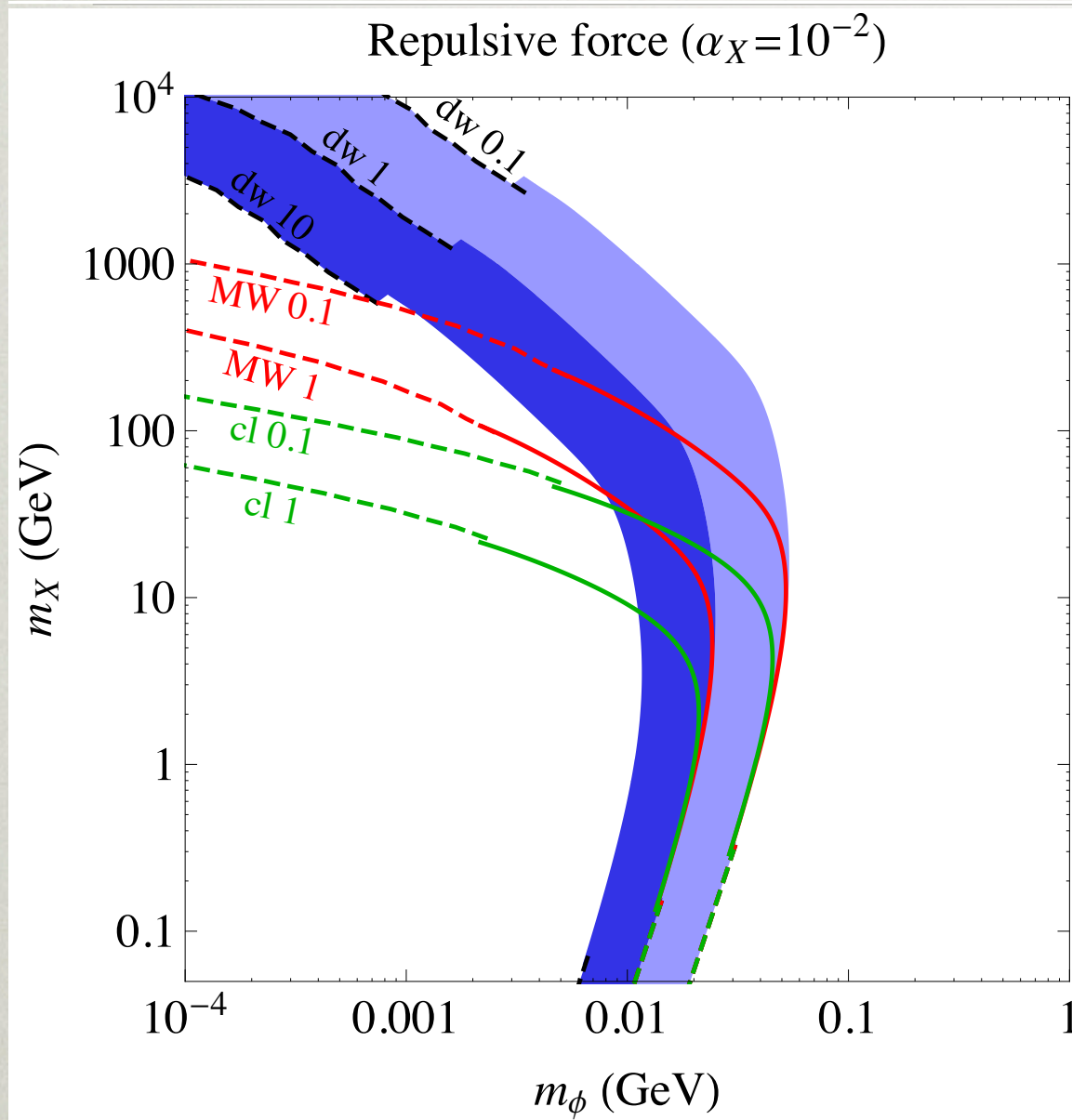
- Fits well with our new models of DM!

$$\sigma_T \approx 5 \times 10^{-23} \text{ cm}^2 \left(\frac{\alpha_X}{0.01}\right)^2 \left(\frac{m_X}{10 \text{ GeV}}\right)^2 \left(\frac{10 \text{ MeV}}{m_\phi}\right)^4$$

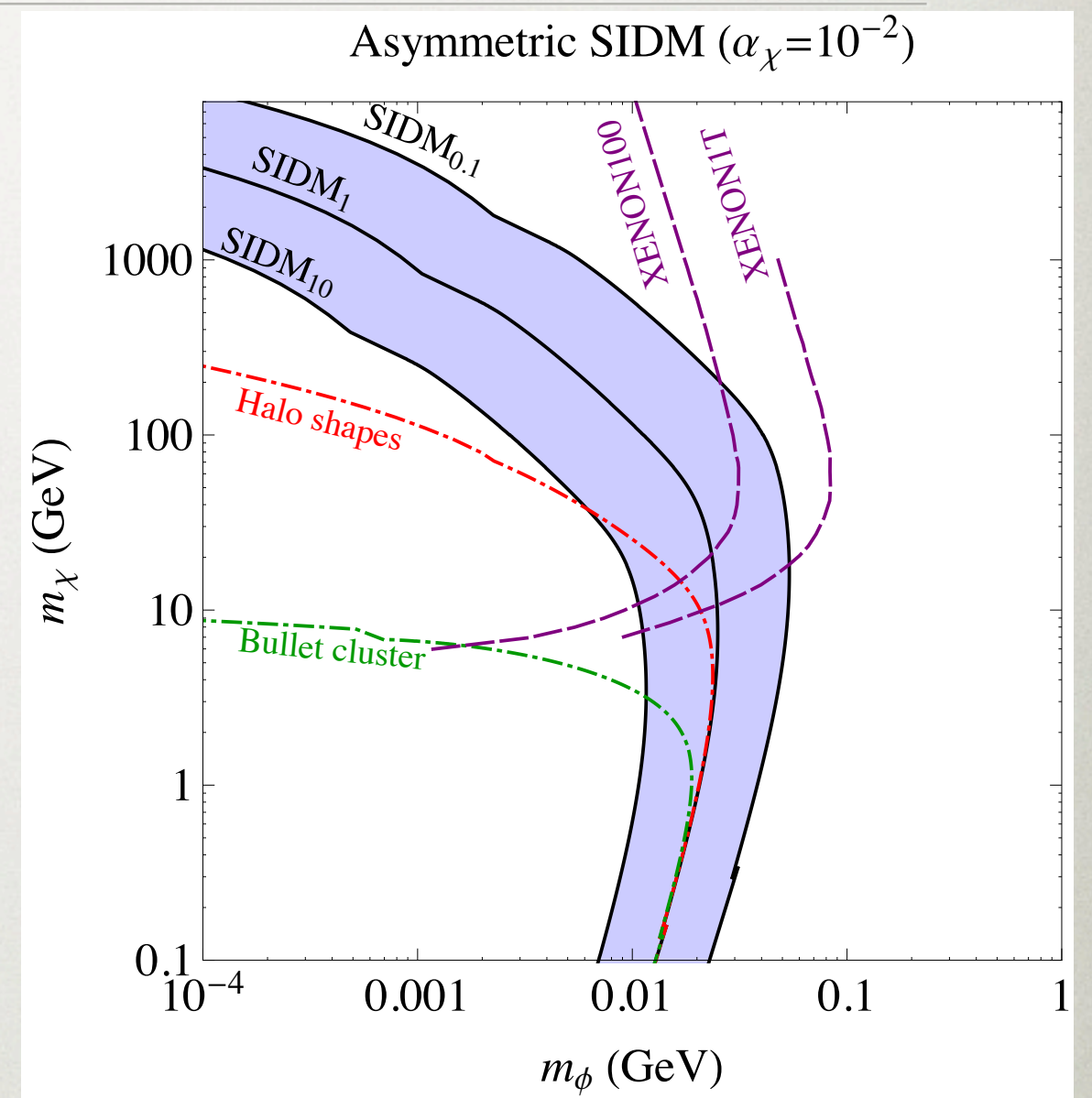
- Range of dynamics much bigger than previously thought
- Particle imprints on DM halos



# IMPLICATIONS FOR DIRECT DETECTION



Tulin, Yu, KZ



$$\epsilon = 10^{-10}$$

Kaplinghat, Tulin, Yu

$$g_q \gtrsim 1.6 \times 10^{-11} \sqrt{1 \text{ GeV}/m_\phi}$$

from BBN

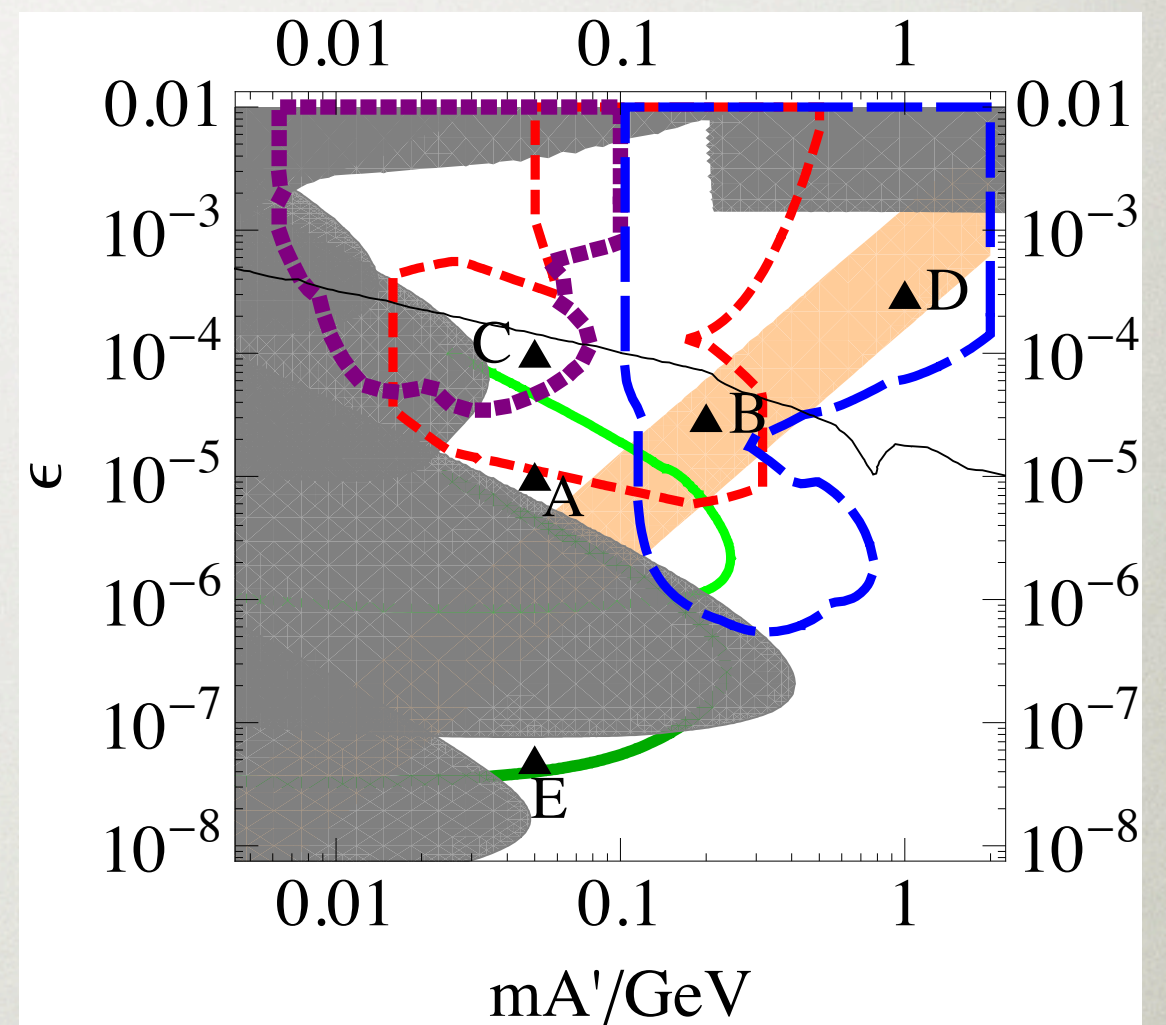
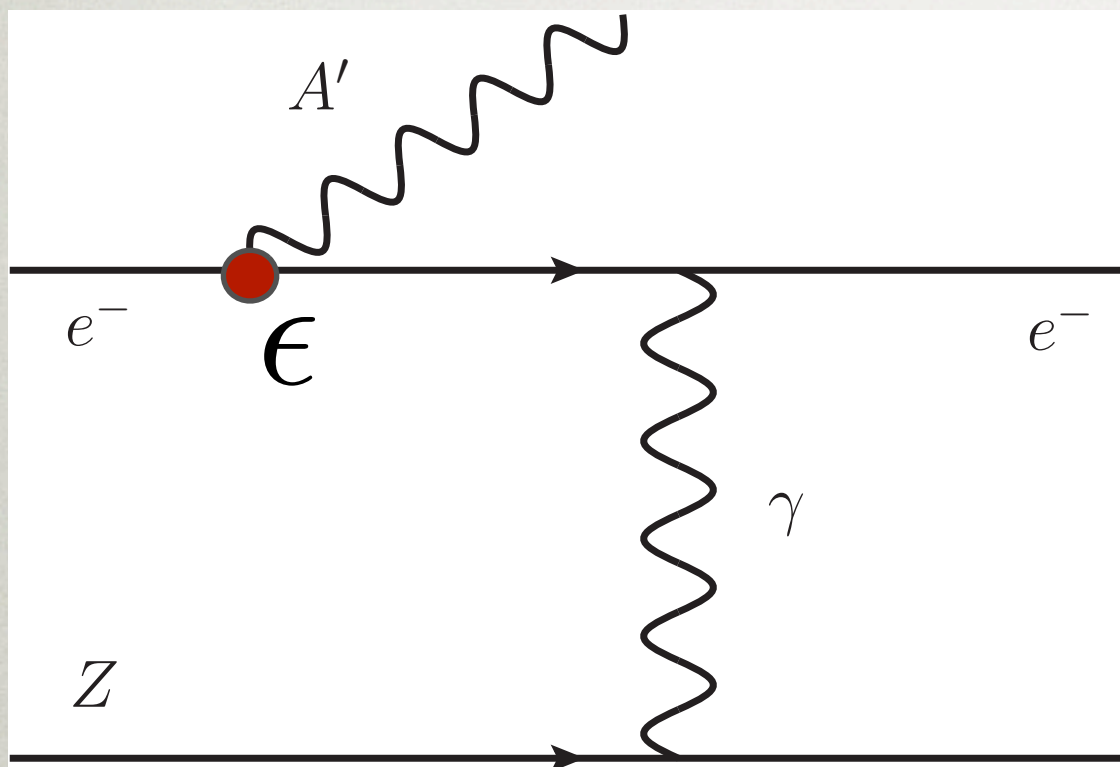
Lin, Yu, KZ

Reachable scattering cross-sections!



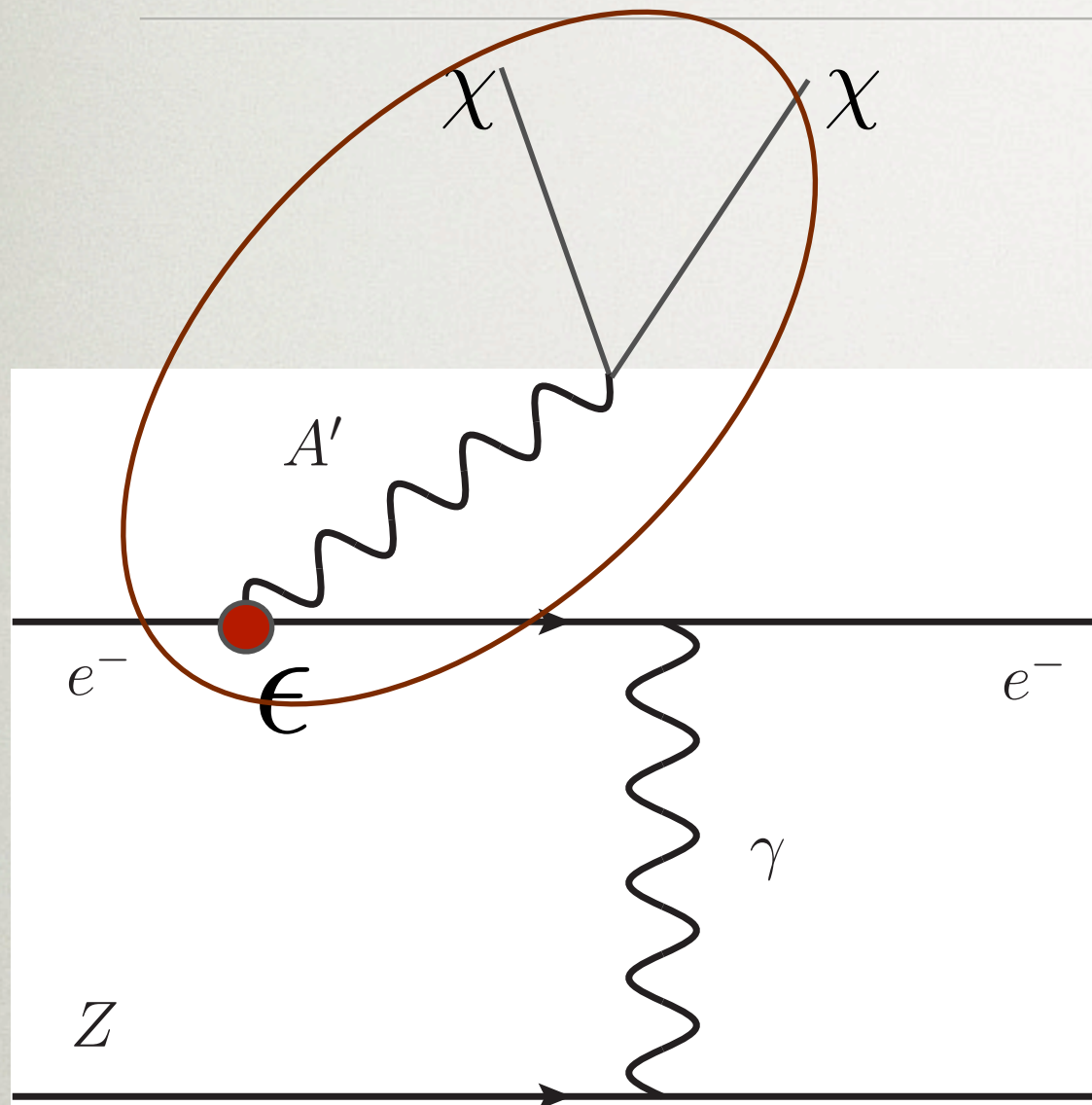
# LOW ENERGY ACCELERATOR CONSTRAINTS

Bjorken, Essig, Schuster, Toro

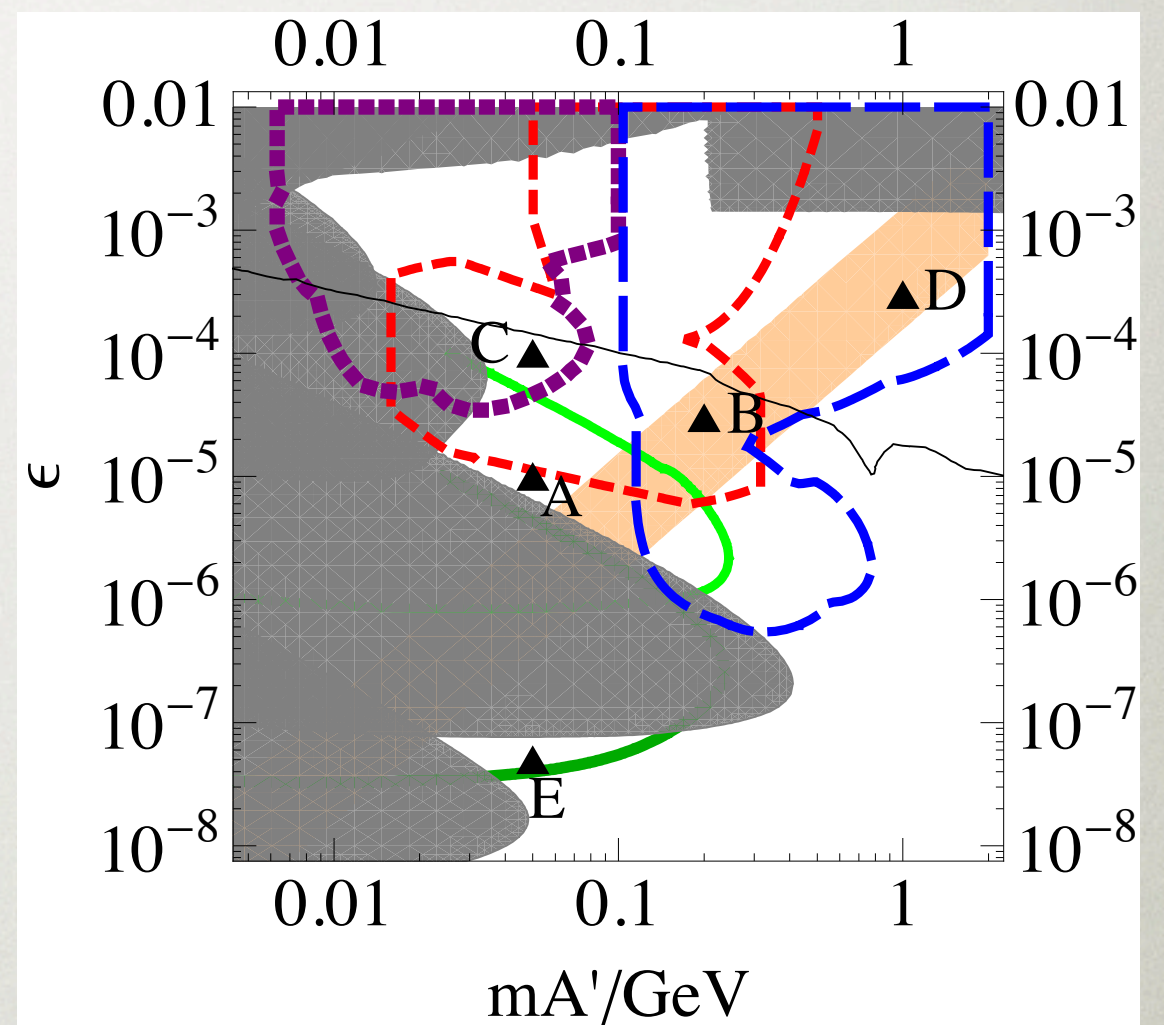




# TRANSLATE TO DIRECT DETECTION



Bjorken, Essig, Schuster, Toro





# THE LAMPPPOST PROBLEM

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- Great ideas! But are we too restricted by them?



CoGeNT  
CDMS  
DAMA

Galactic Center Excess

PAMELA

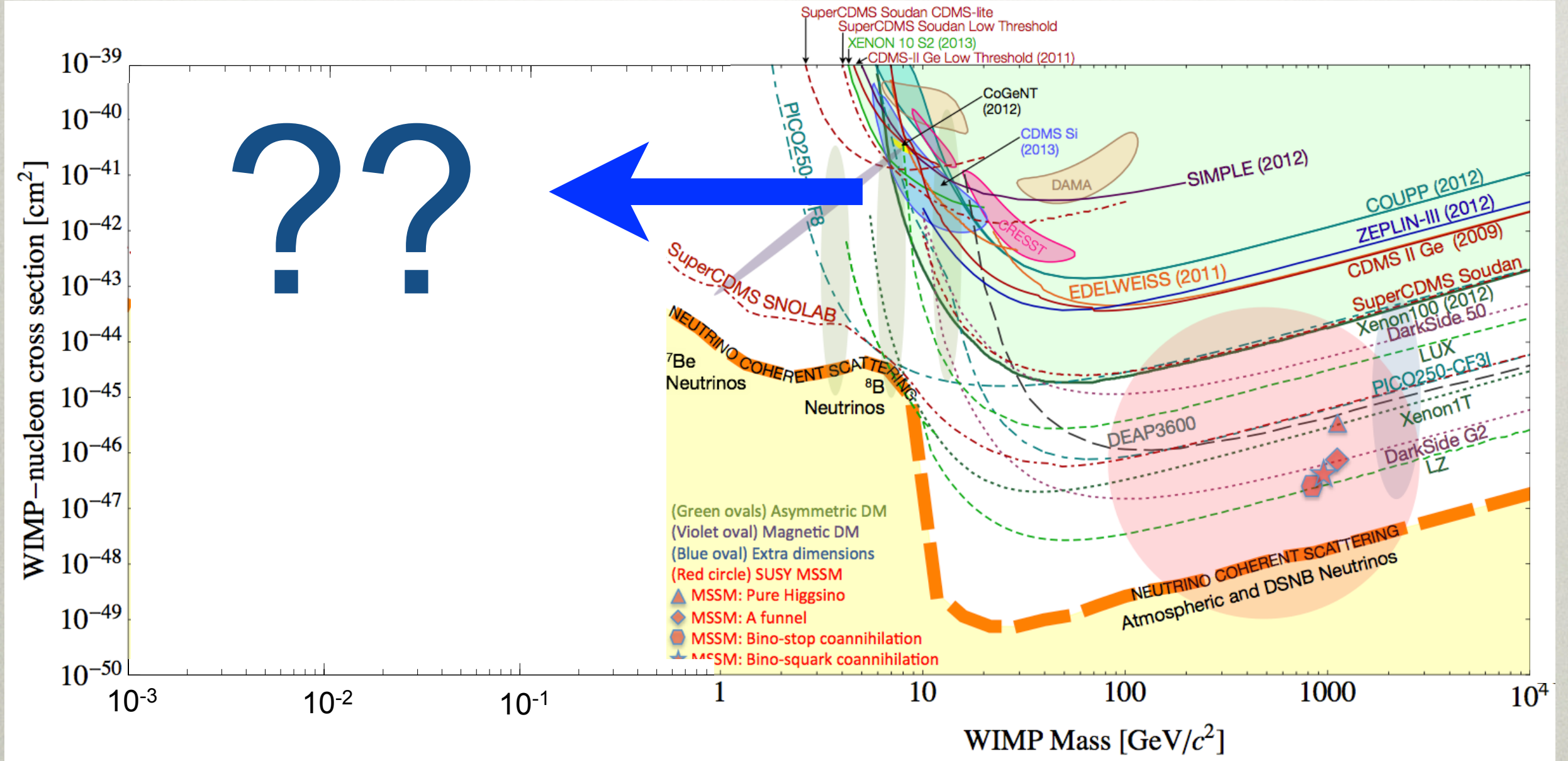
Fermi positron

Fermi line

- How can we be ready for anything?

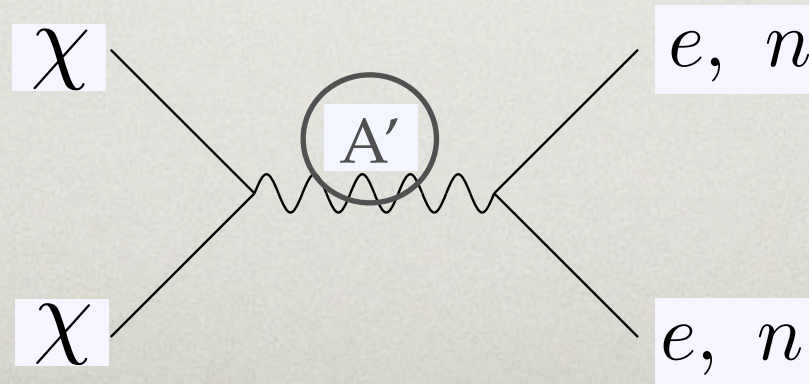
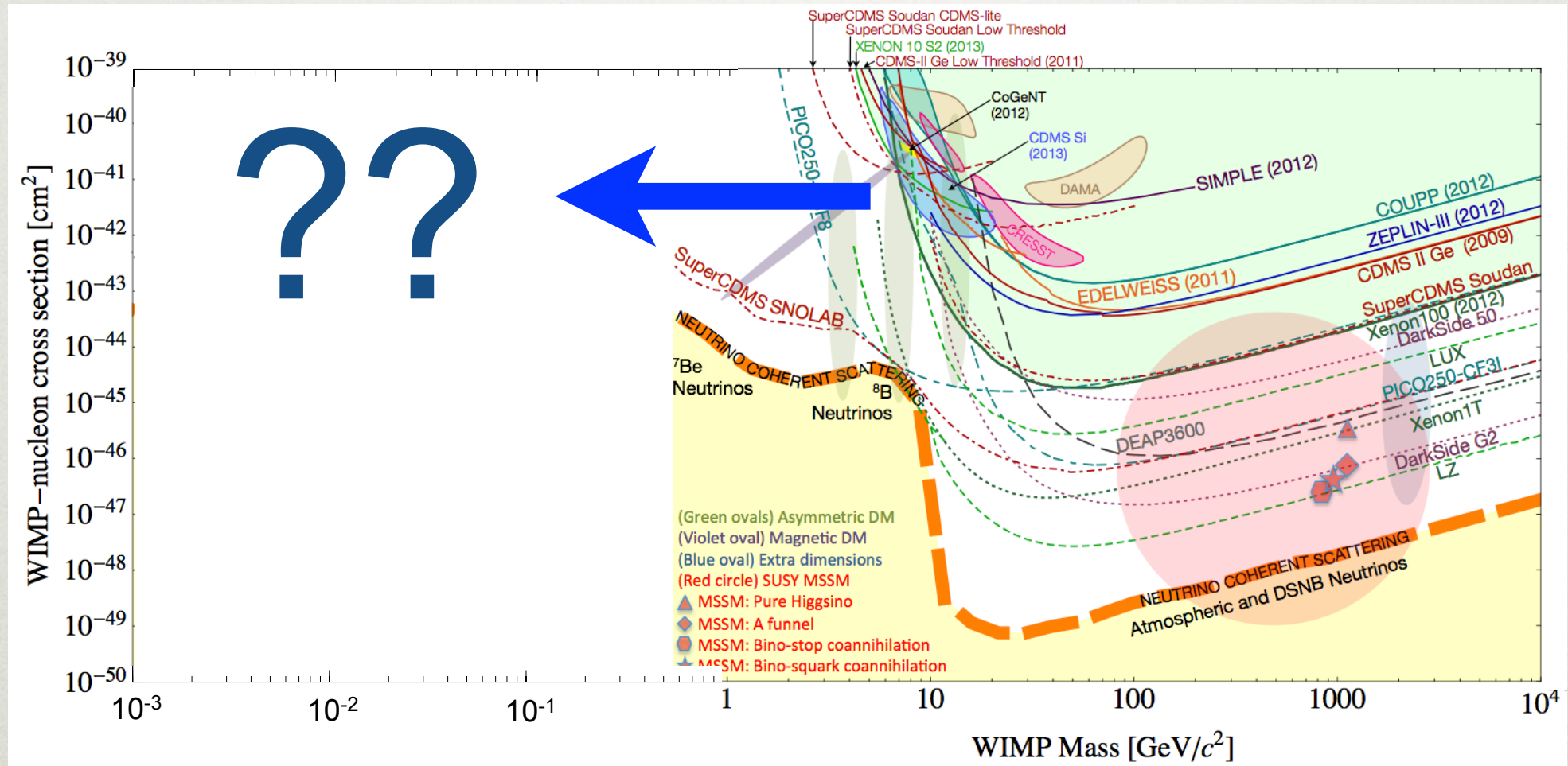


# TERRA INCOGNITA





# TERRA INCOGNITA



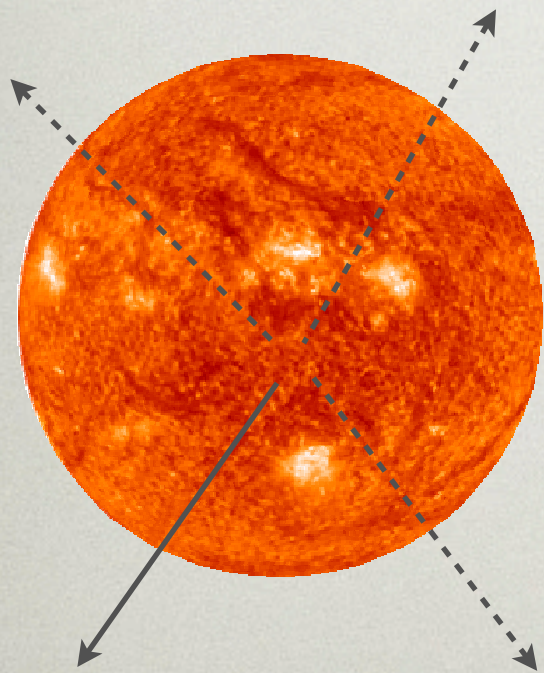


# LOW MASS DM CONSTRAINED BY ASTRO

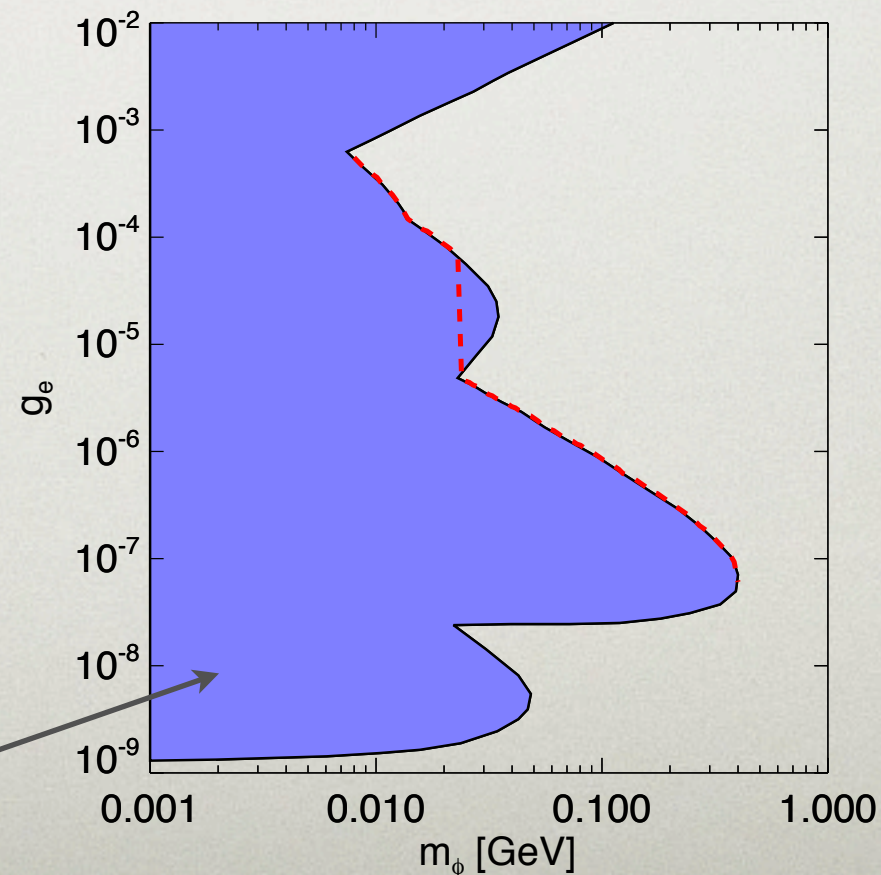
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- objects like supernovae ... may be produced inside object.

Cooling constraints places tight bounds

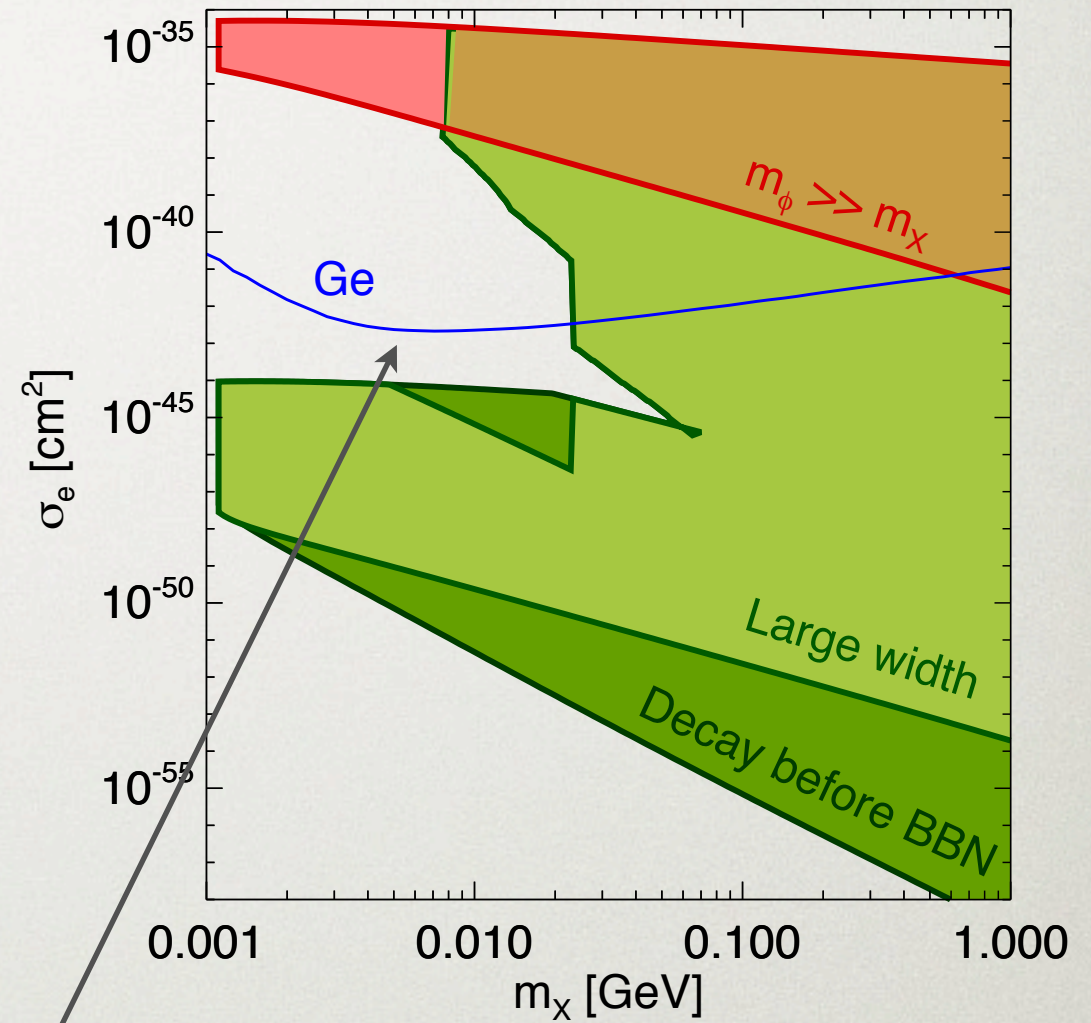
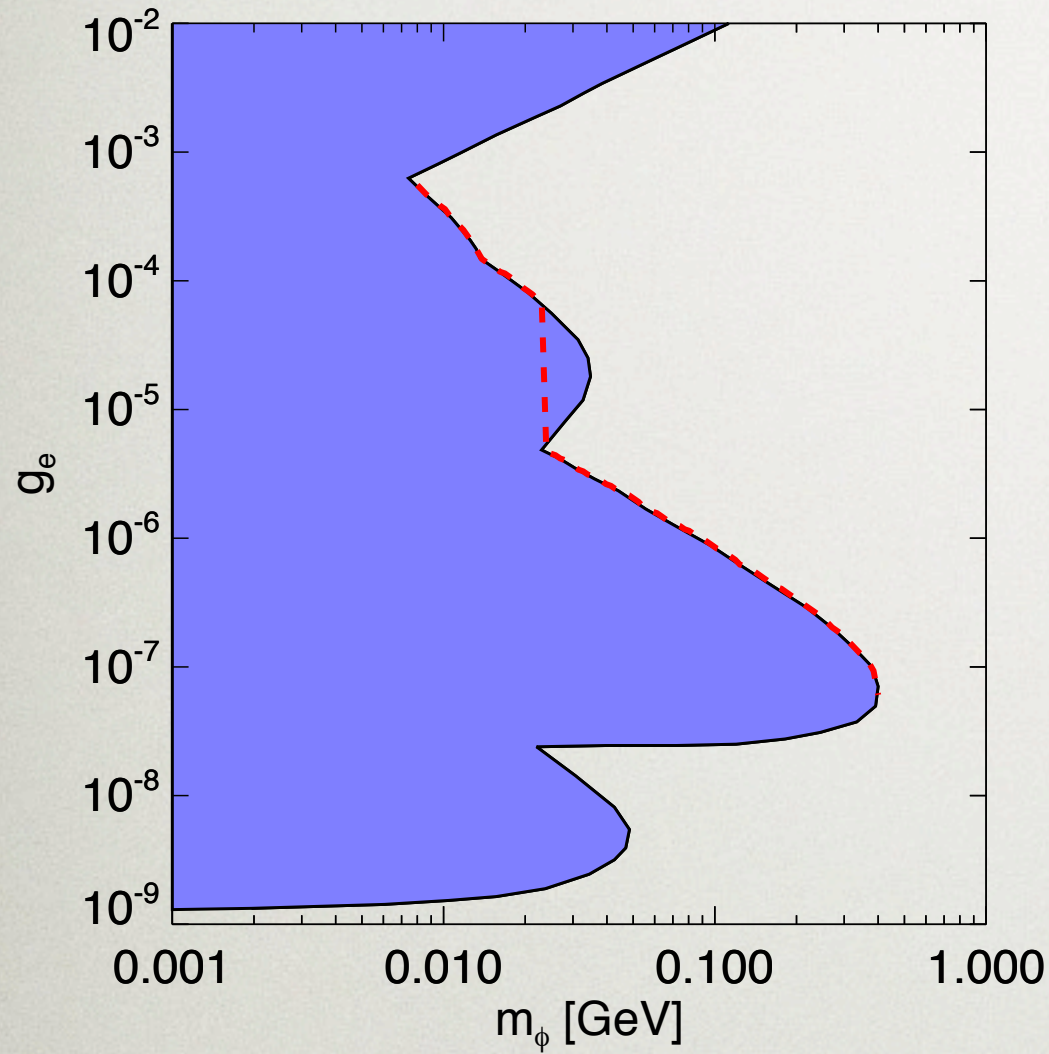


Supernova cooling





# MAP INTO DIRECT DETECTION PLANE



Lin, Yu, KZ 1111.0293

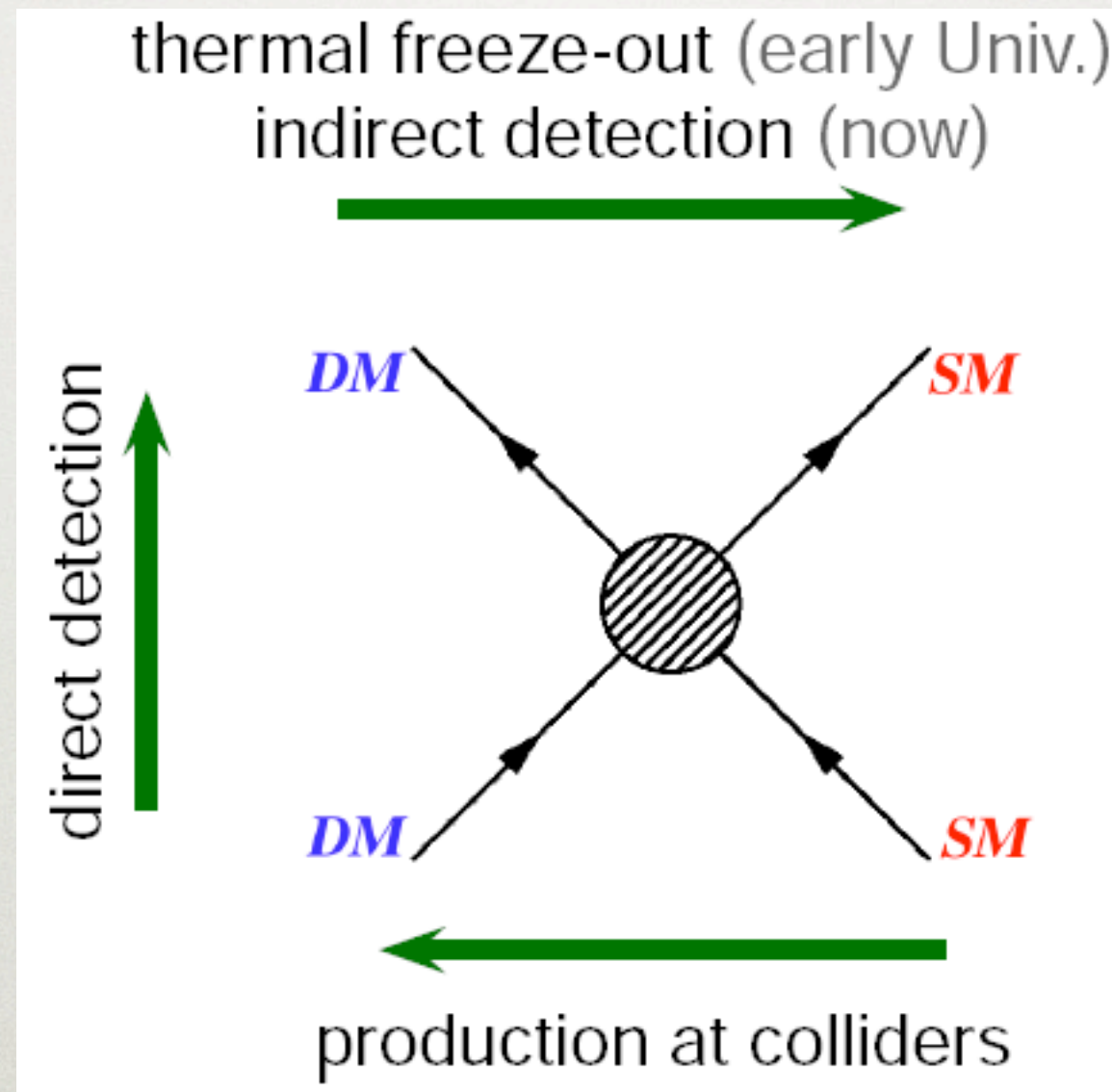
Projected maximum sensitivity of direct detection experiment

Cut-out gives combined constraints of beam dump + supernova + g-2



# COMPLEMENTARITY WITH LHC SEARCHES

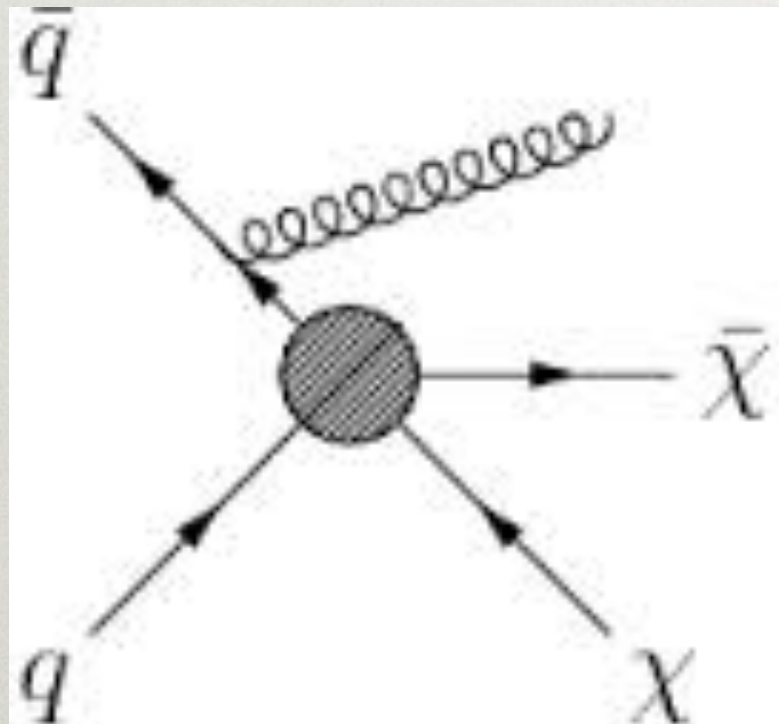
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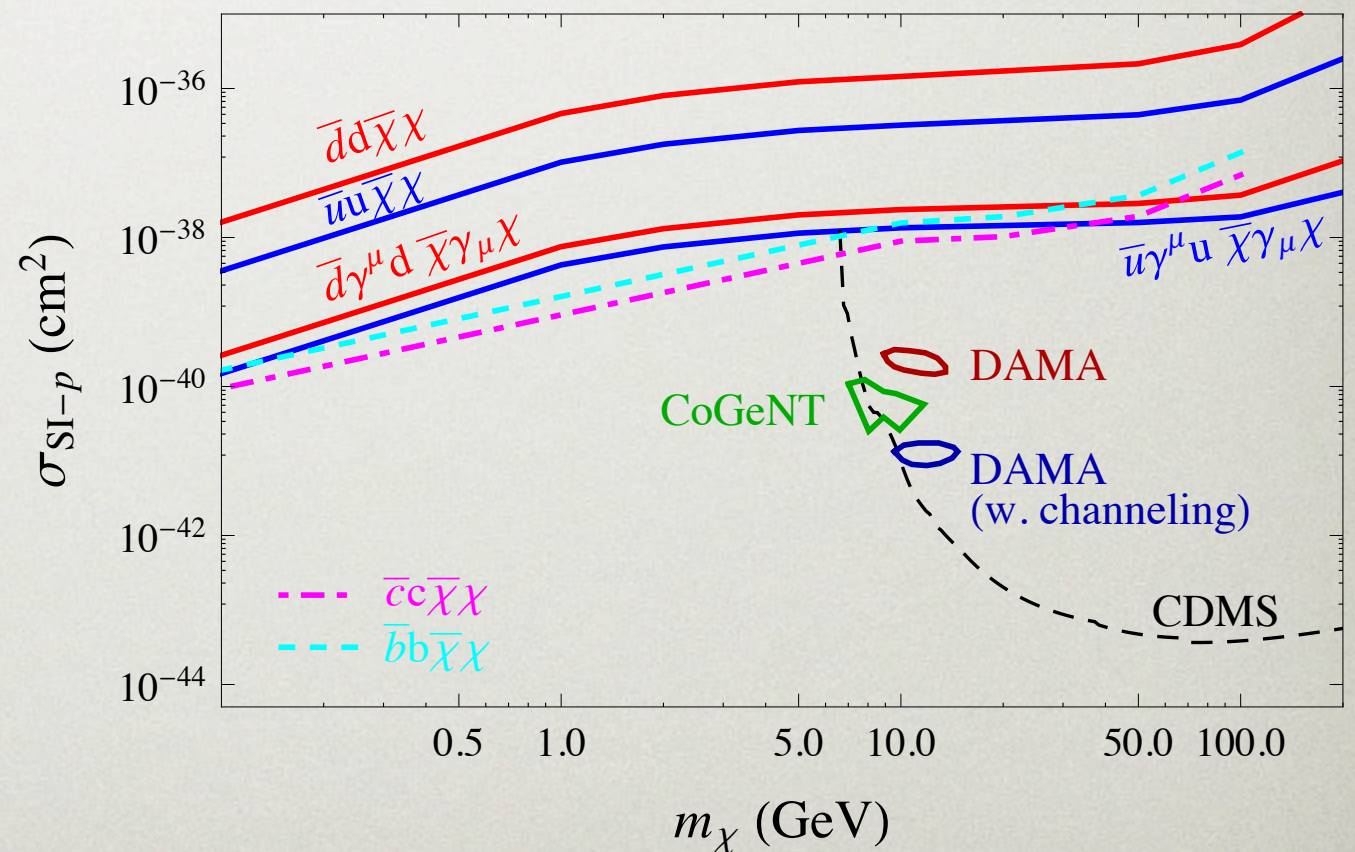


# COMPLEMENTARITY WITH LHC SEARCHES

- Monojet searches appear to rule out low mass dark matter



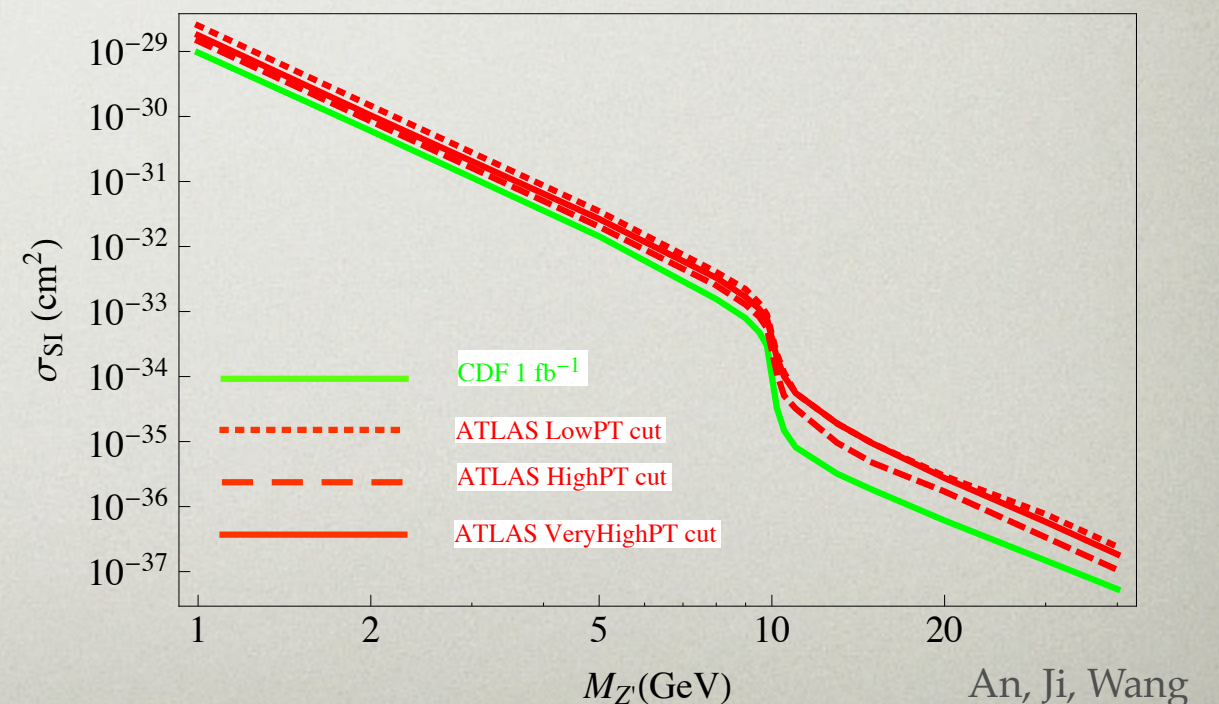
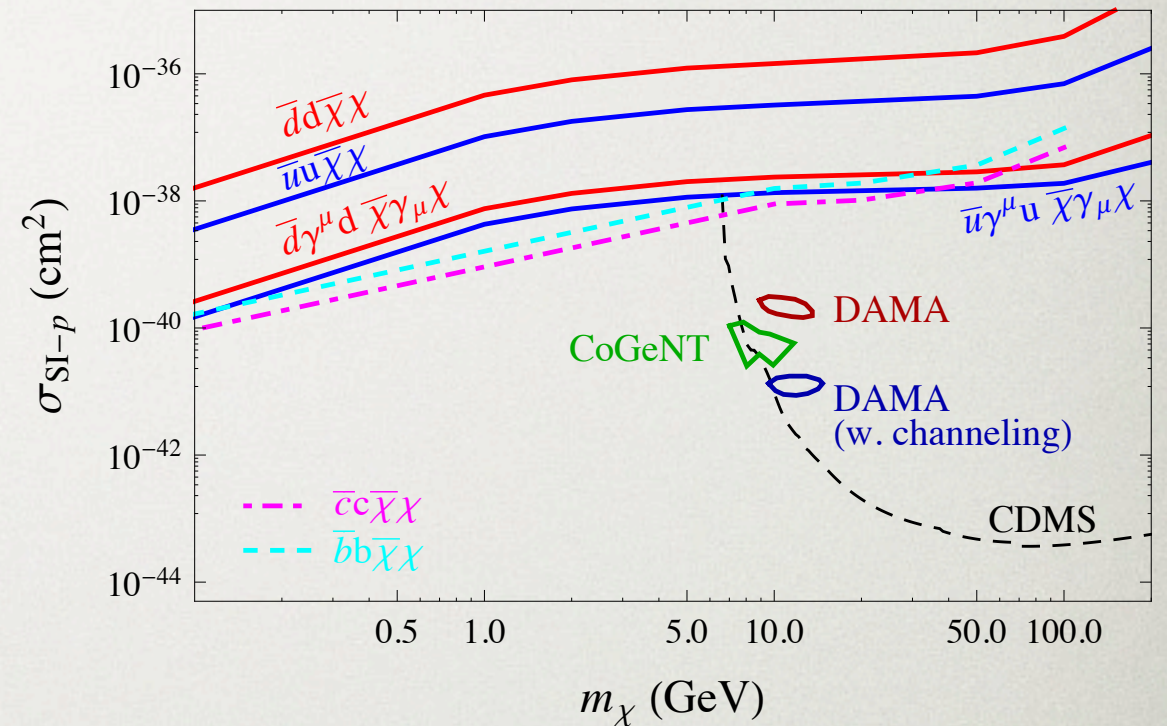
Bai, Fox, Harnik, 1005.3797





# WHEN DIRECT DETECTION BEATS COLLIDERS...

- Direct detection experiments are like a collider based intensity experiment *at low energies*
- Far more effective than high energy colliders -- e.g. monojets with light  $A'$  mediator



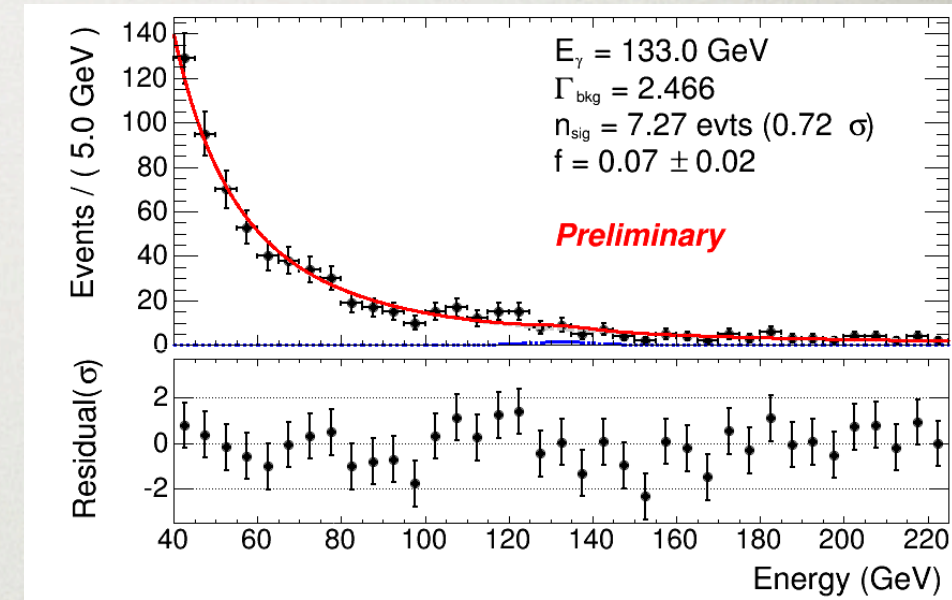
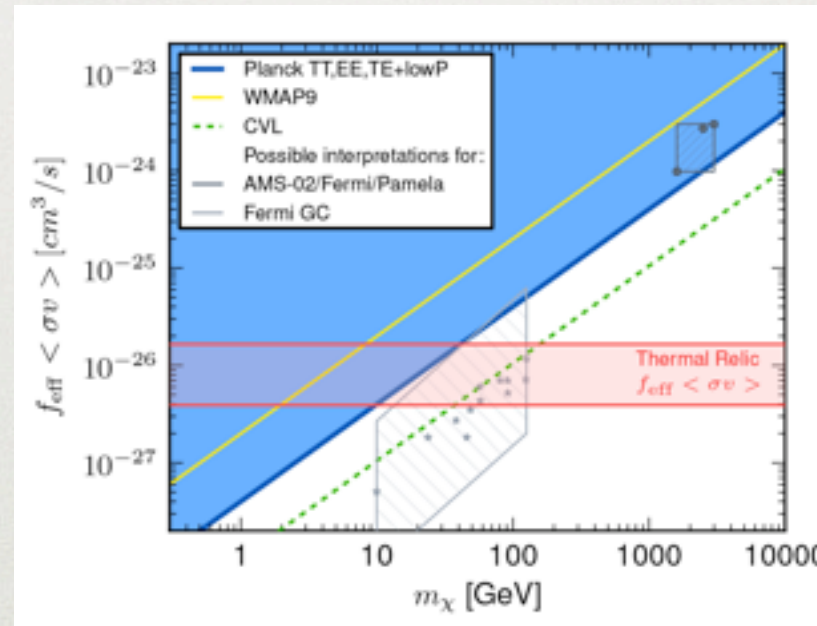
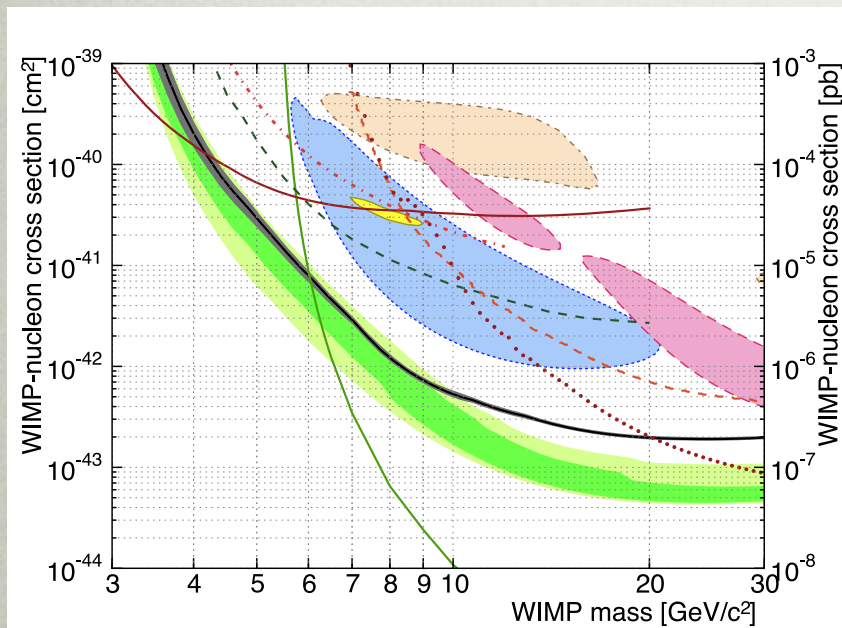


# WE SHOULD BE READY FOR SURPRISES ....

~~CoGeNT~~  
~~CDMS~~  
~~DAMA~~

~~PAMELA~~  
~~Fermi positron~~  
~~AMS~~

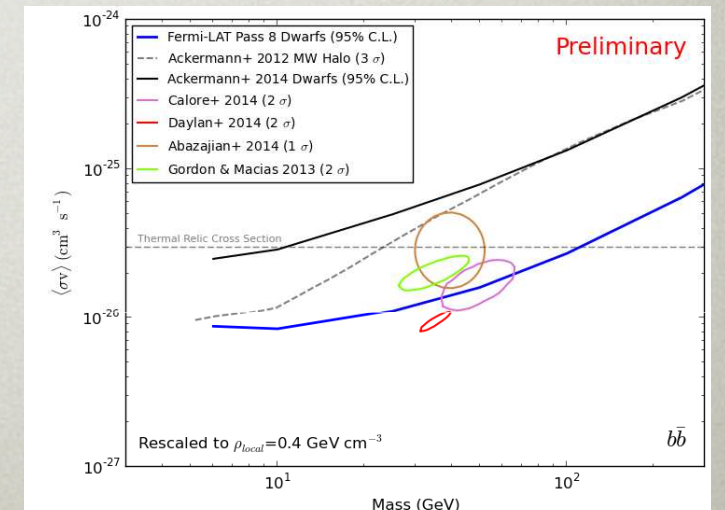
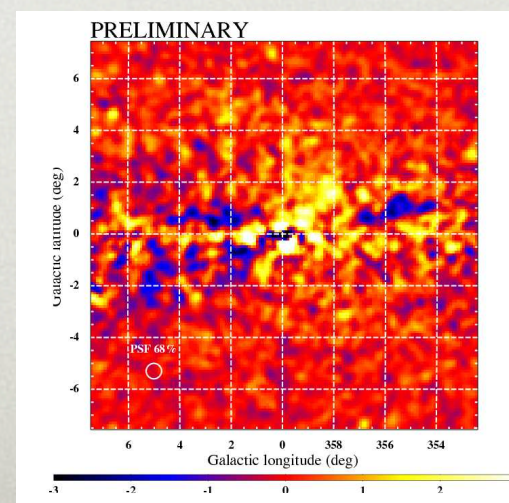
~~Fermi 130 GeV line~~



SuperCDMS 1402.7137

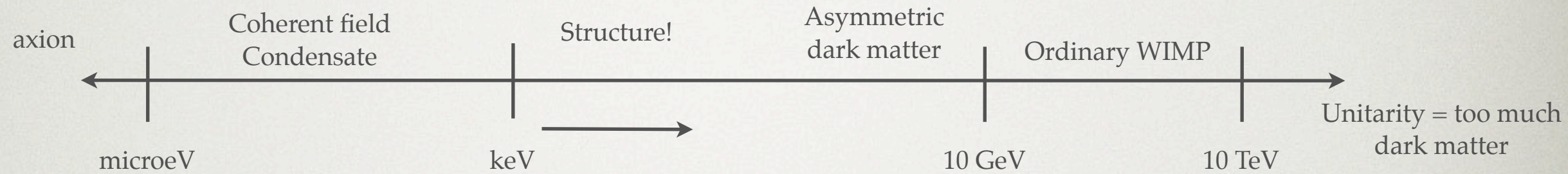
Planck results 2014

Galactic Center Excess ?

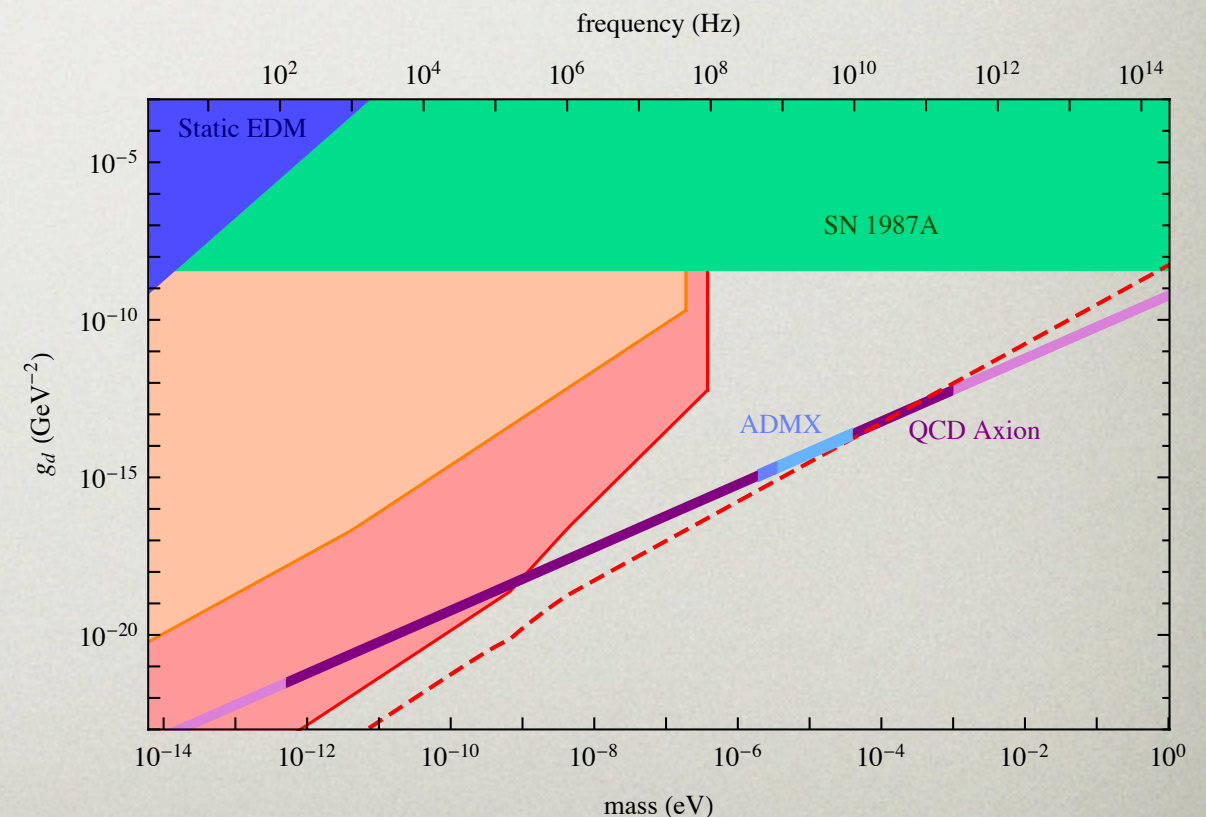




# ULTRALIGHT DIRECTION



- Axion
- Can make use of coherence effects (bose einstein condensate)
- New experimental directions to probe more of this parameter space



Barbieri et al Phys Lett B226 (1989) 357

Budker et al 1306.6089



# NEW EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS ...

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... have forced us to look outside the lamp post.  
This is very complimentary to the new  
theoretical landscape.

CoGeNT  
CDMS  
DAMA



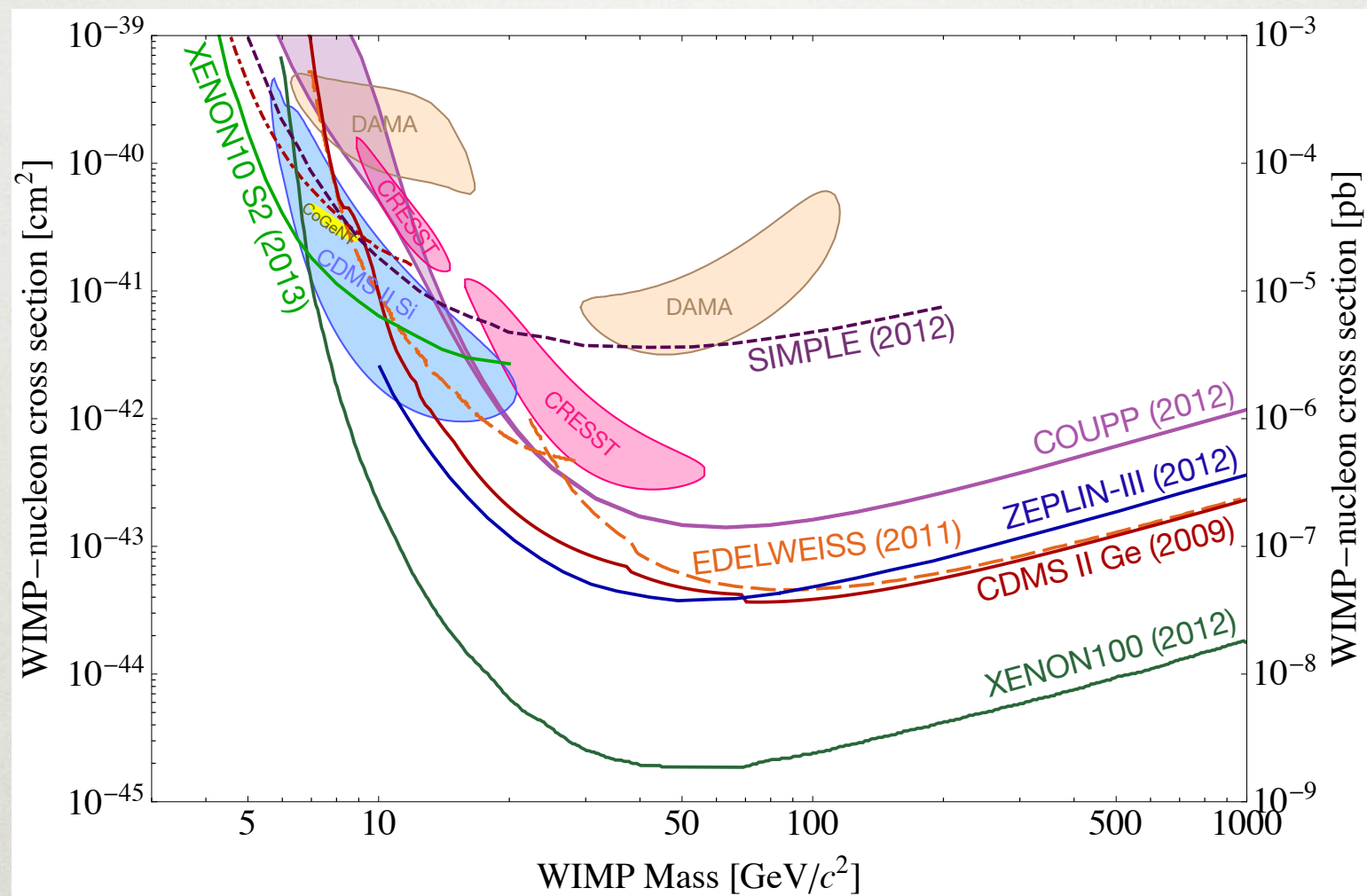
PAMELA

Fermi positron

Fermi line



# DIRECT DETECTION ANOMALIES

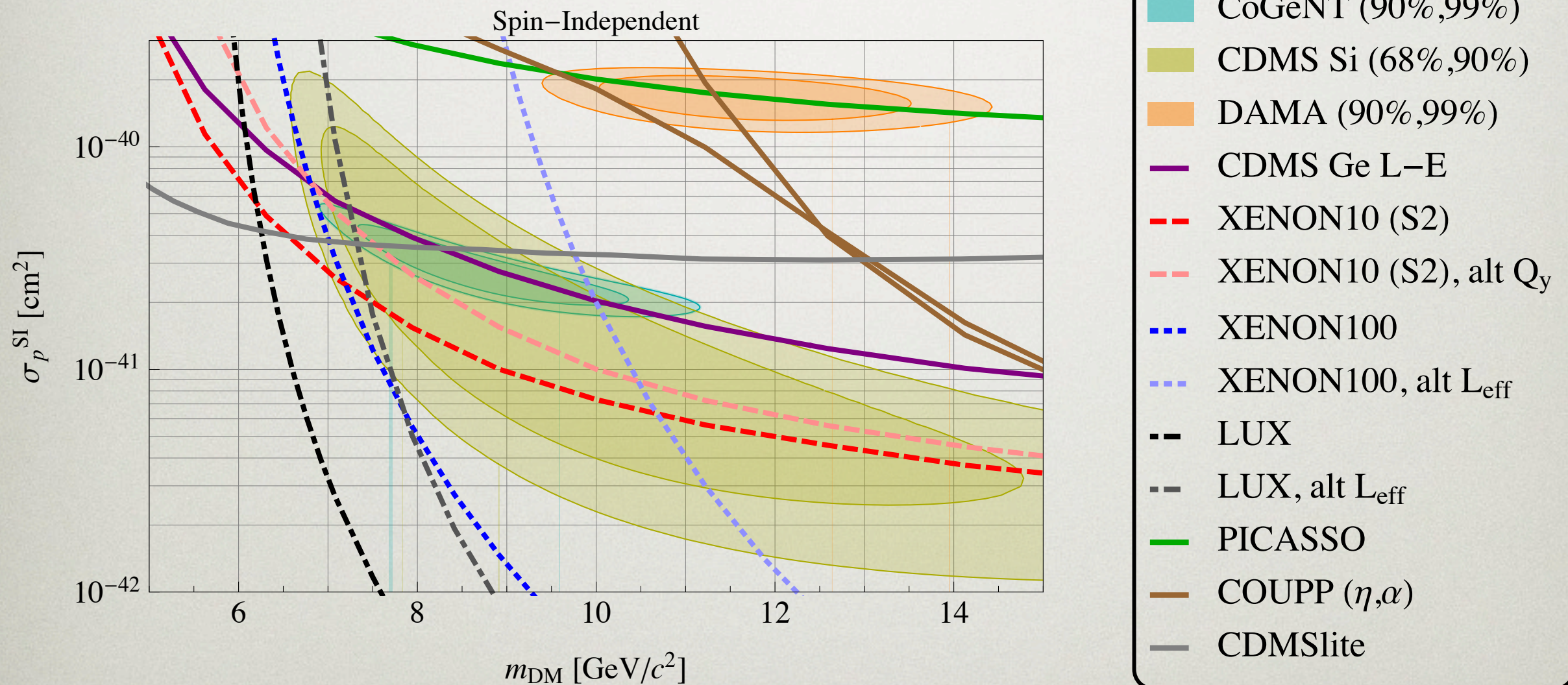


CF1 Snowmass report, 1310.8327



# DIRECT DETECTION ANOMALIES

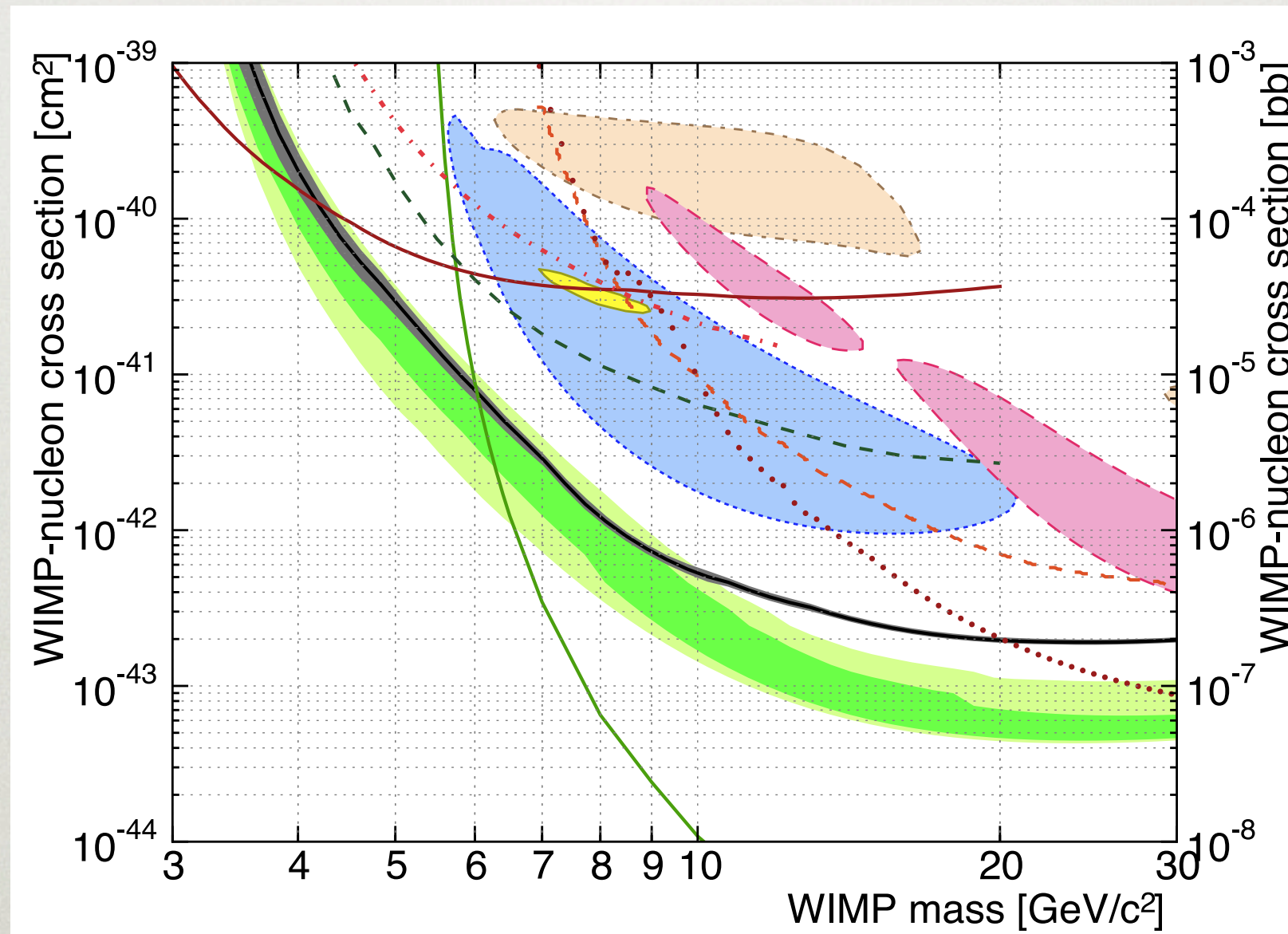
Gresham, KZ 1311.2082





# SUPERCDCMS WEIGHS IN

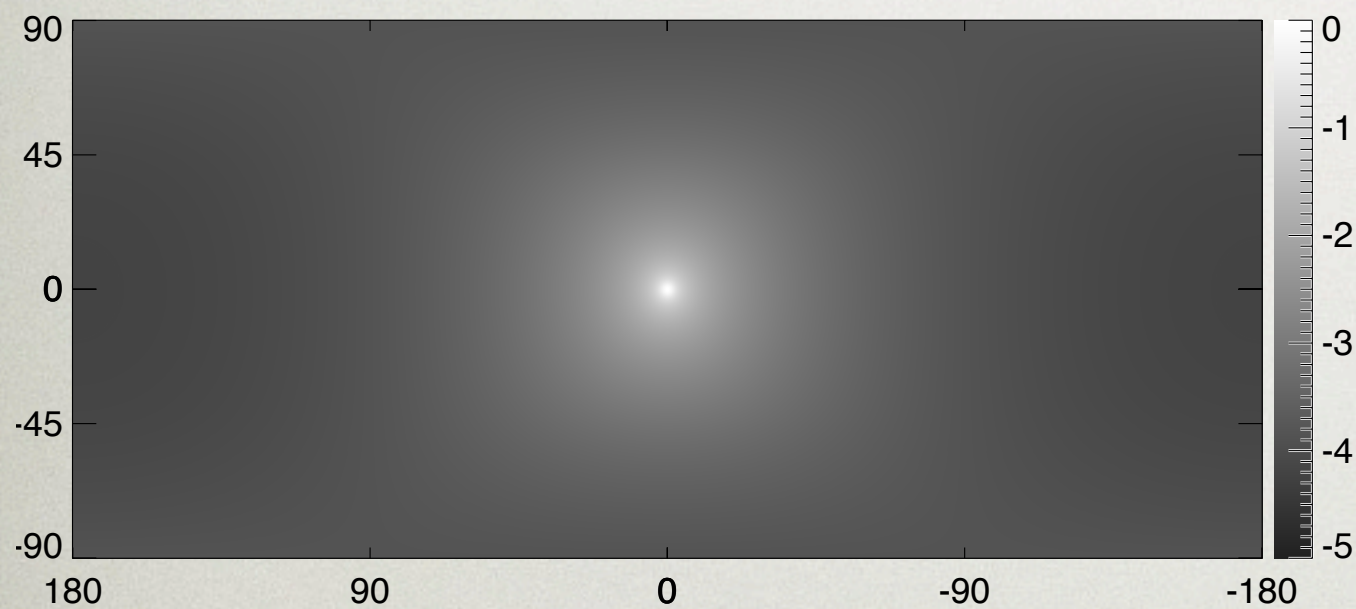
SuperCDMS, 1402.7137



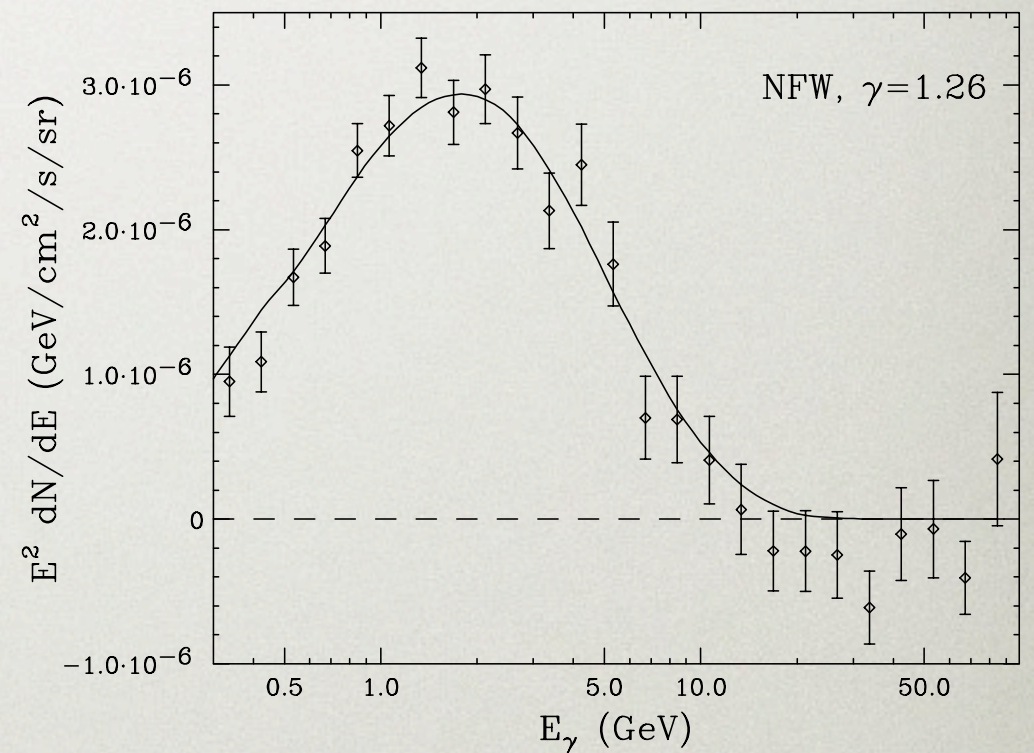


# LATEST INDIRECT DETECTION ANOMALY

- From the galactic center



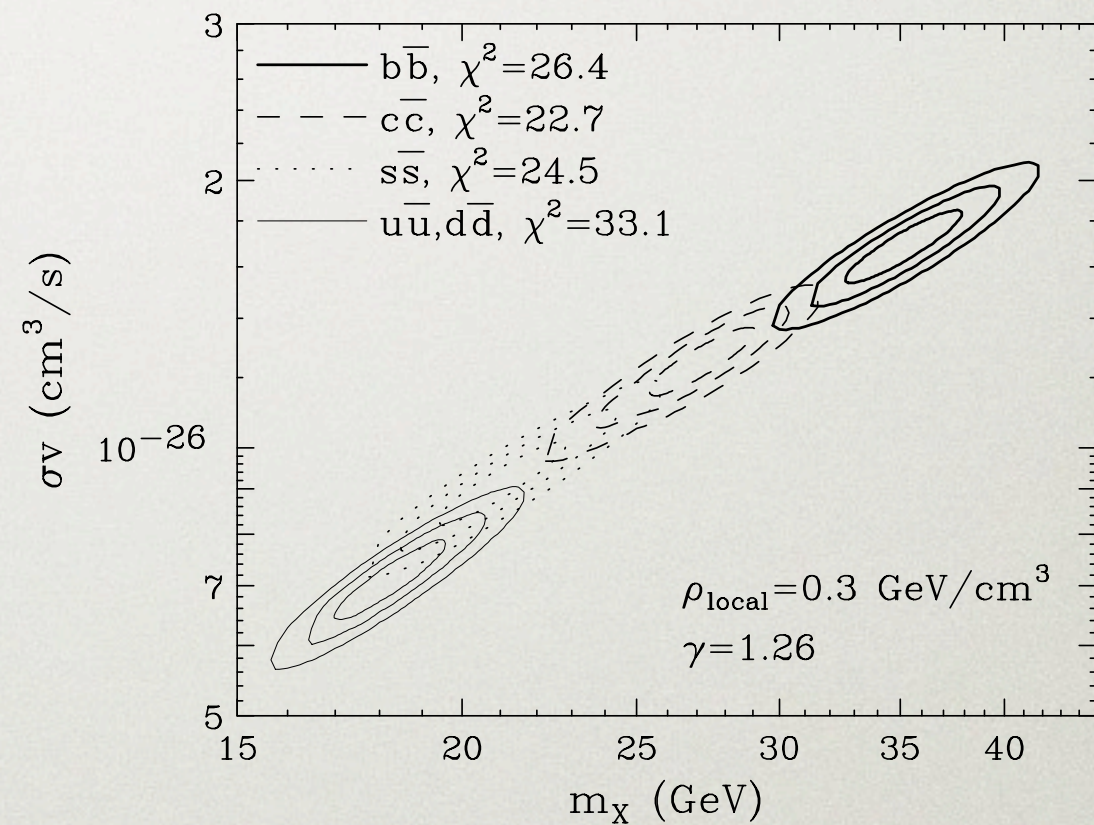
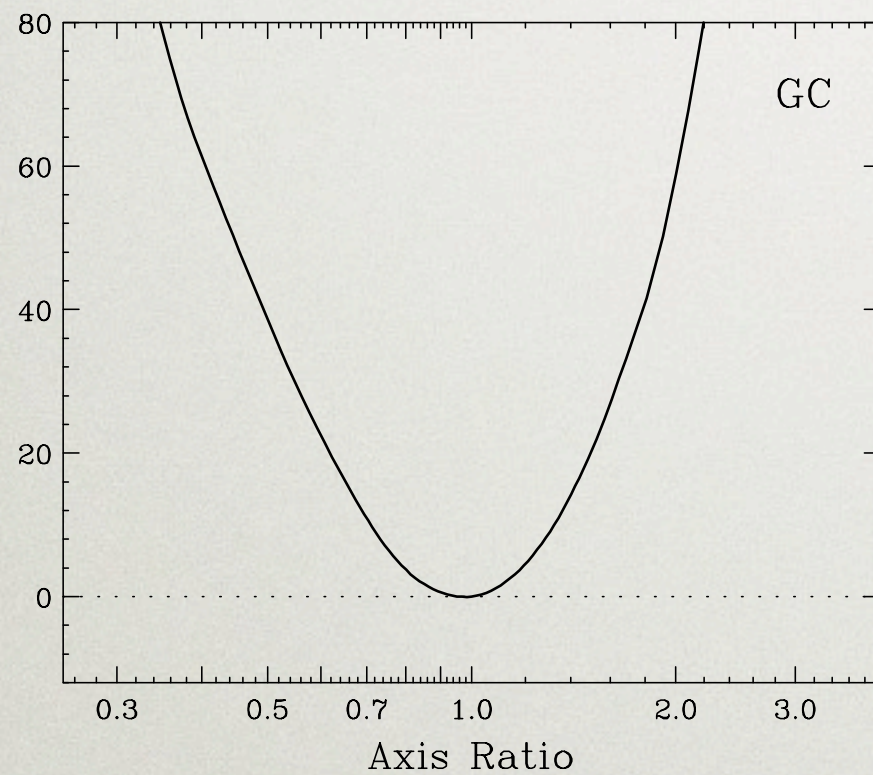
Daylan, Finkbeiner, Hooper,  
Linden, Portillo, Rodd, Slatyer  
1406.6703





# FIT WELL BY ANNIHILATION TO B

- From the galactic center

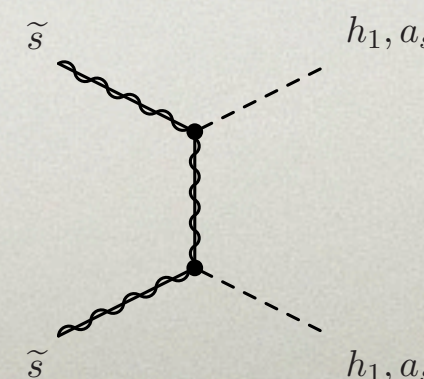
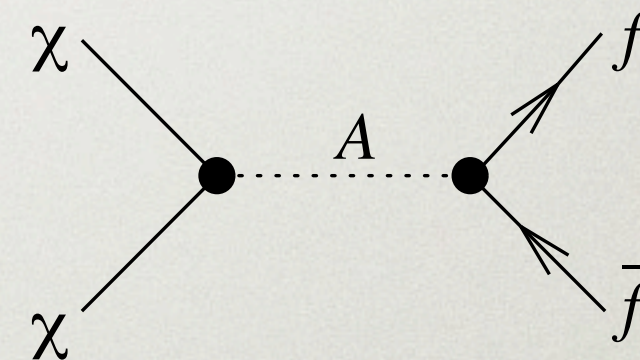
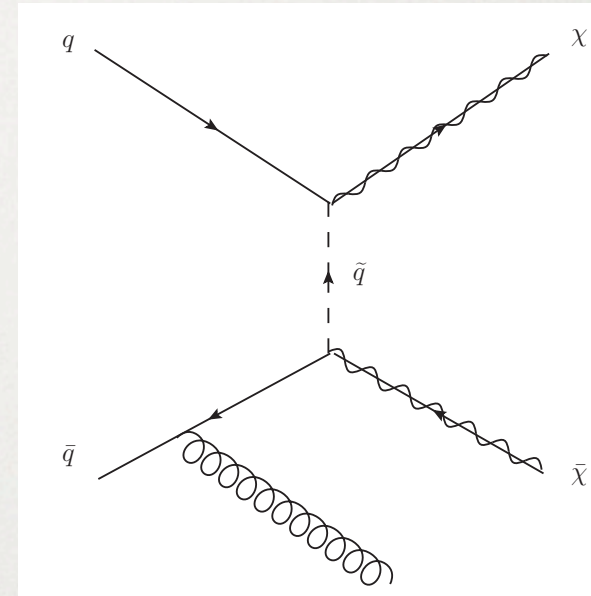


Daylan, Finkbeiner, Hooper,  
Linden, Portillo, Rodd, Slatyer  
1406.6703



# MODELS FOR THE GC EXCESS -- EASY!

- t-channel -- strongly constrained by colliders
- s-channel -- via pseudo scalar
- 2-->4 -- viable, and simplest possibility
- Not MSSM; NMSSM viable

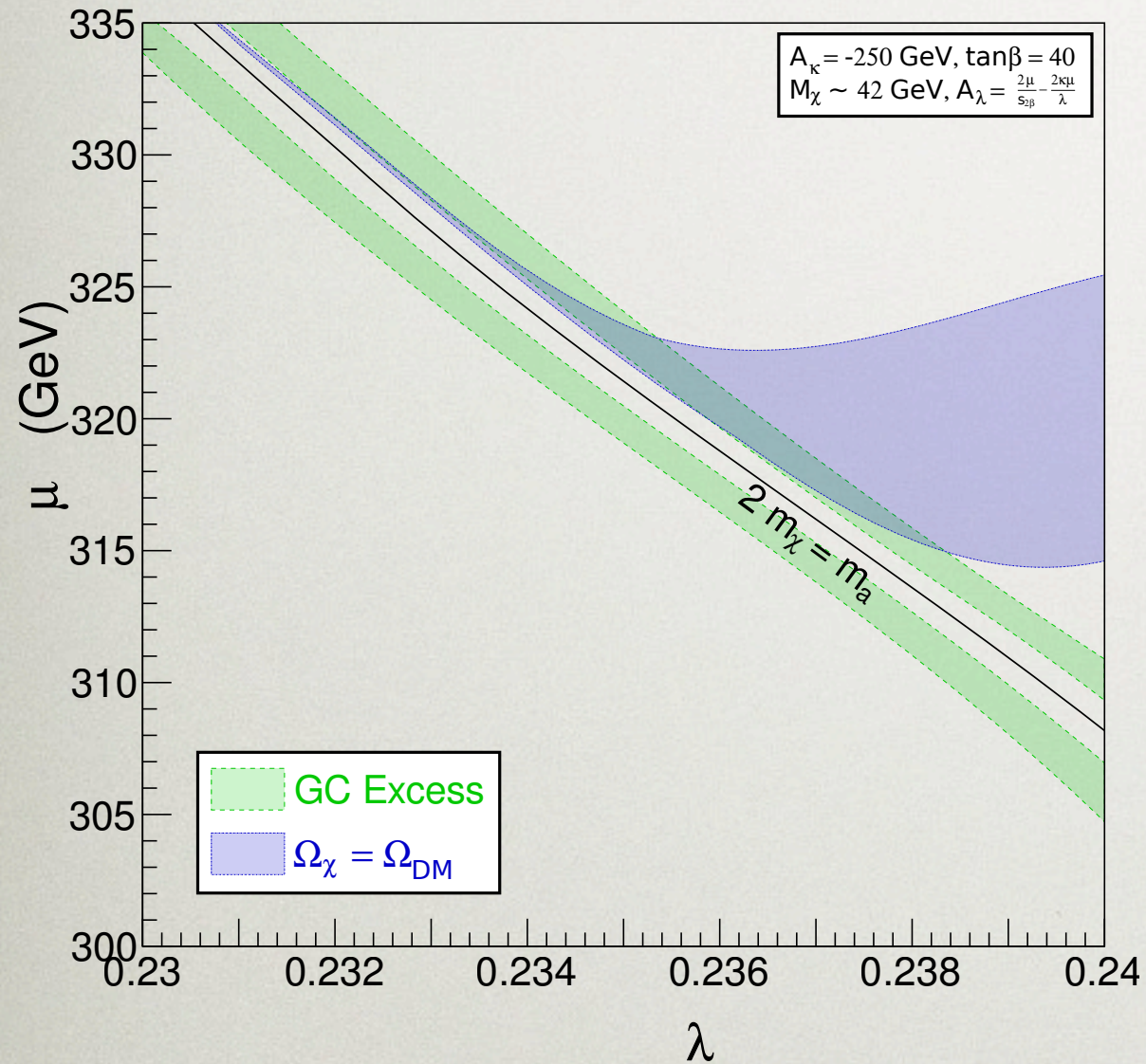


Cheung, Papucci, Sanford, Shah,  
KZ, 1406.6372

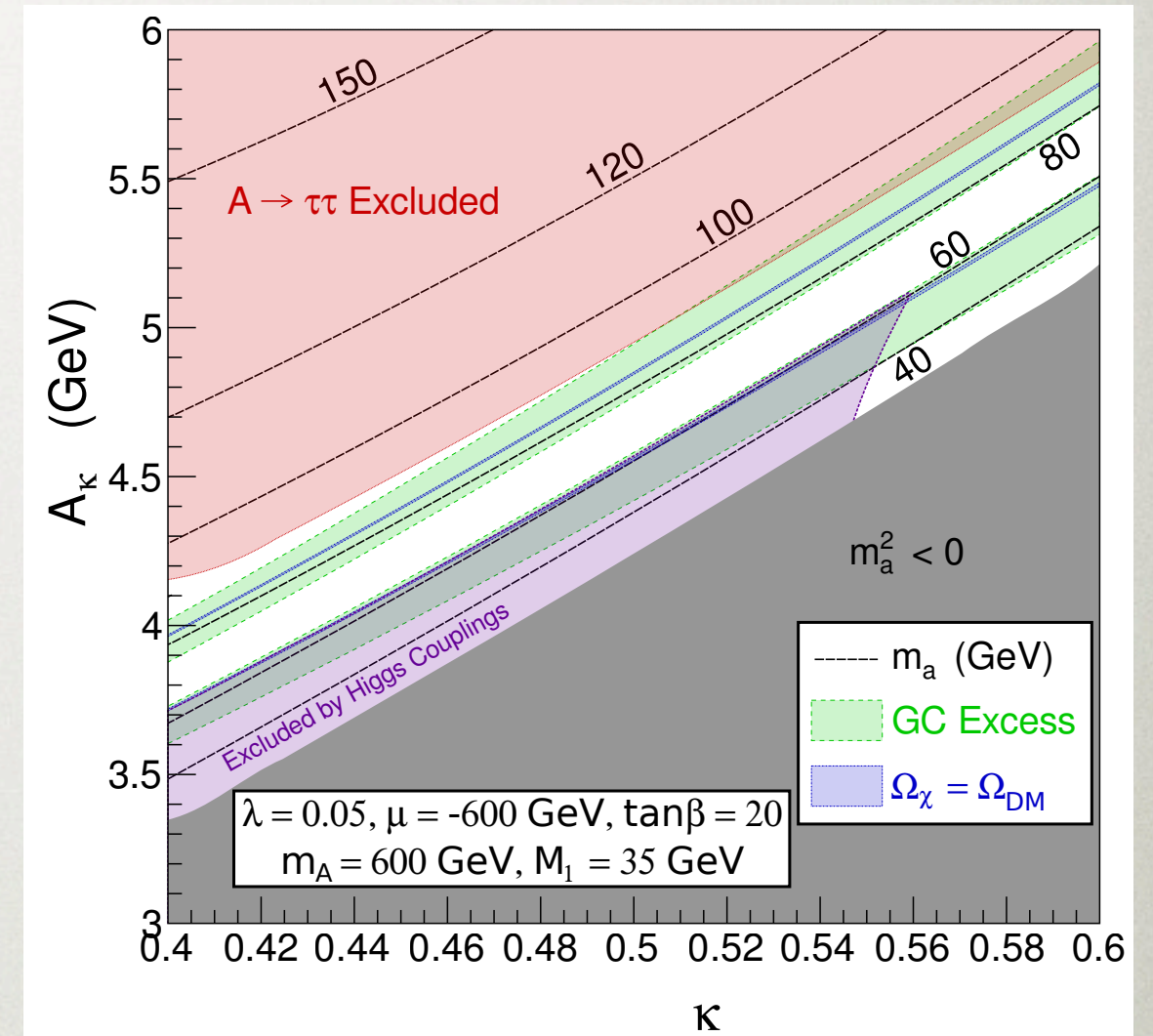


# ... BUT NARROW PARAMETER REGION

Cheung, Papucci, Sanford, Shah,  
KZ, 1406.6372



Singlino / Higgsino  
Dominated on Resonance



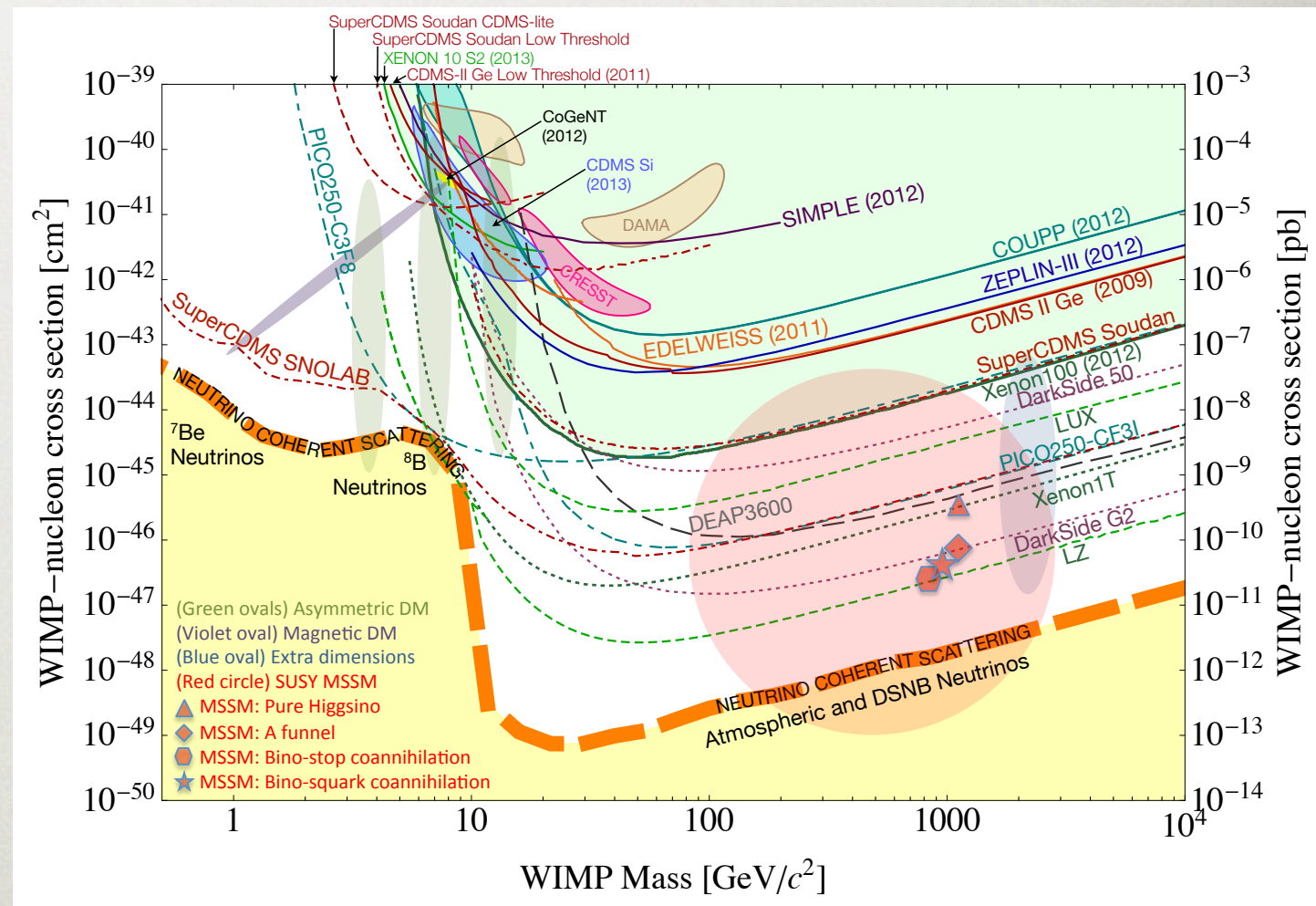
Bino / Higgsino  
Off-Resonance



# THE ROAD AHEAD

- Direct Detection experiments will continue to probe Higgs mediated scattering
- Higgs pole largely covered within 5 - 10 years

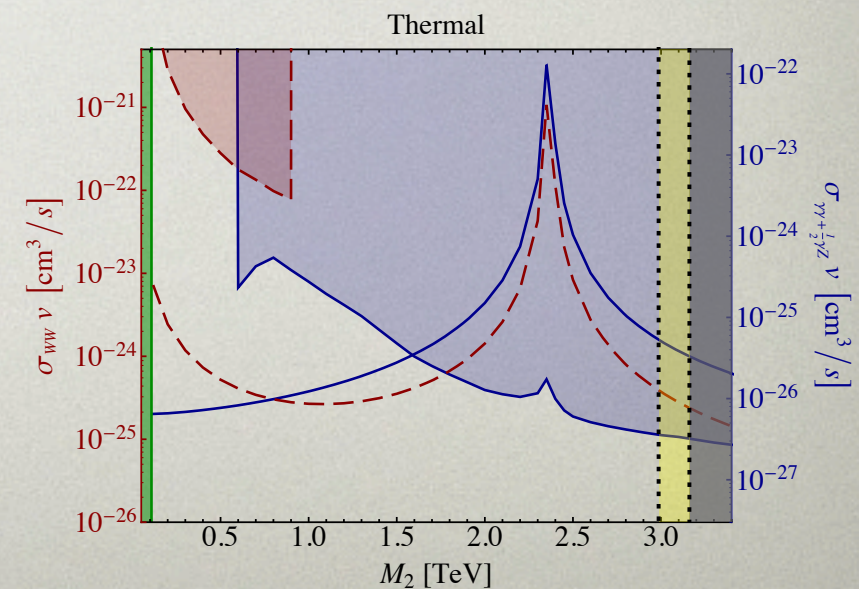
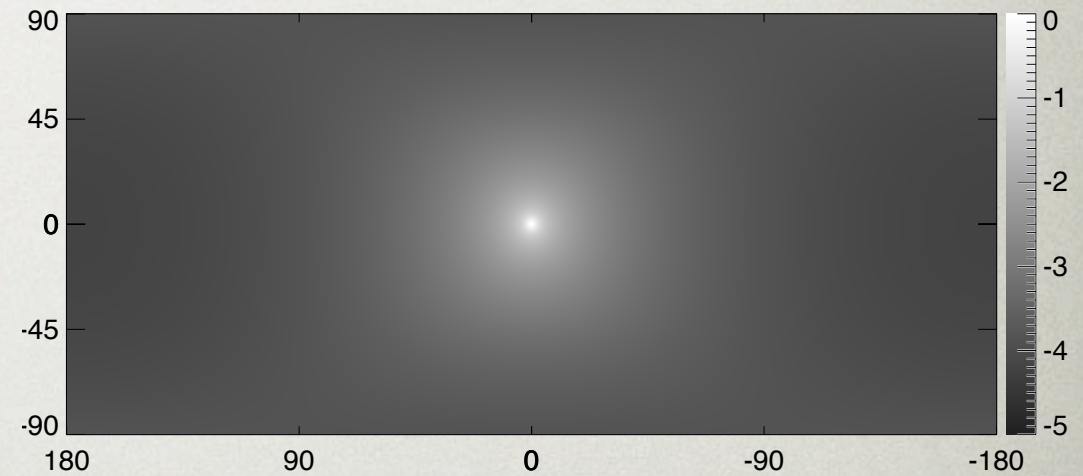
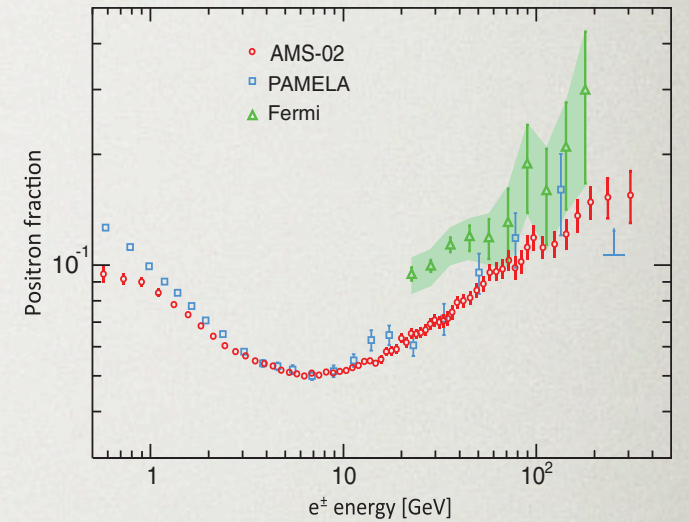
$$\sigma_n \sim 10^{-45-46} \text{ cm}^2$$





# THE ROAD AHEAD

- PAMELA / Fermi / AMS and cosmic ray positrons
- Fermi photons
- Data rich! Many experiments collecting data

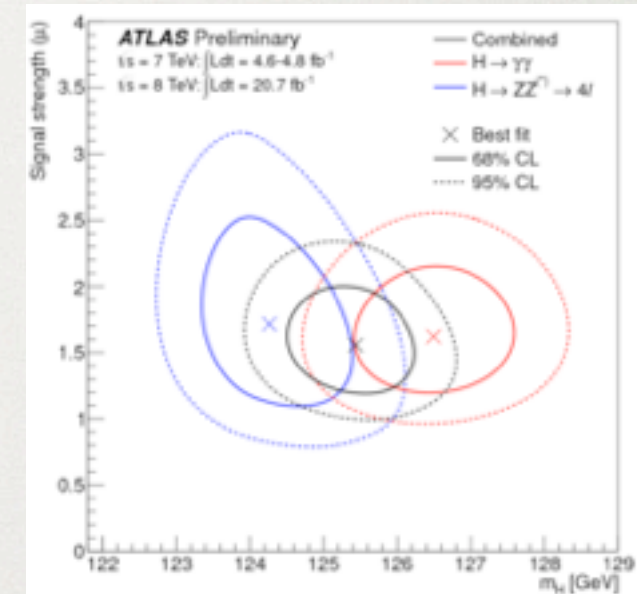


Cohen, Lisanti, Pierce, Slatyer



# THE ROAD AHEAD

- Higgs discovered
- Many models covered
- Many models still buried  $\rightarrow$  theoretical and model input



ATLAS SUSY Searches\* - 95% CL Lower Limits (Status: Dec 2012)

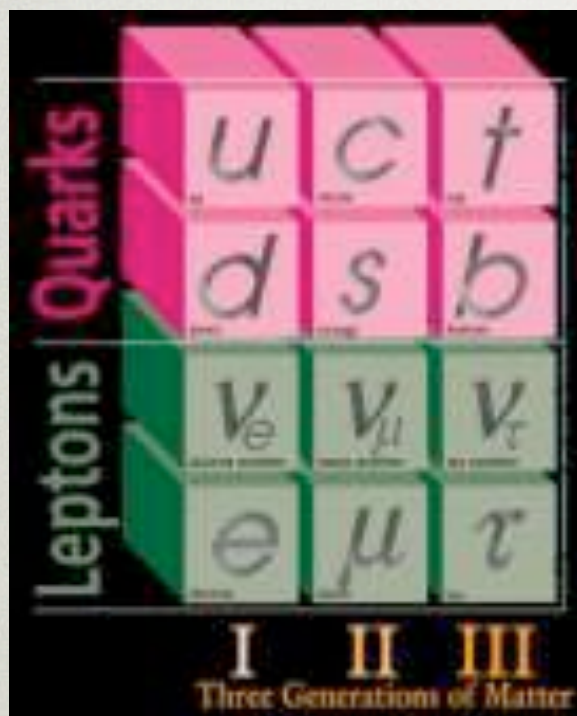
Search Category	Search Name	Mass Scale [TeV]	Notes
Inclusive searches	MSUGRA/CMSSM: 0 lep + $\gamma$ s + $E_{T,miss}$	1.24 TeV	$\tilde{g} = \tilde{q}$ mass
	MSUGRA/CMSSM: 1 lep + $\gamma$ s + $E_{T,miss}$	1.38 TeV	$\tilde{g} = \tilde{q}$ mass
	Pheno model: 0 lep + $\gamma$ s + $E_{T,miss}$	1.38 TeV	$\tilde{g}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 2 \text{ TeV}$ , light $\tilde{q}$ )
	Pheno model: 0 lep + $\gamma$ s + $E_{T,miss}$	1.38 TeV	$\tilde{q}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 2 \text{ TeV}$ , light $\tilde{q}$ )
	Pheno model: 0 lep + $\gamma$ s + $E_{T,miss}$	1.38 TeV	$\tilde{q}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 2 \text{ TeV}$ , light $\tilde{q}$ )
	Pheno model: 0 lep + $\gamma$ s + $E_{T,miss}$	1.38 TeV	$\tilde{q}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 2 \text{ TeV}$ , light $\tilde{q}$ )
	Pheno model: 0 lep + $\gamma$ s + $E_{T,miss}$	1.38 TeV	$\tilde{q}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 2 \text{ TeV}$ , light $\tilde{q}$ )
	Pheno model: 0 lep + $\gamma$ s + $E_{T,miss}$	1.38 TeV	$\tilde{q}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 2 \text{ TeV}$ , light $\tilde{q}$ )
	Pheno model: 0 lep + $\gamma$ s + $E_{T,miss}$	1.38 TeV	$\tilde{q}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 2 \text{ TeV}$ , light $\tilde{q}$ )
	Pheno model: 0 lep + $\gamma$ s + $E_{T,miss}$	1.38 TeV	$\tilde{q}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 2 \text{ TeV}$ , light $\tilde{q}$ )
3rd gen. sq. gluino med.	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{b}^*$ (virtual $\tilde{b}$ ): 0 lep + 3 b-jets + $E_{T,miss}$	1.24 TeV	$\tilde{g}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}^*$ (virtual $\tilde{t}$ ): 2 lep (SS) + $\gamma$ s + $E_{T,miss}$	800 GeV	$\tilde{g}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}^*$ (virtual $\tilde{t}$ ): 3 lep + $\gamma$ s + $E_{T,miss}$	800 GeV	$\tilde{g}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}^*$ (virtual $\tilde{t}$ ): 0 lep + multi- $\gamma$ s + $E_{T,miss}$	1.08 TeV	$\tilde{g}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}^*$ (virtual $\tilde{t}$ ): 0 lep + 3 b-jets + $E_{T,miss}$	1.08 TeV	$\tilde{g}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}^*$ (virtual $\tilde{t}$ ): 0 lep + 3 b-jets + $E_{T,miss}$	1.08 TeV	$\tilde{g}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}^*$ (virtual $\tilde{t}$ ): 0 lep + 3 b-jets + $E_{T,miss}$	1.08 TeV	$\tilde{g}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}^*$ (virtual $\tilde{t}$ ): 0 lep + 3 b-jets + $E_{T,miss}$	1.08 TeV	$\tilde{g}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}^*$ (virtual $\tilde{t}$ ): 0 lep + 3 b-jets + $E_{T,miss}$	1.08 TeV	$\tilde{g}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}^*$ (virtual $\tilde{t}$ ): 0 lep + 3 b-jets + $E_{T,miss}$	1.08 TeV	$\tilde{g}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{g}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ )
3rd gen. squarks direct production	$\tilde{u} \rightarrow t\tilde{u}^*$ : 0 lep + 2 b-jets + $E_{T,miss}$	800 GeV	$\tilde{u}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{u}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{d} \rightarrow b\tilde{d}^*$ : 0 lep + 2 b-jets + $E_{T,miss}$	800 GeV	$\tilde{d}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{d}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{u} \rightarrow t\tilde{u}^*$ : 0 lep + 2 b-jets + $E_{T,miss}$	800 GeV	$\tilde{u}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{u}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{d} \rightarrow b\tilde{d}^*$ : 0 lep + 2 b-jets + $E_{T,miss}$	800 GeV	$\tilde{d}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{d}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{u} \rightarrow t\tilde{u}^*$ : 0 lep + 2 b-jets + $E_{T,miss}$	800 GeV	$\tilde{u}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{u}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{d} \rightarrow b\tilde{d}^*$ : 0 lep + 2 b-jets + $E_{T,miss}$	800 GeV	$\tilde{d}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{d}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{u} \rightarrow t\tilde{u}^*$ : 0 lep + 2 b-jets + $E_{T,miss}$	800 GeV	$\tilde{u}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{u}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{d} \rightarrow b\tilde{d}^*$ : 0 lep + 2 b-jets + $E_{T,miss}$	800 GeV	$\tilde{d}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{d}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{u} \rightarrow t\tilde{u}^*$ : 0 lep + 2 b-jets + $E_{T,miss}$	800 GeV	$\tilde{u}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{u}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$ )
	$\tilde{d} \rightarrow b\tilde{d}^*$ : 0 lep + 2 b-jets + $E_{T,miss}$	800 GeV	$\tilde{d}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{d}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$ )
EW direct	$\tilde{W} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^*$ : 2 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	310 GeV	$\tilde{W}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{W}} = 0$ )
	$\tilde{W} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^*$ : 2 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	310 GeV	$\tilde{W}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{W}} = 0$ )
	$\tilde{W} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^*$ : 2 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	310 GeV	$\tilde{W}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{W}} = 0$ )
	$\tilde{W} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^*$ : 2 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	310 GeV	$\tilde{W}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{W}} = 0$ )
	$\tilde{W} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^*$ : 2 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	310 GeV	$\tilde{W}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{W}} = 0$ )
	$\tilde{W} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^*$ : 2 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	310 GeV	$\tilde{W}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{W}} = 0$ )
	$\tilde{W} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^*$ : 2 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	310 GeV	$\tilde{W}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{W}} = 0$ )
	$\tilde{W} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^*$ : 2 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	310 GeV	$\tilde{W}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{W}} = 0$ )
	$\tilde{W} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^*$ : 2 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	310 GeV	$\tilde{W}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{W}} = 0$ )
	$\tilde{W} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^*$ : 2 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	310 GeV	$\tilde{W}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{W}} = 0$ )
Long-lived particles	Direct $\tilde{Z}$ pair prod. (AMS <i>B</i> ): long-lived $\tilde{Z}$	220 GeV	$\tilde{Z}$ mass ( $\tau_{\tilde{Z}} > 10 \text{ ns}$ )
	Stable $\tilde{g}$ R-hadrons: low $\beta$ , $\beta\gamma$ (full detector)	800 GeV	$\tilde{g}$ mass
	Stable $\tilde{t}$ R-hadrons: low $\beta$ , $\beta\gamma$ (full detector)	800 GeV	$\tilde{t}$ mass
	Stable $\tilde{b}$ R-hadrons: low $\beta$ , $\beta\gamma$ (full detector)	800 GeV	$\tilde{b}$ mass
	GMSB: stable $\tilde{t}$	800 GeV	$\tilde{t}$ mass
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}$ (RPV): $\mu$ + heavy displaced vertex	700 GeV	$\tilde{g}$ mass ( $\tau_{\tilde{g}} > 10 \text{ ns}$ )
	LFV: $pp \rightarrow \nu\tilde{\nu} + X$ , $\tilde{\nu} \rightarrow e\mu + \nu$ resonance	1.81 TeV	$\tilde{\nu}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{\nu}} = 0$ )
	LFV: $pp \rightarrow \nu\tilde{\nu} + X$ , $\tilde{\nu} \rightarrow e\mu + \nu$ resonance	1.81 TeV	$\tilde{\nu}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{\nu}} = 0$ )
	LFV: $pp \rightarrow \nu\tilde{\nu} + X$ , $\tilde{\nu} \rightarrow e\mu + \nu$ resonance	1.81 TeV	$\tilde{\nu}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{\nu}} = 0$ )
	LFV: $pp \rightarrow \nu\tilde{\nu} + X$ , $\tilde{\nu} \rightarrow e\mu + \nu$ resonance	1.81 TeV	$\tilde{\nu}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{\nu}} = 0$ )
RPV	Bilinear RPV CMSSM: 1 lep + $\gamma$ s + $E_{T,miss}$	1.24 TeV	$\tilde{g} = \tilde{q}$ mass ( $\lambda_{1,2,3} < 1 \text{ mm}$ )
	$\tilde{X} \tilde{X} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^* \tilde{Z}^* \rightarrow e\nu\nu_e \nu\nu_e$ : 4 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	700 GeV	$\tilde{X}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{X}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ , $\lambda_{1,2,3} = 0$ )
	$\tilde{X} \tilde{X} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^* \tilde{Z}^* \rightarrow e\nu\nu_e \nu\nu_e$ : 4 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	700 GeV	$\tilde{X}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{X}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ , $\lambda_{1,2,3} = 0$ )
	$\tilde{X} \tilde{X} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^* \tilde{Z}^* \rightarrow e\nu\nu_e \nu\nu_e$ : 4 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	700 GeV	$\tilde{X}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{X}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ , $\lambda_{1,2,3} = 0$ )
	$\tilde{X} \tilde{X} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^* \tilde{Z}^* \rightarrow e\nu\nu_e \nu\nu_e$ : 4 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	700 GeV	$\tilde{X}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{X}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ , $\lambda_{1,2,3} = 0$ )
	$\tilde{X} \tilde{X} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^* \tilde{Z}^* \rightarrow e\nu\nu_e \nu\nu_e$ : 4 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	700 GeV	$\tilde{X}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{X}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ , $\lambda_{1,2,3} = 0$ )
	$\tilde{X} \tilde{X} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^* \tilde{Z}^* \rightarrow e\nu\nu_e \nu\nu_e$ : 4 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	700 GeV	$\tilde{X}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{X}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ , $\lambda_{1,2,3} = 0$ )
	$\tilde{X} \tilde{X} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^* \tilde{Z}^* \rightarrow e\nu\nu_e \nu\nu_e$ : 4 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	700 GeV	$\tilde{X}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{X}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ , $\lambda_{1,2,3} = 0$ )
	$\tilde{X} \tilde{X} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^* \tilde{Z}^* \rightarrow e\nu\nu_e \nu\nu_e$ : 4 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	700 GeV	$\tilde{X}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{X}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ , $\lambda_{1,2,3} = 0$ )
	$\tilde{X} \tilde{X} \rightarrow W\tilde{Z}^* \tilde{Z}^* \rightarrow e\nu\nu_e \nu\nu_e$ : 4 lep + $E_{T,miss}$	700 GeV	$\tilde{X}$ mass ( $m_{\tilde{X}} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ , $\lambda_{1,2,3} = 0$ )
Scalar gluon: 2-jet resonance pair	130-200 GeV	sgluon mass (incl. limit from 1110.2093)	
WIMP interaction (DS, Dirac $\tilde{\chi}$ ): 'monojet' + $E_{T,miss}$	700 GeV	$M^*$ scale ( $\mu_{\tilde{\chi}} = 80 \text{ GeV}$ , limit of $\approx 687 \text{ GeV}$ for $\tilde{g}$ )	

\*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena shown. All limits quoted are observed minus 1 $\sigma$  theoretical signal cross section uncertainty.



# NEW THEORETICAL LANDSCAPE

Our theoretical tools have broadened ....



From a single, stable weakly  
interacting particle .....  
(WIMP, axion)

Models: Supersymmetric light DM sectors,  
Secluded WIMPs, WIMPless DM, Asymmetric DM ....  
Production: freeze-in, freeze-out and decay,  
asymmetric abundance, non-thermal mechanisms ....

Standard Model

...to a hidden world  
with multiple states,  
new interactions



# SUMMARY

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- Dark Matter has not shown itself yet, but we continue to probe from all sides!

SUSY light  
Hidden  
Valley  
Secluded  
WIMPless  
ADM  
freeze-in  
freeze-out  
and decay  
non-  
thermal



Astro  
Objects  
AMS  
CDMS  
COUPP  
CoGeNT  
Cresst  
DM ICE  
Fermi  
Icecube  
KIMS  
LHC  
LUX  
PAMELA  
Panda-X  
XENON

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